Ratings (See "Ratings" herein)

Moody's: "Aa2"

Standard & Poor's: "AA"

Book Entry Only

In the opinion of Bond Counsel, based on existing statutes and court decisions and assuming the material accuracy of representations and continuing compliance by the City with certain covenants and procedures relating to requirements of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), interest on the Series A Bonds is not included in gross income of the owners thereof for purposes of Federal income taxation pursuant to Section 103 of the Code and is not treated as a preference item for purposes of computing the Federal alternative minimum tax. Interest on the Series A Bonds may be included in the calculation of certain taxes under the Code, including adjusted current earnings for Corporations for purposes of calculating the Federal alternative minimum tax on corporations (as defined for federal income tax purposes). In the opinion of Bond Counsel, based on existing statutes, interest on the Series A Bonds is excluded from taxable income for purposes of the Connecticut income tax on individuals, trusts and estates, and is excluded from amounts on which the net Connecticut minimum tax is based in the case of individuals, trusts and estates required to pay the Federal alternative minimum tax. See Appendix B: "Form of Opinions of Bond Counsel and Tax Exemption."

In the opinion of Bond Counsel, based on existing statutes, under existing laws interest on the Series B Bonds is <u>included</u> in the gross income of the owners thereof for purposes of Federal income taxation pursuant to the Code, is <u>excluded</u> from Connecticut taxable income for purposes of the Connecticut Income tax on individuals, trusts and estates, and is <u>excluded</u> from amounts on which the net Connecticut minimum tax is based in the case of individuals, trusts and estates required to pay the Federal alternative minimum tax. See Appendix B "Form of Opinions of Bond Counsel – Taxable Bonds" herein.

CITY OF NORWICH, CONNECTICUT \$6,740,000 GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS, ISSUE OF 2015

CONSISTING OF:

\$5,600,000 SERIES A, CAPITAL PROJECT BONDS (the "Series A Bonds") Bank Qualified \$1,140,000 SERIES B, TAXABLE BONDS (the "Series B Bonds", or "Taxable Bonds") Not Bank Qualified

Dated: Date of Delivery

Due: As set out on the inside cover

As used herein, the "Bonds" means the Series A Bonds and the Series B Bonds, collectively.

The Bonds will be general obligations of the City of Norwich, Connecticut (the "City"), and the City will pledge its full faith and credit to pay the principal and interest on the Bonds when due. See "Securities and Remedies" herein.

Interest on the Series A Bonds will be payable on August 1, 2015 and semiannually thereafter on February 1 and August 1 in each year until maturity. The Series A Bonds <u>ARE</u> subject to optional redemption prior to maturity as more fully described herein. See "Optional Redemption" herein.

Interest on the Series B Bonds will be payable on August 1, 2015 and semiannually thereafter on February 1 and August 1 in each year until maturity. **The Series B Bonds ARE NOT subject to optional redemption prior to maturity.**

The Bonds will be issued by means of a book-entry-only system and registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, New York. The Beneficial Owners of the Bonds will not receive certificates representing their ownership interest in the Bonds. Principal of, redemption premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds will be payable by the City or its agent to DTC or its nominee as registered owner of the Bonds. Ownership of the Bonds may be in principal amounts of \$5,000 or integral multiples thereof. So long as Cede & Co. is the bond owner, as nominee for DTC, reference herein to the bond owner or owners shall mean Cede & Co., as aforesaid, and shall not mean the Beneficial Owners (as described herein) of the Bonds. See "Book-Entry-Only Transfer System" herein.

The Registrar, Transfer Agent, Certifying Agent, and Paying Agent on the Bonds will be U.S. Bank National Association, Goodwin Square, 225 Asylum Street, 23rd Floor, Hartford, Connecticut 06103.

The Bonds are offered for delivery when, as and if issued, subject to the final approving opinion of Joseph Fasi LLC, Bond Counsel, of Hartford, Connecticut. It is expected that delivery of the Bonds in book entry-only form will be made through the facilities of DTC on or about March 3, 2015.

This cover page contains certain information for quick reference only. It is not a summary of this issue. Investors must read the entire Official Statement to obtain information essential to the making of an informed investment decision.

BOSC, Inc. A subsidiary of BOK Financial Corp UMB Bank, n.a.

\$5,600,000 SERIES A BONDS MATURITY SCHEDULE

Dated: Date of Delivery

Due: August 1,

(Base CUSIP ^δ : 669402)	
------------------------------------	--

		Interest					Interest		
Maturity	Principal	Rate	Yield	CUSIP	Maturity	Principal	Rate	Yield	CUSIP
2015	\$250,000	3.000%	0.350%	UX5	2025	\$250,000*	3.000%	2.250%	VH9
2016	350,000	3.000%	0.400%	UY3	2026	250,000*	3.000%	2.350%	VJ5
2017	350,000	3.000%	0.650%	UZ0	2027	250,000*	3.000%	2.450%	VK2
2018	350,000	4.000%	0.900%	VA4	2028	250,000*	3.000%	2.550%	VL0
2019	350,000	4.000%	1.100%	VB2	2029	250,000*	3.000%	2.650%	VM8
2020	350,000	4.000%	1.350%	VC0	2030	250,000*	3.000%	2.750%	VN6
2021	275,000	4.000%	1.500%	VD8	2031	250,000*	3.000%	2.850%	VP1
2022	275,000	4.000%	1.650%	VE6	2032	250,000*	3.000%	2.950%	VQ9
2023	275,000	4.000%	1.900%	VF3	2033	250,000*	3.250%	3.050%	VR7
2024	275,000	4.000%	2.100%	VG1	2034	250,000*	3.250%	3.150%	VS5

\$1,140,000 SERIES B TAXABLE BONDS MATURITY SCHEDULE

Dated: Date of Delivery Due: August 1, (Base $CUSIP^{\delta}$: 669402)

				(Dase)		-,			
		Interest					Interest		
Maturity	Principal	Rate	Yield	CUSIP	Maturity	Principal	Rate	Yield	CUSIP
2015	\$115,000	2.000%	0.400%	VT3	2020	\$115,000	2.200%	2.200%	VY2
2016	115,000	2.000%	0.750%	VU0	2021	115,000	2.400%	2.400%	VZ9
2017	115,000	2.000%	1.250%	VV8	2022	115,000	2.600%	2.600%	WA3
2018	115,000	2.000%	1.650%	VW6	2023	110,000	2.750%	2.750%	WB1
2019	115,000	2.200%	2.000%	VX4	2024	110,000	3.000%	3.000%	WC9

This Official Statement ("Official Statement") is not to be construed as a contract or agreement between the City and the purchasers or holders of any of the Bonds. Any statements made in this Official Statement involving matters of opinion, whether or not expressly so stated, are intended merely as opinion and not as representations of fact. The information and expressions of opinion herein are subject to change without notice and neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the City since the date hereof.

All quotations from and summaries and explanations of provisions of statutes, charters, or other laws and acts and proceedings of the City contained herein do not purport to be complete, are subject to repeal or amendment, and are qualified in their entirety by reference to such laws and the original official documents. All references to the Bonds and the proceedings of the City relating thereto are qualified in their entirety by reference to the definitive form of the Bonds and such proceedings.

No dealer, broker, salesman or any other person has been authorized to give any information or to make any representations, other than the information and representations contained herein, in connection with the offering of the Bonds, and if given or made, such information or representations must not be relied upon. This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy any of the Bonds in any jurisdiction to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation in such jurisdiction. The information set forth herein has been furnished by the City and other sources which are believed to be reliable, but is not guaranteed as to accuracy or completeness. Neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale made hereunder shall under any circumstances create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the City since the date hereof.

Upon issuance, the Bonds will not be registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, in reliance upon exemptions contained in such Act. The Bonds will not be listed on any stock or other securities exchange. Any registration or qualification of the Bonds in accordance with applicable provisions of securities laws of the states in which the Bonds may be registered or qualified and the exemption from registration or qualification in other states cannot be regarded as a recommendation thereof. Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any other federal, state or other governmental entity or agency will have passed upon the accuracy of the Official Statement or, except for the City, approved the Bonds for sale. Any representation to the contrary may be a criminal offense.

The information relating to The Depository Trust Company ("DTC") and the book-entry only system contained in this Official Statement have been furnished by DTC (see "Book-Entry-Only System" herein). No representation is made by the City as to the adequacy or accuracy of such information. The City has not made any independent investigation of DTC or the book-entry only system.

 $[\]delta$ CUSIP data herein is provided by the CUSIP Global Services LLC, managed on behalf of the American Bankers Association by Standard & Poor's, a division of The McGraw Hill Companies, Inc. No representations are made as to the correctness of the CUSIP numbers. These CUSIP numbers may also be subject to change after the issuance of the Bonds.

Priced assuming optional redemption on August 1, 2024; however any such redemption is at the option of the City.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SERIES A, CAPITAL PROJECT BONDS	1	TAX BASE DATA	29
SERIES B, TAXABLE BONDS		Property Tax and Assessments	30
BOND INFORMATION		Property Tax Levy and Collection	31
Introduction	4	Comparative Assessed Valuations	31
Authority to Issue the Bonds	4	Taxable Grand List and Tax Collections	
Description of the Series A Bonds		Major Taxpayers	
Description of the Series B Bonds		DEBT AND FINANCIAL INFORMATION	
Redemption Provisions		Principal Amount of Indebtedness	
Qualification for Financial Institutions		Short Term Debt	35
Security and Remedies		Overlapping/Underlying Debt	
Use of Proceeds		Aggregate Annual Debt Maturity Schedule	
Book-Entry-Only System		Authorized But Unissued Debt	
DTC Practices		Debt Statement	
Ratings		Current Debt Ratios	
THE ISSUER		Limitation on Indebtedness	
Form of Government	12	Statement of Statutory Debt Limitation and Debt Marg	in 38
Principal City Officials		Debt Limitation Base	
Geography		Bond Authorization	38
Community Profile		Temporary Financing	
Municipal Services		State of Connecticut School Building Grants	
Economic Development Activity		Clean Water Fund Program	
Municipal Employees		FINANCIAL ADMINISTRATION	
Municipal Employees' Bargaining Organizations		Fiscal Year	
School Facilities		Basis of Accounting and Accounting Policies	
School Enrollments	22	Annual Audit	
ECONOMIC AND DEMOGRAPHIC INFORMAT	ION 23	Auditor's Disclaimer	43
Population and Density	24	Budgetary Procedures	43
Population Distribution by Age	24	Investment Policy	
Income Distribution		Summary of Cash and Cash Equivalents	43
Comparative Income Measures	24	Pension Programs: Employee Retirement Systems and	
Educational Attainment		Pension Plans Overview	
Total Employment by Industry	25	OPEB Funding Policy	44
Employment Data		General Fund Unrestricted Fund Balance Policy	44
Major Employers		General Fund Revenues and Expenditures	
Number and Size of Households		LEGAL AND OTHER INFORMATION	
Age Distribution of Housing		Litigation	48
Housing Inventory		Availability of Continuing Disclosure Information	48
Owner-Occupied Housing Values		Transcript and Closing Documents	
Building Permits	27	Legal Matters	49
		Concluding Statement	

APPENDIX A – FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

APPENDIX B – FORM OF OPINIONS OF BOND COUNSEL AND TAX EXEMPTION

APPENDIX C – FORM OF CONTINUING DISCLOSURE AGREEMENT

APPENDIX D – NOTICE OF SALE AND BID FORMS

[THIS PAGE HAS BEEN INTEN	NTIONALLY LEFT BLANK.]	

Issue Summary

The information in this section is qualified in its entirety by the detailed information and financial statements appearing elsewhere in this Official Statement. Investors must read the entire Official Statement to obtain information essential to the making of an informed decision. The Official Statement speaks only as of its date and the information herein is subject to change.

Issuer: The City of Norwich, Connecticut (the "City")

Issue: \$5,600,000 Series A, Capital Project Bonds (the "Series A Bonds")

Dated Date: Date of Delivery

Interest Due: February and August 1st in each year until maturity, commencing August 1, 2015.

Principal Due Date: August 1st, as shown on the inside cover of the Official Statement.

Record Date: The close of business on the fifteenth (15th) day of January and July in each year (or the preceding

business day if the 15th is not a business day).

Purpose: The Series A Bonds are being issued to finance various school facilities, road and gas system

improvements, and other municipal improvements.

Security: The Series A Bonds will be general obligations of the City, and the City will pledge its full faith

and credit to the payment of principal of and interest on the Series A Bonds when due. See

"Security and Remedies" herein

Bank Qualification: The Series A Bonds shall be designated by the City as qualified tax-exempt obligations under the

provisions of Section 265(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, for purposes of

the deduction by financial institutions for interest expense allocable to the Series A Bonds.

Ratings: See "Ratings" herein.

Redemption: The Series A Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity as further described herein.

Tax Exemption: See Appendix B "Form of Opinions of Bond Counsel".

Certifying Bank, Registrar, Transfer Agent, and Paying

Agent:

U.S. Bank National Association, 225 Asylum Street, 23rd Floor, Hartford, Connecticut 06103.

Legal Opinion: Joseph Fasi LLC, Bond Counsel, Hartford, Connecticut.

Financial Advisor: William Blair & Company, L.L.C., Chicago, Illinois.

Continuing Disclosure: In accordance with the requirements of Rule 15c2-12(b)(5) promulgated by the U.S. Securities

and Exchange Commission, the City will agree to provide, or cause to be provided, annual financial information and operating data, notices of listed events and notices of failure to provide required information with respect to the Series A Bonds pursuant to a Continuing Disclosure Agreement to be executed by the City substantially in the form attached as Appendix C to this

Official Statement.

Delivery: It is expected that delivery of the Series A Bonds in book entry form to The Depository Trust

Company will be made on or about March 3, 2015. Payment must be made in Federal Funds.

Issuer Official: For further information regarding this Official Statement and the City contact:

Mr. Joshua A. Pothier, Comptroller, City Hall, 100 Broadway, Norwich, Connecticut 06360.

Issue Summary

The information in this section is qualified in its entirety by the detailed information and financial statements appearing elsewhere in this Official Statement. Investors must read the entire Official Statement to obtain information essential to the making of an informed decision. The Official Statement speaks only as of its date and the information herein is subject to change.

Issuer: City of Norwich, Connecticut (the "City")

Issue: \$1,140,000 Series B, Taxable Bonds (the "Series B Bonds" or "Taxable Bonds")

Dated Date: Date of Delivery

Interest Due: February and August 1st in each year until maturity, commencing August 1, 2015

Principal Due Date: August 1st, as shown on the inside cover of the Official Statement.

Record Date: The close of business on the fifteenth (15th) day of January and July in each year (or the preceding

business day if the 15th is not a business day).

Purpose: The Series B Bonds are being issued to finance economic development and other taxable projects.

Security: The Series B Bonds will be general obligations of the City, and the City will pledge its full faith

and credit to the payment of principal of and interest on the Series B Bonds when due. See

"Security and Remedies" herein.

Bank Qualification: The Series B Bonds shall NOT be designated by the City as qualified tax-exempt obligations

under the provisions of Section 265(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, for purposes of the deduction by financial institutions for interest expense allocable to the Series B

Bonds.

Rating: See "Ratings" herein.

Redemption: The Series B Bonds are <u>NOT</u> subject to redemption prior to maturity as further described herein.

Tax Exemption: See Appendix B "Form of Opinions of Bond Counsel".

Certifying Bank, Registrar, Transfer Agent, and Paying

Agent:

U.S. Bank National Association, 225 Asylum Street, 23rd Floor, Hartford, Connecticut 06103.

Legal Opinion: Joseph Fasi LLC, Bond Counsel, Hartford, Connecticut.

Financial Advisor: William Blair & Company, Chicago, Illinois.

Continuing Disclosure: In accordance with the requirements of Rule 15c2-12(b)(5) promulgated by the U.S. Securities

and Exchange Commission, the City will agree to provide, or cause to be provided, annual financial information and operating data, notices of listed events and notices of failure to provide required information with respect to the Series B Bonds pursuant to a Continuing Disclosure Agreement to be executed by the City substantially in the form attached as Appendix C to this

Official Statement.

Delivery: It is expected that delivery of the Series B Bonds in book entry form to The Depository Trust

Company will be made on or about March 3, 2015. Payment must be made in Federal Funds.

Issuer Official: For further information regarding this Official Statement and the City contact:

Mr. Joshua A. Pothier, Comptroller, City Hall, 100 Broadway, Norwich, Connecticut 06360.

- Introduction
- Authority to Issue the Bonds
- Description of the Series A Bonds
- Description of the Series B Bonds
- Redemption Provisions
- Qualification for Financial Institutions
- Security and Remedies
- Use of Proceeds
- Book-Entry-Only System
- DTC Practices
- Ratings

Introduction

This Official Statement, including the cover page, inside cover page and appendices, is provided for the purpose of presenting certain information relating to the City of Norwich, Connecticut (the "City"), in connection with the original sale of the City's \$6,740,000 General Obligation Bonds, Issue of 2015 consisting of the \$5,600,000 Series A, Capital Project Bonds (the "Series A Bonds") and the \$1,140,000 Taxable Bonds (the "Series B Bonds", or "Taxable Bonds", and together with the Series A Bonds, the "Bonds").

U.S. Bank National Association, Hartford, Connecticut will act as Registrar, Certifying Agent, Transfer Agent, and Paying Agent for the Bonds.

This Official Statement is not to be construed as a contract or agreement between the City and the purchasers or holders of any of the Bonds. Any statement made in this Official Statement involving matters of opinion or estimates are not intended to be representations of fact, and no representation is made that any such opinion or estimate will be realized. Neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the City since the date hereof.

All quotations from and summaries and explanations of provisions of statutes, charters, or other laws and acts and proceedings of the City contained herein do not purport to be complete and are qualified in their entirety by reference to the original official document; and all references to the Bonds and the proceedings of the City relating thereto are qualified in their entirety by reference to the definitive forms of the Bonds and such proceedings.

The presentation of information is intended to show recent historical trends and is not intended to indicate future or continuing trends in the financial or other positions of the City. Except for information expressly attributed to other sources, all financial and other information presented herein has been provided by the City.

No dealer, broker, salesman or other person has been authorized to give any information or to make any representation other than as contained in this Official Statement in connection with the placement described herein, and if given or made, such information or representation must not be relied upon as having been authorized. The information in this Official Statement has been provided by the City and from other sources which are believed to be reliable. Neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor the sale of any of the Bonds shall imply that the information herein is correct as of any time subsequent to the date hereof.

Bond Counsel is not passing upon and does not assume responsibility for the accuracy or adequacy of the statements made in this Official Statement (other than matters expressly set forth as their opinion in Appendix B) and they make no representation that they have independently verified the same.

Authority to Issue the Bonds

The Bonds are issued pursuant to the General Statutes of Connecticut, as amended, the Charter of the City of Norwich and various bond ordinances adopted by the City Council.

Description of the Series A Bonds

The Series A Bonds will be dated the date of delivery and will bear interest at the rate or rates per annum shown on the inside cover, payable semiannually on February 1 and August 1 in each year until maturity, commencing August 1, 2015. Interest will be calculated on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months. Interest is payable to the registered owner as of the close of business on the fifteenth day of January and July (or the preceding business day if such fifteenth day is not a business day), in each year by check mailed to the registered owner; or so long as the Series A Bonds are registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of DTC, by such other means as DTC, the Paying Agent and the City shall agree. The Series A Bonds are issuable only as fully registered bonds in book-entry form in denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof. The Bonds will mature as shown on the inside cover of this Official Statement.

Description of the Series B Bonds

The Series B Bonds will be dated the date of delivery and will bear interest at the rate or rates per annum shown on the inside cover, payable semiannually on February 1 and August 1 in each year until maturity, commencing August 1, 2015. Interest will be calculated on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months. Interest is payable to the registered owner as of the close of business on the fifteenth day of January and July (or the preceding business day if such fifteenth day is not a business day), in each year by check mailed to the registered owner; or so long as the Series B Bonds are registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of DTC, by such other means as DTC, the Paying Agent and the City shall agree. The Series B Bonds are issuable only as fully registered bonds in book-entry form in denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof. The Bonds will mature as shown on the inside cover of this Official Statement.

Redemption Provisions

Optional Redemption - Series A

The Series A Bonds maturing on or before August 1, 2024 are not subject to redemption prior to maturity. The Series A Bonds maturing on August 1, 2025 and thereafter are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the election of the City, on and after August 1, 2024, at any time, in whole or in part and by lot within a maturity, in such amounts and in such order of maturity as the City may determine, at the redemption price or prices (expressed as a percentage of the principal amount of Series A Bonds to be redeemed) set forth in the following table, plus interest accrued and unpaid to the redemption date:

Redemption Date
August 1, 2024 and thereafter

Redemption Price 100.00%

The Series B Bonds are **not** subject to redemption.

Notice of Redemption

Notice of redemption shall be given by the City or its agent by mailing a copy of the redemption notice by first-class mail not less than thirty (30) days prior to the redemption date to the registered owner of any Series A Bonds designated for redemption in whole or in part at the address of such registered owner as the same shall last appear on the registration books for the Series A Bonds kept for such purpose. Failure to give such notice by mailing to any registered owner, or any defect therein, shall not affect the validity of the redemption of any other Series A Bonds. Upon the giving of such notice, if sufficient funds available solely for redemption are on deposit with the Paying Agent, the Series A Bonds, or portions thereof so called for redemption will cease to bear interest after the specified redemption date.

If less than all of the Series A Bonds of any one maturity shall be called for redemption, the particular Series A Bonds or portions of Series A Bonds of such maturity to be redeemed shall be selected by lot in such manner as the City in its discretion may determine; provided, however, that the portion of any Series A Bonds to be redeemed shall be in the principal amount of \$5,000 or a multiple thereof and that, in selecting Series A Bonds for redemption, each Bond shall be considered as representing that number of Series A Bonds which is obtained by dividing the principal amount of such Series A Bond by \$5,000.

The City, so long as a book-entry system is used for the Series A Bonds, will send any notice of redemption only to DTC (or a successor securities depository) or its nominee. Any failure of DTC to advise any DTC Participant or of any DTC Participant or Indirect Participant to notify any Indirect Participant or Beneficial Owner of any such notice and its content or effect will not affect the validity of the redemption of such Series A Bonds called for redemption. (See "Book-Entry-Only System" herein for a discussion of DTC and definitions of "DTC Participant", "Indirect Participant", and "Beneficial Owner".)

Redemption of a portion of the Series A Bonds of any maturity by the City will reduce the outstanding principal amount of such maturity held by DTC. In such event it is the current practice of DTC to allocate by lot, through its book-entry system, among the interests held by DTC Participants in the Series A Bonds to be redeemed, the interest to be reduced by such redemptions in accordance with its own rules or other agreements with DTC Participants. The DTC Participants and Indirect Participants may allocate reductions of the interest in the Series A Bonds to be redeemed held by the Beneficial Owners. Any such allocation of interest in the Series A Bonds to be redeemed will not be governed by the determination of the City authorizing the issuance of the Series A Bonds and will not be conducted by or the responsibility of the City, the Registrar or Paying Agent.

Qualification for Financial Institutions

The Series A Bonds shall be designated by the City as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" under the provisions of Section 265(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, for purposes of the deduction by financial institutions for interest expense allocable to the Bonds.

Security and Remedies

General

The Bonds will be general obligations of the City, and the City will pledge its full faith and credit to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds when due.

Unless paid from other sources, the Bonds are payable from general property tax revenues of the City. The City has the power under the Connecticut General Statutes to levy ad valorem taxes on all taxable property in the City without limit as to rate or amount, except as to certain classified property such as certified forest land taxable at a limited rate, and dwelling houses of qualified elderly persons of low income or of qualified disabled persons taxable at limited amounts. There was, however, no such certified forest land on the last completed Grand List of the City, and, under existing statutes, the State of Connecticut (the "State") is obligated to pay the City the amount of tax revenue that the City would have received except for the limitation upon its power to tax such dwelling houses of qualified elderly persons.

Payment of the Bonds is not limited to property tax revenue or any other revenue source, but certain revenues of the City may be restricted as to use and therefore may not be available to pay debt service on the Bonds. There are no statutory provisions for priorities in the payment of general obligations of the City. There are no statutory provisions for a lien on any portion of the tax levy or other revenues or City property to secure the Bonds or judgments thereon, in priority to other claims.

Bondholder Remedies

The City is subject to suit on its general obligation bonds and notes and a court of competent jurisdiction has the power in appropriate proceedings to render a judgment against the City. Courts of competent jurisdiction also have the power in appropriate proceedings to order the payment of a judgment on such bonds and notes from funds lawfully available therefor or, in the absence thereof, to order the City to take all lawful action to obtain the same, including the raising of the required amount in the next annual tax levy. In exercising their discretion as to whether to enter such an order, the courts may take into account all relevant factors, including the current operating needs of the City and the availability and adequacy of other remedies.

Enforcement of a claim for payment of principal of or interest on general obligation bonds and notes of the City would also be subject to the applicable provisions of Federal bankruptcy laws and to provisions of other bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium and other similar laws affecting creditors' rights, and to provisions of other statutes, if any, hereafter enacted by Congress or the Connecticut General Assembly extending the time for payment or imposing other constraints upon enforcement insofar as the same may be constitutionally applied. Connecticut General Statutes Section 7-566 provides that no Connecticut municipality shall file a petition to become a debtor under Chapter 9 of the Federal Bankruptcy Code, without the express prior written consent of the Governor.

The City of Norwich has never defaulted in the payment of principal of or interest on its Bonds or Notes.

Use of Proceeds Series A Bonds and Series B Bonds

		Prior	Estimated			Authorized
	Bonds	Bonds	Grants/CWF	Series A	Series B	<u>But</u>
Project*	Authorized	Issued	Note Financing	Bonds	Bonds	Unissued
NL Tpke & Pleasant St Bridges	530,000	-	215,000	90,000	-	225,000
Dodd Stadium Improvements	610,000	580,000	-	-	30,000	-
Infrastructure Improvement Program (2009)	5,000,000	4,432,000	-	568,000	-	-
Infrastructure Improvement Program (2013)	5,000,000	-	-	1,092,000	-	3,908,000
Demolition of 77 Chestnut St & 26 Shipping St.	500,000	-	-	-	395,000	105,000
Downtown Revitalization	3,380,000	-	-	-	715,000	2,665,000
Kelly Middle School Renovation & Expansion	41,250,000	9,940,000	30,550,000	255,000	_	505,000
School Technology Improvements	525,000	150,000	-	375,000	-	-
Gas Line Extensions (2012)	8,000,000	5,780,000	-	2,220,000	_	-
Gas Line Extensions (2014)	9,500,000		-	1,000,000		8,500,000
Total				5,600,000	1,140,000	

Book-Entry-Only System

Unless otherwise noted, the description which follows of the procedures and recordkeeping with respect to beneficial ownership interests in the Bonds, payment of interest and other payments on the Bonds to DTC participants or beneficial owners of the Bonds, confirmation and transfer of beneficial ownership interest in the Bonds and other bond-related transactions by and between DTC, the DTC participants and beneficial owners of the Bonds is based solely on information provided on DTC's website and presumed to be reliable. Accordingly, neither the City nor the Underwriter make any representation as to the completeness or the accuracy of such information or as to the absence of material adverse changes in such information subsequent to the date hereof.

The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, NY, will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Bonds will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered Bond certificate will be issued for each maturity of the Bonds, each in the aggregate principal amount of such maturity, and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC, the world's largest depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments (from over 100 countries) that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its related subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). DTC has a Standard & Poor's rating of "AA+". The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com.

Purchases of the Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bond ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmation providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting

_

The City may reallocate proceeds among its bond authorized projects to meet its capital cash flow needs.

on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in the Bonds, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Bonds is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co. or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of the Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee does not affect any change in the beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time.

Redemption Notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Securities within an issue are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such issue to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to the Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's MMI Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the City as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts the Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Principal and interest payments on, and redemption premium, if any, with respect to the Bonds will be made to Cede & Co. or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the City or the Paying Agent on the payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with Bonds held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC, nor its nominee, the paying agent, or the City subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of principal and interest, and redemption premium, if any, to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the City or the Paying Agent, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the City or its Agent. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor securities depository is not obtained, Bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered.

The City may decide to discontinue the use of the system of the book-entry-only transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, bond certificates will be printed and delivered to DTC.

The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's book-entry system has been obtained from sources that the City believes to be reliable but the City takes no responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

DTC Practices

The City can make no assurances that DTC, Direct Participants, Indirect Participants or other nominees of the Beneficial Owners of the Bonds will act in a manner described in this Official Statement. DTC is required to act according to rules and procedures established by DTC and its participants which are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Ratings

Moody's Investors Service ("Moody's") has assigned a rating of "Aa2" to the Bonds, and an "Aa2" rating on the City's currently outstanding general obligation bonds.

Standard & Poor's Rating Services ("Standard & Poor's") has assigned a rating of "AA" to the Bonds and an "AA" rating on the City's currently outstanding general obligation bonds. The outlook on the bonds is stable.

The City furnished to the rating agencies certain information and materials, some of which may not have been included in this Official Statement. A rating obtained reflects only the view of each rating agency and will be subject to revision or withdrawal, which could affect the market price of the City's bonds or notes, including the Bonds.

Generally, a rating agency bases its rating upon such information and materials and upon investigations, studies and assumptions by the rating agency. There can be no assurance that a rating will continue for any given period of time or that it will not be lowered or withdrawn entirely by the rating agency if, in its judgment, circumstances so warrant. Any such downward change in or withdrawal of a rating may have an adverse effect on the marketability or market price of outstanding securities, including the Bonds. Each rating agency should be contacted directly for its rating on the Bonds and the explanation of such rating.

[REMAINDER OF PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK]

[THIS PAGE HAS BEEN INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK.]

- **■** Form of Government
- Principal City Officials
- Geography
- Community Profile
- Municipal Services
- **Economic Development Activity**
- Municipal Employees
- Municipal Employees' Bargaining Organizations
- School Facilities
- School Enrollments

Form of Government

The City of Norwich was founded in 1659 and incorporated in May 1784. The town and City were consolidated on January 1, 1952. The City operates under a Charter adopted in 1952, which was most recently revised March 13, 2001. The significant changes passed by voters in that referendum were the reduction of the City Council members from eleven to six elected at large and the City Council President was replaced with a Mayor. The City operates under a Council/Manager form of government. The City Council consists of six members and one Mayor, all elected at large. Elections are held during odd calendar years as provided by State statute.

In addition to all powers granted to towns and cities under the Constitution of the State and the Connecticut General Statutes, the City Council also has specific powers to be executed through the enactment and enforcement of ordinances and bylaws which protect or promote the peace, safety, good government and welfare of the City and its inhabitants. The Council also has the power to provide for the organization, conduct, and operation of the departments, agencies and offices of the City; for the number, titles qualifications, powers, duties and compensation of all officers and employees of the City; and for making of rules and regulations necessary for the control, management and operation of all public buildings, grounds, parks, cemeteries or other property of the City.

The City Manager is appointed by and directly responsible to the Council and serves at the pleasure of the Council. The manager is responsible to the Council for the supervision and administration of City departments.

Principal City Officials

Office	Name	Manner of Selection & Term	Length of Service	
City Council:	•			
Mayor	Deberey Hinchey	Elected – 4 years	5	years
President Pro Tempore	Peter Desaulniers	Elected – 2 years	7	years
Alderperson	Mark M. Bettencourt	Elected – 2 years	7	years
Alderperson	William Eyberse	Elected – 2 years	1	year
Alderperson	William Nash	Elected – 2 years	5	years
Alderperson	Sofee Noblick	Elected – 2 years	5	years
Alderperson	Terell T. Wilson	Elected – 2 year	1	year
Acting City Manager ¹	John Bilda	Interim	28	years
Comptroller	Joshua A. Pothier	Appointed – Indefinite	12	years
Deputy Comptroller	Anthony Madeira	Appointed – Indefinite	9	years
City Treasurer	Brian Curtin	Appointed – Indefinite	8	years
Tax Collector	Kathy Daley	Elected – 2 years	14	years
Assessor	Donna Ralston	Appointed – Indefinite	6	years
City Clerk	Betsy Barrett	Appointed – Indefinite	5	years
Corporation Counsel	Michael E. Driscoll	Appointed – Indefinite	12	years
Superintendent of Schools	Abby I. Dolliver	Appointed – Indefinite	10	years
Board of Education				
Chairperson	Yvette Jacaruso	Elected – 2 years	7	years
Vice Chairperson	John P. LeVangie	Elected – 2 years	19	years
Secretary	Cora Lee Boulware	Elected – 2 years	13	years
Board Member	Robert J. Aldi	Elected – 2 years	2	years
Board Member	Jesshua Ballaro-Pina	Elected – 2 years	6	years
Board Member	Aaron Daniels	Elected – 2 years	5	years
Board Member	Dennis Slopak	Elected – 2 years	3	years
Board Member	Joyce Werden	Elected – 2 years	8	years
Board Member	Angelo Yeitz	Elected – 2 years	1	year

Geography

The City covers an area of 27.1 square miles located 40 miles southeast of Hartford surrounded by Montville, Preston, Lisbon, Sprague, Franklin, and Bozrah. The City is about three hours from New York City by rail or highway transportation. Providence, Rhode Island is approximately an hour from the City and Boston is

-

¹ John Bilda, the General Manager of Norwich Public Utilities, was appointed as Acting City Manager on February 2, 2015. His Length of Service includes his years working for Norwich Public Utilities.

approximately two hours away. The City is served by interstate, intrastate, and local bus lines. The City is served by Interstate 395 from north to south connecting the City with I-95 and I-90 to Boston and New York. Route 2 links the City with Hartford and I-91. State Route 82 connects downtown Norwich with I-395. Rail transportation and freight service is available to major points including New York, Boston, Providence and Montreal. Air service is available at Groton-New London Airport to the south, Green Airport (Providence) to the east and Bradley Airport to the north. Norwich Harbor provides a 600-foot turning basin connecting with the Thames River and Long Island Sound.

Community Profile

History

The City was founded in 1659 by settlers from Old Saybrook led by Major John Mason and Reverend James Fitch. They purchased the land that would become Norwich from the local Native American Mohegan Tribe. In 1668, a wharf was established at Yantic Cove. Settlement was primarily in the three mile area around the Norwichtown Green. The 69 founding families soon divided up the land in the Norwichtown vicinity for farms and businesses. By 1694 the public landing built at the head of the Thames River allowed ships to off load goods at the harbor. The distance between the port and Norwichtown was serviced by the East and West Roads which later became Washington Street and Broadway.

Norwich merchants were shipping goods directly from England, but the Stamp Act of 1764, forced Norwich to become more self-sufficient. Soon large mills and factories sprang up along the three rivers which traverse the town, the Yantic, Shetucket, and Thames Rivers. During the American Revolution Norwich supported the cause for independence by supplying soldiers, ships, and munitions. One of the most infamous figures of the Revolution, Benedict Arnold, was born in Norwich. Other Colonial era noteworthies include Samuel Huntington, Christopher Leffingwell, and Daniel Lathrop.

Regular steamship service between New York and Boston helped Norwich to prosper as a shipping center through the early part of the 19th century. During the Civil War, Norwich once again rallied around the cause of freedom and saw the growth of its textile, armaments, and specialty item manufacturing. This was also spurred by the building of the Norwich-Worcester Railroad in 1832 bringing goods and people both in and out of Norwich.

Norwich served as leadership center for Connecticut during the Civil War as Governor William Buckingham was from Norwich and used his home as a de facto office during the war years. Also, State Senator Lafayette Foster later became Acting Vice President after President Abraham Lincoln was assassinated. During this period, Frances M. Caulkins composed her histories of both Norwich and New London.

Through the end of the 19th century and into the early 20th century, Norwich served as home to many large mills. The population grew and became more diverse with an insurgence of different ethnic groups. These new residents helped to build the City's schools, churches, and social centers.

Today, Norwich is a thriving City with a stable population, wide range of municipal services, a modern industrial park, its own utility company, and a positive outlook for residential and business growth.

Education

The City's school system includes seven public and three parochial elementary schools, two public middle schools, the Integrated Day Charter School, an alternative high school, a regional adult education program and a privately-endowed high school, Norwich Free Academy, which serves the City. Also located in the City are a Regional State technical high school, Norwich Regional Technical School, and a Regional State Technical/Community College, Three Rivers Community College, offering associate degree programs.

Healthcare

Various health facilities are located within the City including the 213-bed Backus Hospital, which underwent a \$50 million expansion in 2007.

Industry

The City is also home to a modern industrial park operated by the Norwich Community Development Corporation, a private non-profit organization. The industrial park is conveniently located close to Route 2, I-395 and other major highways. The park offers commercial and industrial sites on 450 wooded acres currently employing roughly 2,000 people.

Recreation, Entertainment & Culture

The City has the 350-acre Mohegan Park in the heart of the City. Facilities at Mohegan Park include a beach, hiking trails, rose gardens, picnic areas and two children's playgrounds. The City has several other parks, playgrounds, and

recreation fields, as well as a number of fishing locations. The City also offers an eighteen-hole public golf course and a public ice skating rink.

The City has a number of historical and cultural attractions including: Dodd Stadium – home of the Connecticut Tigers, the Leffingwell House Museum, the Spirit of Broadway Theater, the Norwich Arts Council/ Donald Oat Theater, and the Slater Memorial Museum at Norwich Free Academy.

Municipal Services

Police: Police protection is provided to the City of Norwich by a full-service, municipal police agency with 104 employees. The department is responsible for patrolling 223 miles of roads in nearly a 30 square mile area and operating a combined 911 communications center for dispatching police, fire, and EMS services. The department is particularly proud of its community policing efforts, which actively includes the public in solving crime and quality of life problems. The Department presently administers approximately \$100,000 in federal and state grants. These grants provide funding to enhance police operations in the areas of drug education and enforcement, safe neighborhood patrols, DUI and traffic enforcement, technological improvements.

Fire: Fire protection in the City Consolidation District (CCD) is provided by a 62-employee full-time fire department. The outlying areas of the City are not part of the CCD and are protected by five volunteer fire companies, all of which are connected to the central fire department's switchboard for emergency dispatch.

Utilities: The City owns and operates its own gas, electric, water and wastewater systems through its Norwich Public Utilities (NPU), which has operated since 1904. NPU is governed by Chapter 12 of the City Charter that establishes a five-member Board of Public Utilities' Commissioners who are appointed by the City Council. The General Manager, who is appointed by the Commissioners, is responsible for NPU's management and operations. NPU has 140 employees and serves approximately 20,220 electric customers, 8,000 gas customers, 10,500 water customers and 7,150 wastewater customers. NPU supports general City activities by contributing 10% of its gross revenues (excluding sewer revenues) to the City's general fund. Contributions in fiscal year 2015 are equivalent to 4.35 mills of taxes. NPU's budget is approved by the Commissioners and is then presented to the City Council for adoption.

Water Operations

The City has a water supply system that consists of a 10-mgd water filtration plant, and a 4-mgd water filtration plant, four reservoirs, one emergency supply well, and a fully accredited laboratory. Producing 1.9 billion gallons of water in fiscal year 2013-14, NPU produces a yearly water quality report that indicates that NPU consistently exceeds drinking water standards set by the State.

Drinking Water Infrastructure. NPU has embarked on a water infrastructure improvement program. The upgrades will be paid for through a combination of State grants and low interest loans from the Drinking Water Revolving Fund (DWRF). Design work is well underway on the replacement of the main pumps and control systems at the Deep River Drinking Water Treatment Plant, re-lining of approximately 3,500 ft. of transmission main, construction of two new 0.5 million gallon water storage tanks, and upgrading of the 4-mgd treatment plant.

NPU has made substantial progress in completing an important project to strengthen its water infrastructure. Construction began in June 2014 on a new \$1.6 million water tank located in Lebanon, Connecticut with a capacity of one million gallons. The tank went into service in late November. The new tank will improve operating efficiencies of NPU's water treatment plant located less than one mile away and allow for the plant to shut down for short periods of time to allow for maintenance and repairs with no impact to customers. The tank will also provide for the storage of water for use during power outages, water main failures, or other NPU system emergencies.

Wastewater Operations

Wastewater for NPU customers is treated in an activated sludge treatment plant. The Sewer Authority has worked closely with the City to secure funding to expand its wastewater collection system to neighborhoods that have seen the failure of private septic systems that affect residential property values. An extensive, multiyear combined sewer overflow program, funded through state grants and loans, has successfully eliminated most sewer system overflows, and greatly improved water quality in the Shetucket, Yantic and Thames Rivers.

In 2010 the Sewer Authority commenced a seven year upgrade to the wastewater treatment plant. Design is expected to cost \$7 million and construction \$93 million for a total project cost of \$100 million. Design is 100% complete. Construction is expected to commence in July 2016, and be completed in July 2020. The project will be substantially financed from State of Connecticut Clean Water Fund loans bearing interest at 2%, Clean Water Fund grants, and local funding. When completed, annual debt service is estimated to be \$4.8M, to be paid 42% from City Sewer User Fees, 30% from City budget contributions, and 28% from sewer buy in fees from users outside of the

City. A plan to pay for the new project is under discussion with the stakeholders. These infrastructure improvements will:

- Bring the City current with state and federal environmental mandates
- Upgrade the City's aging wastewater infrastructure to reduce treatment plant odors
- Reduce nitrogen from sewage discharge, making our rivers, harbor and Long Island Sound cleaner
- Power the sewer plant using recaptured methane gas, reducing Norwich's energy costs
- Prepare the City to meet future growth and assist with economic development opportunities
- Provide the ability to serve neighboring communities with wastewater services to enhance regional economic development.

Fusion Paperboard. In July 2014, the Sewer Authority's largest customer, Fusion Paperboard, announced plans to cease operations in September of 2014. Fusion is located in the neighboring town of Sprague, CT. Fusion represented approximately 10% of the Sewer Authority's annual revenues. The Sewer Authority implemented an increase to sewer rates to take effect on March 1, 2015 to account for the reduction in Fusion revenues associated with fixed cost recovery. As such, there will be no expected material impacts to sewer operations or financials as a result of the Fusion closure.

Natural Gas

NPU continues to expand its natural gas service throughout the City. This work has been funded through bond referendums totaling \$20.5 million, which were approved by voters in 2010, 2012, and 2014. Since 2010, nearly 1,600 new natural gas customers have been added to the NPU network, including 850 since August 2013. This activity has generated an estimated \$2.4 million in new annual revenue for NPU. The City and the Board of Public Utilities Commissioners have entered into an agreement that revenues will be paid annually to the City from the operation of the natural gas utility in an amount sufficient to pay when due debt service on bonds issued to finance the City's natural gas system extension. Natural gas revenues are not pledged to pay the bonds.

NPU upgraded its existing underground natural gas pipe services at nearly 70 locations during the summer of 2014. Following an aggressive schedule, NPU and contractor crews completed 18 months of rehabilitation work in 18 weeks in order to accommodate the repaving of the roads by the State of Connecticut Department of Transportation. Nearly 9,000 feet of cast iron pipe was taken out of the ground and more than 5,500 feet of new, polyethylene pipe was installed. The estimated lifespan of this new product is 100 years. This reliability improvement work represents a \$1.6 million annual investment by NPU to improve its natural gas infrastructure.

In 2014, NPU was honored by the American Public Gas Association (APGA) with two awards recognizing excellence in operations and digital marketing. NPU is one of only 21 public natural gas systems in the United States - out of more than 700 APGA members - to be given the Systems Operational Achievement Recognition (SOAR) award, which is presented to natural gas utilities that demonstrate excellence in the four critical operational areas: worker safety, workforce development, systems integrity, and systems improvement. NPU was also honored as one of the leading marketers in the United States among public natural gas system in the 2014 APGA Marketing & Sales Awards for its Energize Norwich program. NPU was the winner in the category of digital marketing for its extensive efforts to educate and promote natural gas to its customers.

Electric

NPU is pursuing a project that could make the City of Norwich and NPU a leader in renewable energy - in Connecticut and across New England. Working with the Connecticut Municipal Electric Energy Cooperative (CMEEC), NPU identified the former Roger's Road landfill as an ideal location for a Community Solar Garden that could provide its customers with more than 2.75 MW of renewable energy. Through this project, NPU customers would receive renewable energy without paying a premium; this power would be available for the vast majority of customers who would not otherwise have access to renewable power for either logistical or financial reasons. When added to NPU's existing hydro power capabilities (6%), this proposal would bring the renewable portion of the NPU portfolio to 12%.

On May 1, 2013, NPU received APPA's RP3 Platinum Award. The RP3 program recognizes utilities that demonstrate high proficiency in four areas - reliability, safety, work force development and system improvement. Criteria within each of the four RP3 areas are based upon sound business practices and recognized industry best practices. In receiving a Platinum designation, NPU is among a select group of less than 100 utilities out of over 2,000 public power companies nationwide and the only one in Connecticut.

On March 6, 2013, NPU's Greeneville and Occum hydroelectric facilities were certified by Low Impact Hydropower Institute (LIHI). This certification is intended to protect multiple ecosystems qualities, including river flows, water quality, fish and wildlife, and other environmental indicators of a healthy ecosystem around hydropower facilities and dams, as well as meeting recreation and cultural preservation needs. LIHI's criteria and

standards are typically based on the most recent, and most stringent, mitigation measures recommended for the dam by expert state and federal resource agencies. There are thousands of hydropower dams in the U.S. with only about 100 presently certified by LIHI. NPU's holds two of the four certifications in the State. NPU is able to use this certification when marketing its hydro facilities, such as obtaining and selling Renewable Energy Certificates (RECs) to generate additional revenues.

Norwich Public Utilities (NPU) continued to build upon and leverage their Municipal Area Network (MAN). The network consists of 35 miles of 144 strand fiber optic cabling around the City in two "loops." The fiber provides high-speed data, video and communications connectivity that is 600 times faster than any other data network available in Norwich. NPU has recently connected the fiber across the entirety of the Norwich MAN with the Connecticut Education Network, as part of the Nutmeg Network's award from the Broadband Technologies Opportunities Program (BTOP) to help improve communications capabilities throughout the State. This implementation has expanded the connectivity opportunities of NPU and the City with a 100% redundancy for internet services and opens the door for improved disaster recovery services and network monitoring. NPU is also using the MAN to support public safety in conjunction with the Norwich Police Department (NPD) with the deployment of four cameras throughout the city. The MAN provides for high definition resolution video capture from these cameras and subsequent transportation across the network at speeds not possible with copper wire installations.

Administration

Administrative functions include human resources, purchasing, information technology, geographic information systems, accounting and financial planning. These units are responsible for anticipating the changes in the utility business, and building an infrastructure that will position NPU to take advantage of technological breakthroughs as they occur.

NPU Customer Service serves as the primary customer advocates within NPU. The goal for the Customer Service Division is to provide a level of customer service that consistently exceeds customer expectations. Customer Service encompasses energy efficiency, field services, metering, billing, the Customer Service Center, and external affairs. In an effort to promote one-stop shopping, customer service representatives and field service technicians have been crossed-trained to serve customers more efficiently. Field service technicians are responsible for providing accurate metering for all services, investigating high bill complaints, and gas service calls. NPU Customer Service also provides repair service for gas appliances. Recognizing energy efficiency as a solution to rising energy costs, NPU has successfully developed and implemented comprehensive efficiency programs to benefit residential and commercial electric and natural gas customers.

CMEEC AND MEMBER POWER SALES CONTRACTS

The City of Norwich, through NPU, is a member of the Connecticut Municipal Electric Energy Cooperative (CMEEC), a public corporation organized under Connecticut Public Act 75-634, subsequently enacted as Title 7-233, Chapter 101a, of the Connecticut General Statutes, as amended. It is empowered to undertake the planning, financing, acquisition, construction, and operation of facilities for the generation and transmission of electric power and energy for its members and others. The Act permits any Connecticut municipality that has an electric utility department to become a CMEEC member. The City of Norwich, the City of Groton, the Borough of Jewett City, the Second Taxing District of the City of Norwalk, and the Town of Wallingford are the only Connecticut communities which have municipally owned electric utilities, all of whom, except the Town of Wallingford, are members. CMEEC, on behalf of its members, acts as a single integrated participant to NEPOOL and the NEPOOL Agreement.

CMEEC has entered into a power supply contract with each of its Members, including Norwich ("Member Power Sales Contracts -- MPSC"). The MPSCs are all-requirements contracts under which each member is obligated to purchase substantially all its power requirements from CMEEC. Under terms of the MPSCs, each system has been allocated a certain percentage of CMEEC's fixed costs consisting primarily of debt service, on a take or pay basis. These costs are required to be paid annually whether or not Norwich takes any power under the contract. Pursuant to the MPSC, Norwich has covenanted to maintain electric rates which, together which other sources of revenue, will provide sufficient revenues to meet its payment obligation to CMEEC under the Power Contract.

All payments due to CMEEC under the MPSC are agreed to constitute operating expenses of the electric operations and may not be subordinated to any other obligation of Norwich. In addition, Norwich has agreed not to execute or adopt any instrument securing or issuing bonds, notes, leases or other evidences of indebtedness which are payable from and secured by liens on the revenues derived from the ownership or operations of its electric system without providing for the payment of operating expenses (including payments to be made under the MPSC) from such revenues ahead of debt service on such bonds, notes, leases or other evidence of indebtedness.

The foregoing discussion of the MPSC is intended to be a summary of such contract and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the contracts themselves, which may be obtained from the City.

THE CONNECTICUT TRANSMISSION MUNICIPAL ELECTRIC ENERGY COOPERATIVE

The Norwich Department of Public Utilities is also a member of The Connecticut Transmission Municipal Electric Energy Cooperative ("TRANSCO"), a public body corporate and politic, created pursuant to Chapter 101a of the Connecticut General Statutes, as amended. The members of TRANSCO include the members of CMEEC (the "Members") and the Town of Wallingford and the Bozrah Light and Power Company ("Bozrah"). The purpose of TRANSCO is to obtain electric transmission services and facilities at advantageous pricing and terms for its Members and contractual participants. TRANSCO has entered in a "Transmission Financing and Services Agreement" the "TFSA" with CMEEC, among other agreements between the two entities, whereby TRANSCO provides electric transmission services to CMEEC, which CMEEC then provides to its members and contractual participants. TRANSCO has entered into an agreement with Connecticut Light & Power Company to acquire certain electric transmission facilities located in the Town of Wallingford, Connecticut (the "Transmission Acquisition"). The participants in the Transmission Acquisition include the CMEEC Members and Bozrah (the "Transmission Participants"). The Transmission Acquisition has been permanently financed by debt issued by CMEEC and Transco supported by the security provisions of agreements between the Transmission Participants and CMEEC that establish the arrangements for the receipt of transmission services from CMEEC (supplied to CMEEC by TRANSCO through the TFSA), the support of the permanent financing costs of the Transmission Acquisition, the satisfaction of the other security requirements of such permanent financing and the flowing of the benefits of participation in the Transmission Acquisition back to the Project's participants, including NDPU. These agreements are referred to as the General Transmission Services Agreements ("GTSAs"). The terms of the GTSAs have security provisions similar to those of the MPSCs. The GTSAs are structured to authorize the acquisition of additional transmission facilities.

The foregoing discussion of the GTSA is intended to be a summary of such contract and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the contracts themselves, which may be obtained from the City.

SOLID WASTE

The City has entered into the Municipal Solid Waste Management Services Contract, as amended (the "Service Contract") with the Southeastern Connecticut Regional Resources Recovery Authority (the "SCRRRA") pursuant to which it participates with ten other central Connecticut municipalities (the eleven constituting the "Contracting Municipalities"), in the Southeastern Connecticut System (the "System"). The System consists of a mass-bum solid waste disposal and electric generation facility located in the Town of Preston (the "Facility") and various improvements and facilities related thereto, including landfills. The Facility is complete and is presently receiving waste from member municipalities. Under the Service Contract, the City is required to deliver or cause to be delivered to the System solid waste generated within its boundaries up to its minimum commitment of 22,281 tons per year and to pay a uniform per ton Disposal Service Payment (the "Service Payment") therefor. The Service Payment commitment is a "put-or-pay" commitment, in that if the aggregate minimum commitment of the Contracting Municipalities is not met by the total deliveries of all the Contracting Municipalities in any year, the City must pay the Service Payment for its full portion of the aggregate minimum commitment even if it did not deliver the full portion. The current fee is \$58 per ton paid by user fees and property taxes. Pursuant to contracts between the Authority and American REF-FUEL Company of Southeastern Connecticut (the "Company"), the Facility is operated by the Company. The Service Payment applicable in any contract year is calculated by estimating the Net Cost of Operation, which is the Cost of Operation less Revenues other than Service Payments, as such items are defined in the Service Contract. Cost of Operations includes debt service on revenue bonds issued by or on behalf of the SCRRRA to finance the System and expenses of operation and administration of the System, among other things. Revenues mean all revenues, income and receipts derived from the ownership and operation of the System, including from the sale of electricity. The sum of all Service Payments and other payments from the Contracting Municipalities are required to be sufficient to pay or provide for the New Cost of Operations. Service Payments shall be payable so long as the System is accepting solid waste delivered by or on behalf of the City, whether or not such solid waste is processed at the Facility. The City's obligation to pay the Service Payment, so long as the Authority is accepting the City's solid waste, is absolute and unconditional, is not subject to any set-off, counterclaim, recoupment, defense (other than payment itself) or other right which the City may have against the SCRRRA or any person for any reason whatsoever, and shall not be affected by any defect in title, design, fitness for use, loss or destruction of the System. The City has pledged its full faith and credit to the payment of Service Payments and has also agreed to enforce or levy and collect all taxes, cost sharing or other assessments or charges and take all such other action as may be necessary to provide for the payment of the Service Payments.

Economic Development Activity

In 2001, the City of Norwich voted for a Charter Revision that created the position of Mayor for the first time in 50 years and made the Mayor responsible and accountable for economic development. The overriding goal for the City is to increase its grand list through activities which "enhance community life, attract newcomers to Norwich, reduces reliance on government agencies, and attract economic development investment from the State of Connecticut". Objectives identified to achieve this goal include: "revitalized downtown, adaptive reuse of existing structures, increased availability of viable commercial and industrial properties, and maintaining the existing and attracting new educational institutions into the City".

The City's economic development activities are assisted by Norwich Community Development Corporation, (NCDC), a private not-for-profit corporation established 50 years ago to improve the economic well-being of the City. The Mayor now works closely with NCDC as an independent non-profit that is neither directly nor indirectly controlled by the City or any other governmental entity, but by Norwich City Council resolution, is the economic development arm of the City. Many activities are underway which support these objectives, and will move the community toward the City's primary economic development goals.

Commercial/Industrial Activity

- Marina at American Wharf. In 2012, the 162-slip marina facility was purchased by Joyal Capital Group
 and has undergone extensive infrastructure renovations and repairs. Joyal also constructed a new premium
 ice cream shop in a standalone retail space across from the Marina at Howard Brown Park. Future
 expansion plans at the Marina property are multi-phased and improvements are expected to continue over
 the next several years depending on the economy.
- Route 82 CVS Pharmacy. A new CVS facility was constructed on the site of the former Olympic Pizza and two adjacent parcels. The former facility owner and owner/operator of Olympic Pizza opened a new restaurant called Fat Cats across the street in the Willow Tree Plaza Shopping Center along with a replacement hair and nail salon.
- Norwichtown Commons. The former Norwichtown Mall was sold by Winstanley Corporation in December 2013 to TKG, a Stanley Kronke controlled operation. The mall portion of the building had been completely redesigned and repurposed to meet today's trends in retail sales and is no longer an enclosed mall.
- Ponemah Mill Adaptive Reuse Project. This \$72 million project will convert a massive, 650,000 square foot, 19th century mill into 237 residential apartment units. The developer has sought assistance from the City in the form of a tax agreement under the Mill Enhancement Program. The State of Connecticut-Department of Housing and the finance arm- Connecticut Housing Investment Fund- is working with the developer, OneKey to close the project funding gap. The first phase of the project is 113 units and approximately \$24 million, which is nearing the completion of finance assembly and is expected to be completed in 2017-18.
- Former Friendly's Restaurant next to Marcus Plaza. Konover Corporation purchased this property and will make site improvements to better facilitate vehicle access to the Plaza. They are also completing a major facelift for the existing center including new signage. They have plans on establishing a new sitdown restaurant on pad site of the parking lot in the future.
- *Philly's Cheesesteak*, a local sandwich shop, acquired a lease on a neighboring property in January 2014 and began renovations to expand their facility by a factor of three. The expansion took out an unsightly and problematic establishment and greatly improved the area.
- US Foods incorporated some operations of facilities out of the greater Boston area into their Norwich facility and has grown their workforce and their truck fleet. SYSCO just announced a buyout of US Foods pending federal regulatory approval. The City has reached out to US Foods to collaborate on positioning the Norwich facility as a site selected by SYSCO to continue operations due to excellent utility rates, logistical positioning in their service region and a track record of continual improvement and expansion.
- State of Connecticut Small Business Express. Five small businesses received funding from this program to expand their operations and add eight employees to their current employee base over the next 24 months.
- Collins & Jewell, a long time manufacturing company in the Business Park announced early 2013 that they are unable to continue operating out of their current facility, and having not found a suitable location in Norwich, is moving to Bozrah to construct a new building. Their new facility will be approximately two times as large as their Norwich plant.
- Dominion Power acquired a 3.5 acre parcel from Easter Seals in the business park for \$350,000 and constructed a \$10 million, 16,000 square foot facility to act as a training center, data warehouse, and emergency operations center during an emergency at the Millstone Nuclear Plant in Waterford, Connecticut, 10 miles to the south.

- Sheffield Pharmaceuticals. Sheffield Pharmaceuticals purchased the 136,000 square foot former
 Decorative Screen Printers building at 9 Wisconsin Avenue in the Business Park for \$3.7 million with plans
 to use the facility as their main warehousing and distribution center for their 60,000 retail outlets across the
 US
- Juice bottling facility By early 2015, Maple Lane Farms plans to invest \$300,000 in a 26,000-square-foot production facility with one to three contract bottling lines at 29 Stott Ave. in the Stanley Israelite Business Park, bringing 12 new full-time jobs and giving it room to double capacity while providing room for future expansion.
- Algonquin Interstate Gas Transmission Pipeline. Spectra Energy is planning two expansion projects on their Algonquin Interstate Gas Transmission Pipeline that runs through the City of Norwich. The goal of the projects is to bring abundant low cost natural gas from the shale reserves in Pennsylvania into the New England market. The first project scheduled to be completed in October 2016 includes building of a new metering and regulating station and replacing several thousands of feet of high pressure six inch pipe with 16 inch diameter pipe in Norwich. The second project scheduled to be completed in October 2017 is expected to include the building of a second new metering and regulation station in Norwich to serve the Norwich Public Utilities gas expansion project. When completed it is expected that these projects will add \$10 to \$15 million to Norwich's tax base. All interstate pipeline work planned in Norwich as part of these projects is directly tied to the Norwich Public Utilities gas expansion projects.
- The downtown continues to suffer from corporate decisions outside the area. People's United Bank closed their iconic 35,000 square foot facility on the corner of Broadway and Main in 2013. It is offered by a regional brokerage firm that is working diligently to move the property into new hands.
- The downtown YMCA has been closed for four years now with no obvious buyers in queue. The facility is likely a tear down due to its specialized nature and the multiple additions over a century of use.
- Former Reid and Hughes department store building This property has been owned by the City for 20 years. Norwich Community Development Corporation has taken a development option on this 26,000 square foot property and is marketing it to developers as a mixed use project with up to 20 housing units and two or three commercial spaces.

Housing Market

The market remains relatively unchanged from last year in terms of total available housing stock, percent of occupied housing units versus vacant units, percent of owner-occupied units versus investor/rental units, and number of building permits issued.

Multiple sources indicate an increase of 1.4-1.7% in median home sales prices within the next year. The projected increase is tied to improved market conditions including national government spending on projects such as the multi-year railroad improvements, military product development, and the ensuing manufacturing associated with these investments. Foreclosures and short-sales have had a negative impact over the last five years, resulting in an increase in housing inventories. The City, however, continued to see a reduction in foreclosure actions issued for the second year in a row, with a decrease of 28% from the previous year. Despite this decrease, housing inventories continue to suppress market value.

Norwich's median home sales prices are equal to about 2.8 times resident income, compared to the statewide and national averages of approximately 3.3 times resident income. This translates to a more affordable housing stock. At the same time, Norwich's rental cost average remains 28% lower than the national rental cost average. In addition, the rental vacancy rate has remained unchanged even though there has been an increase in monthly rental prices. This provides for three positive outlooks. First, having a price-to-income ratio that is lower than state or national averages allows Norwich to be considered an advantaged market for both buyers and sellers. Second, the ability to increase monthly rent while maintaining the same vacancy rate shows the available capacity of resident income. Third, the strengthening of rental pricing (an increase in rent) can correlate to a better maintained housing stock. As the economy in Connecticut becomes stronger, Norwich's affordability levels make it prime for investment and improved market stability.

Federal Projects

New England Central Rail Line Upgrades – In September 2014, The State was awarded an \$8.2 million Federal Transportation Investment Generating Economic Recovery program grant. This grant, in addition to \$2 million of private investment from Genesee & Wyoming, Inc., will be used to upgrade the Connecticut section of the existing 394 miles of rail from the deep water port in New London to the Vermont/Quebec border to meet new freight standards, including increased weight capacity. In addition to the expanded freight rail opportunities, these upgrades will provide opportunities to offer passenger service on the NECR line. The line passes through Norwich, including the Intermodal Transportation Center.

State of Connecticut Projects

Route 12 Paving. The Connecticut Department of Transportation resurfaced Route 12 from the Preston town line to the intersection of routes 12 & 97 in the Taftville section of Norwich during September through October 2014.

West Town Street/Washington Street Paving. The Connecticut Department of Transportation resurfaced a section of these streets in May and June 2013.

Major City Initiatives

- Downtown Revitalization Initiative. The residents of the City of Norwich passed a bond referendum item in November 2010 for \$3.38 million for downtown revitalization. Incentives comprised strictly of business and projects of five residential units or more, which includes programs for building code correction assistance, commercial lease rebates, and revolving loan fund. The City's designated development agency, the Norwich Community Development Corporation, is administering the five-year program. The three Downtown Revitalization programs are designed to both prepare long time vacant spaces for occupancy as well as stimulate the growth of business activity in the downtown area. The programs, launched in August 2011 to date have had 100 applications with a 10% acceptance rate with a payout and encumbered value of over \$800,000. Marketing has expanded throughout the region and is heavily promoted to the brokerage community. In 2014 there were four new businesses and three business expansions completed.
- Road Improvements. The residents of the City of Norwich passed a bond referendum item in November 2013 for \$5 million of infrastructure improvements. The City spent a total of \$1,761,200 of combined bond funds (from a 2009 Road Improvement Bond) and capital funds during fiscal year 2014 to repave or reconstruct 4.8 miles of City roads. In addition, the City also took preventative maintenance measures such as crack sealing and chip sealing to extend the expected life of an additional 10.2 miles of moderately deteriorated City roads.
- City Hall Exterior Stairway Rehabilitation. The Public Works Department secured a 50% matching grant of \$190,000, from the State Historic Preservation Office for the rehabilitation of the two exterior stairways at City Hall. The project was recently completed at a cost of approximately \$380,000. This project preserves the beauty and distinct architecture of City Hall.
- City Hall Condition Assessment. The Public Works Department secured a 50% matching grant, up to a maximum of \$10,000, from the Connecticut Trust for Historic Preservation for a Condition Assessment / Master Plan for the study of City Hall. This will enable the City to move forward with additional grants from the State Historic Preservation Office for the preservation of additional features of this landmark structure.
- Sherman Street Bridge and Sunnyside Street Bridge Rehabilitations. The Public Works Department previously secured approximately \$5 million in federal and State grant money to pursue rehabilitation projects to both the Sherman Street bridges and the Sunnyside Street Bridge. Design is currently underway with the Sherman Street bridge project and includes assessment and recommendations for the nearby Upper Falls Dam. The Sunnyside Street bridge is in the study phase through which it has been determined to be scour critical. This deficiency will also be addressed in the rehabilitation of this historic structure.
- Spaulding Pond Dam Assessments. The Public Works Department recently secured a \$40,000 grant for a condition assessment on the two fifty year old dams in Mohegan Park. The funds are provided through the USDA Natural Resource Conservation Service. The studies will include inspection of the dams, hydrologic analysis, and potential scoping of any recommended rehabilitation projects.
- Connecticut Avenue Pavement Rehabilitation. The Public Works Department obtained a grant through the Department of Transportation's Local Transportation Capital Improvement Program, (LOTCIP) for 100% of the construction costs for rehabilitating a 3,000 foot section of Connecticut Avenue in the City's Business Park. The funding will cover eligible project construction costs up to \$685,200. The project is currently in design and construction is planned for the spring.
- Rose City Senior Center Renovations. The City was able to obtain a grant from the State of Connecticut Department of Social Services for renovations at the 20 year old Senior Center. The work includes a new roof, HVAC units, flooring replacement, window repair, and parking lot paving. The amount of the grant is \$690,000.
- School Initiatives. Norwich Public Schools is an Alliance School district creating the ability to embark on advanced academic initiatives. Stanton School is a Network School allowing additional academic initiatives. Moriarty School and Wequonnoc School are working on their Magnet School planning and development. Bishop School has become the district's Early Childhood Education Center, allowing greater opportunities for the youngest students in our population. Many full day kindergarten classes have been established throughout the district in order to create early childhood success. All children in Norwich Public Schools now receive free breakfast (universal free breakfast); all children that qualify for reduced or free meals receive free meals. We are also participating in some innovative farm to school initiatives to help local farmers and bring fresher produce directly to the children.

Municipal Employees

Full-Time Equivalent

	General	Board of	Public	
Fiscal Year	Government	Education	<u>Utilities</u>	<u>Total</u>
2015	292.20	633.90	146.50	1,072.60
2014	290.60	602.80	142.00	1,035.40
2013	297.80	502.50	148.00	948.30
2012	284.20	482.20	152.00	918.40
2011	284.70	561.90	142.50	989.10
2010	293.20	583.90	139.50	1,016.60
2009	309.00	598.20	139.50	1,046.70
2008	309.00	575.30	137.00	1,021.30
2007	299.50	575.40	137.00	1,011.90
2006	299.00	563.90	137.00	999.90

City of Norwich - Finance Department Source:

Note: Includes full-time, permanent part-time and personal contract employees.

Municipal Employees' Bargaining Organizations

Almost all City employees, with the exception of management, are represented by a bargaining organization as follows:

		Positions	Start Date	End Date
Collective Bargaining Organization	General Government	Requested	of Contract	of Contract
General Government				1
International Brotherhood of Police Officers (IBPO), Local 38	911 Dispatchers	9.00	07/01/12	06/30/141
International Association of Fire Fighters, Local 892	Firefighters	58.00	07/01/13	06/30/16
Norwich City Hall Employees Association, Inc.,	Non-supervisory			
Connecticut Independent Labor Union (CILU), Local #11	administrative employees	54.80	07/01/12	06/30/15
United Public Service Employees Union,	P. 11. 0.07	00.00	0=104149	0.5/2.0/4.5
Connecticut Organization for Public Safety Division	Police Officers	90.00	07/01/13	06/30/16
United Public Service Employees Union,	D. L.C. W. d. D. L	10.00	07/01/14	06/20/17
Connecticut Organization for Public Safety Division	Public Works Employees	49.00	07/01/14	06/30/17
Public Works Supervisors, American Federation of State, County	Dublic Wades Comercia	5.00	07/01/13	06/30/16
& Municipal Employees (AFSCME), Local 818, Council 4	Public Works Supervisors Supervisory	3.00	07/01/13	06/30/16
Municipal Employees Union "Independent" (MEUI)-Supervisors	administrative employees	10.00	07/01/13	06/30/16
Wumcipal Employees Official independent (WEO1)-Supervisors	SUBTOTAL	275.80	07/01/13	00/30/10
B. D. William	SUBTUTAL	2/3.80		
Public Utilities				
Supervisory Employees Association , Inc. AFSCME Local 818, Council 4	Supervisory & Professional	44.00	07/01/12	06/30/16
	Employees	44.00	07/01/12	06/30/16
International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers Local 457, Norwich Unit	Technical and clerical workers	96.50	07/01/12	06/30/16
United Steelworkers of America	WOIKEIS	90.30	07/01/12	00/30/10
AFL-CIO-CLC Local No. 9411-02	Water distribution employees	5.00	07/01/12	06/30/16
THE CIO CEC ESCULTO. 7411 02	SUBTOTAL	145.50	07/01/12	00/30/10
Board of Education	SUBTOTAL	145.50		
	A during administration	17.00	07/01/12	06/20/15
Norwich School Administrators Association	Administrators	17.00	07/01/12	06/30/15
MEUI Local 506, SEIU, AFL-CIO	Custodians	28.00	07/01/12	06/30/16
MEUI Local 506, SEIU, AFL-CIO	Paraeducators	115.73	07/01/12	06/30/16
New England Health Care Employees Union District 1199, SEIU,	Calada Nama	15.00	07/01/12	06/20/16
AFL-CIO	School Nurses	15.00	07/01/12	06/30/16
Norwich Educational Secretaries, AFSCME Local 1303-190, Council 4	Secretaries	23.00	07/01/12	06/30/15
	Teachers		07/01/12	06/30/15
Norwich Teachers League		<u>336.91</u>	07/01/12	06/30/13
	SUBTOTAL	535.64		
Non-bargaining Employees				
General Government		17.00	07/01/12	06/30/15
Department of Public Utilities		1.00	07/01/12	06/30/16
Board of Education		<u>98.26</u>	07/01/12	06/30/16
	SUBTOTAL	116.26	<u>.</u>	
	GRAND TOTAL	1,073.20	•	

Source: City of Norwich Finance Department

¹ In negotiation

Connecticut General Statutes Sections 7-473c, 7-474 and 10-153a to 10-153n provide a procedure for binding arbitration of collective bargaining agreements between municipal employers and organizations representing municipal employees, including certified teachers and certain other employees. The legislative body of the municipality may reject the arbitration panel's decision by a two-thirds majority vote. The State and the employee organization must be advised in writing of the reasons for rejection. The State will then appoint a new panel of either one or three arbitrators to review the decisions on each of the rejected issues. The panel must accept the last best offer of either party. In reaching its determination, the arbitration panel shall give priority to the public interest and the financial capability of the municipal employer, including consideration of other demands on the financial capability of a municipal employer. For binding arbitration of teachers' contracts, in assessing the financial capability of a municipality, there is an irrefutable presumption that a budget reserve of 5% or less is not available for payment of the cost of any item subject to arbitration. In light of the employer's financial capability, the panel shall consider prior negotiations between the parties, the interests and welfare of the employee group, changes in the cost of living, existing employment conditions, and the wages, salaries, fringe benefits, and other conditions of employment prevailing in the labor market, including developments in private sector wages and benefits.

School Facilities

The City's school system consists of ten schools for pupils in grades pre-K through 12. The schools are governed by a nine-member Board of Education.

	Grades	Date of Construction	Number of Classrooms	Enrollment 10/1/2014	Rated Capacity
Administration Building	<u>Grades</u>	1893	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bishop School	PreK	1925	11	234	280
Hickory Street School	7-12	1890	4	20	50
John B Stanton School	PreK-5	1956	25	376	440
John M Moriarty School	PreK-5	1975	33	396	620
Kelly Middle School	6-8	1962	45	669	750
Case St Early Learning Center	PreK	1975	5	58	70
Samuel Huntington School	PreK-5	1928	18	381	450
Teachers' Memorial School	6-8	1975	30	498	760
Thomas W Mahan School	PreK-5	1968	17	284	320
Uncas School	PreK-5	1975	18	240	340
Veterans' Memorial School	PreK-5	1968	17	315	320
Wequonnoc School	PreK-5	1962	17	237	340
Total			240	3,708	4,740

Source: City of Norwich, Board of Education

School Enrollments

Fiscal Year	Elementary Grades Pre-K - 5	Middle School Grades 6 - 8	High School Grades 9 - 12	Total Norwich Public Schools Enrollment	Norwich Students Enrolled at NFA	Total Norwich School Enrollment
2005-2006	2,534	1,348	33	3,915	1,644	5,559
2006-2007	2,517	1,344	76	3,937	1,638	5,575
2007-2008	*	847	80	,	,	
	2,806			3,733	1,552	5,285
2008-2009	2,622	1,148	150	3,920	1,599	5,519
2009-2010	2,567	1,151	149	3,867	1,582	5,449
2010-2011	2,520	1,163	123	3,806	1,555	5,361
2011-2012	2,624	1,120	74	3,818	1,512	5,330
2012-2013	2,635	1,100	24	3,759	1,524	5,283
2013-2014	2,574	1,153	29	3,756	1,531	5,287
2014-2015	2,541	1,167	0	3,708	1,547	5,255
Projected						
2015-2016	2,583	1,277		3,950	1,504	5,454
2016-2017	2,584	1,178		3,787	1,514	5,301
2017-2018	2,599	1,189		3,813	1,514	5,327

Source: City of Norwich, Board of Education

- Population and Density
- Population Distribution by Age
- Income Distribution
- **Comparative Income Measures**
- **Educational Attainment**
- Total Employment by Industry
- **■** Employment Data
- Major Employers
- Number and Size of Households
- Age Distribution of Housing
- Housing Inventory
- Owner-Occupied Housing Values
- Building Permits

Population and Density

	City of Norwich			New Lond	on County	State of Connecticut	
Year	Population	% Change	Density ¹	Population ¹	% Change	Population ¹	% Change
2010	40,493	12.12	1,494	274,055	5.78	3,574,097	4.95
2000	36,117	-3.41	1,333	259,088	1.62	3,405,565	3.60
1990	37,391	-1.79	1,380	254,957	6.94	3,287,116	5.78
1980	38,074	-7.88	1,405	238,409	3.36	3,107,576	2.49
1970	41,333		1,525	230,654		3,032,217	

Source: 1970-2010 U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census. (DP-01)

Population Distribution by Age

	City of	Norwich	New Londo	on County	State of Cor	necticut
<u>Age</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>%</u>
Under 5	2,569	6.3	15,013	5.5	202,106	5.7
5-19	7,544	18.6	52,025	19.0	713,670	19.9
20-44	14,002	34.6	88,259	32.2	1,132,713	31.7
45-64	11,081	27.4	79,763	29.10	1,019,049	28.5
65 and over	<u>5,297</u>	<u>13.1</u>	<u>38,995</u>	<u>14.1</u>	506,559	14.2
Total	40,493	100.0	274,055	100.0	3,574,097	100.0
Median Age (Years)	38.0		40.4		40.0	

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census, 2010 (DP-01)

Income Distribution

	City of N	<u>lorwich</u>	New Londo	on County	State of Co	nnecticut
Income for Families	Families	<u>%</u>	Families	<u>%</u>	Families	<u>%</u>
\$0 – 9,999	468	4.8	1,987	2.9	31,696	3.5
10,000 - 24,999	1,181	12.2	4,761	6.9	69,066	7.7
25,000 - 49,999	2,485	25.7	12,171	17.7	145,877	16.3
50,000 - 74,999	1,802	18.6	12,179	17.7	145,063	16.2
75,000 - 99,999	1,157	11.9	10,881	15.8	130,338	14.5
100,000 - 149,999	1,622	16.7	15,216	22.1	184,285	20.5
150,000 or more	<u>970</u>	<u>10.0</u>	11,738	<u>17.0</u>	<u>191,089</u>	21.3
Total	9,685	100.0	68,933	100.0	897,414	100.0

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census, American Community Survey, 2010-2012 (DP03).

Comparative Income Measures

	City of Norwich	New London County	State of Connecticut
Per Capita Income, 2011	\$27,093	\$33,267	\$36,956
Median Family Income, 2011	60,409	82,133	85,544
Median Household Income, 2011	46,109	65,499	67,544
% Families below poverty level, 2011	13.2	6.0	7.7

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census, American Community Survey, 2010-2012 (DP03).

¹ Per square mile: area 27.1 square miles

Educational Attainment

Years of School Completed Age 25 & Over

	<u>City of N</u>	<u>lorwich</u>	New Londo	on County	State of Connecticut	
	Number	<u>%</u>	<u>Number</u>	<u>%</u>	Number	<u>%</u>
Less than 9th grade	1,345	4.8	5,545	2.9	107,430	4.4
9th to 12th grade	2,469	8.8	11,941	6.3	156,360	6.4
High school graduate	10,024	35.9	59,854	31.8	681,670	27.9
Some college, no degree	6,186	22.1	38,138	20.2	434,888	17.8
Associate's degree	2,058	7.4	14,858	7.9	178,335	7.3
Bachelors' degree	3,612	12.9	31,072	16.5	497,816	20.3
Graduate or professional degree	2,250	8.1	<u>26,949</u>	14.3	389,914	15.9
Total	27,944	100.0	188,357	100.0	2,446,413	100.0
Percent high school graduate or higher		86.4		90.7		89.2
Percent bachelor degree or higher		21.0		30.8		36.3

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census, American Community Survey, 2010-2012 (DP02).

Total Employment by Industry

					State of	<u>f</u>		
	City of Nor	rwich	New London	County	Connection	<u>cut</u>	United Star	<u>tes</u>
Sector	Employed	<u>%</u>	Employed	<u>%</u>	Employed	<u>%</u>	Employed	<u>%</u>
Agriculture & forestry	22	0.1	652	0.5	7,234	0.4	2,720,289	1.9
Construction	838	4.3	6,298	4.8	97,167	5.6	8,563,737	6.1
Manufacturing	1,825	9.5	17,071	13	189,835	10.9	14,665,712	10.4
Wholesale trade	282	1.5	2,356	1.8	42,846	2.5	3,894,622	2.8
Retail trade	2,546	13.2	15,030	11.4	190,518	10.9	16,335,831	11.6
Transportation & utilities	585	3	5,442	4.1	65,891	3.8	6,987,923	5.0
Information:	153	0.8	1,986	1.5	41,528	2.4	2,950,890	2.1
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	421	2.2	5,454	4.1	160,399	9.2	9,233,893	6.6
Services, including Education & Health Care	11,833	61.3	71,019	53.9	886,522	50.7	67,947,936	48.4
Public Administration	<u>801</u>	4.1	6,479	4.9	66,322	3.8	7,098,715	<u>5.1</u>
Total	19,306	100.0	131,787	100.0	1,748,262	100.0	132,692,548	100.0

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census, American Community Survey, 2010-2012 (DP03).

Employment Data

City of Norwich Average **Percentage Unemployed** Annual City of Norwich-New London State of **Employed Unemployed Period** Labor Market Area¹ **Norwich Connecticut** Dec 2014 20,024 1,480 6.9 6.1 5.7 19,786 1,952 9.0 2013 8.0 7.8 2012 20,092 2,085 9.4 8.3 8.6 2011 20,692 2,201 9.6 8.7 8.8 2010 20,839 2,294 9.9 8.9 9.3 2009 19,310 9.1 7.9 8.3 1,941 2008 19,690 1,327 6.3 5.4 5.6 2007 19,414 1,058 5.2 4.3 4.6 19,503 2006 1,038 5.1 4.2 4.4 2005 19,288 1,104 4.5 4.9

Source: Department of Labor, State of Connecticut, Office of Research, Historical Labor Force Monthly Data

-

 $^{^{1}}$ Statistics for the Connecticut portion of the Norwich-New London Labor Market Area

Major Employers

		# of FTE
Employer	Nature of Business	Employees
William W. Backus Hospital	Medical Center	1,439
City of Norwich (incl. NPU & BOE)	Municipality	1,073
State of Connecticut	All State agencies	911
Bob's Discount Furniture	Distribution Center	530
U.S. Food Service	Food Distribution	375
Norwich Free Academy	Quasi-private high school	295
United Community & Family Services	Healthcare & community services	252
Wal-Mart	Grocery & Retailer	226
Shop Rite	Grocery	225
The American Group	Ambulance Service and other operations	181

Source: January 2015 survey by Norwich Finance Department

Number and Size of Households

	City of N	Norwich	New Londo	on County	State of Connecticut	
	Number	<u>%</u>	Number	<u>%</u>	Number	<u>%</u>
Persons in households	39,979		261,273		3,574,097	
Persons per household (average)	2.41		2.44		2.52	
Persons per family	3.02		2.98		3.08	
Family households	9,884	59.5	69,862	65.3	908,661	66.3
Non-family households	<u>6,715</u>	<u>40.5</u>	<u>37,195</u>	<u>34.7</u>	462,426	<u>33.7</u>
All households	16,599	100.0	107,057	100.0	1,371,087	100.0
Family households by type						
Married couple	6,071	61.4	52,173	74.7	672,013	73.9
Female householders, no spouse	2,848	28.8	12,651	18.1	176,973	19.5
Other	965	<u>9.8</u>	<u>5,038</u>	<u>7.2</u>	<u>59,675</u>	6.6
Total family households	9,884	100.0	69,862	100.0	908,661	100.0
Non-family households by type						
Householders living alone	5,192	77.3	29,594	79.6	373,648	80.8
Other	1,523	<u>22.7</u>	7,601	<u>20.4</u>	88,778	<u>19.2</u>
Total non-family households	6,715	100.0	37,195	$1\overline{00.0}$	462,426	100.0

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census, 2010 (DP-1)

Age Distribution of Housing

	City of 1	Norwich	New London County	State of Connecticut
Year Structure Built	<u>Units</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>%</u>
Built in 1939 or earlier	7,741	41.1	25.2	22.8
Built in 1940-1969	4,731	25.2	30.3	36.0
Built in 1970-1979	2,217	11.8	13.6	13.5
Built in 1980-1989	1,835	9.7	12.3	13.0
Built in 1990-1999	1,005	5.3	9.3	7.5
Built in 2000 - present	<u>1,319</u>	<u>7.0</u>	<u>9.2</u>	<u>7.3</u>
Total:	18,848	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census, American Community Survey, 2010-2012 (DP04).

Housing Inventory

	<u>City of N</u>	<u>Norwich</u>	New London County	State of Connecticut
Units in Structure	Units	<u>%</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>%</u>
1 unit detached	8,185	43.4	65.4	59.2
1 unit attached	1,080	5.7	4.1	5.3
2 to 4 units	4,119	21.8	14.3	17.1
5 to 9 units	2,145	11.4	5.4	5.4
10 or more units	2,636	14.0	8.4	12.1
Mobile home, trailer, other	<u>683</u>	3.6	<u>2.3</u>	0.8
Total Units	18,848	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census, American Community Survey, 2010-2012 (DP04).

Owner-Occupied Housing Values

	City of N	<u>orwich</u>	New London County	State of Connecticut
<u>Value</u>	<u>Number</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>%</u>
Less than \$50,000	647	7.1	3.1	1.9
\$50,000 to \$99,999	498	5.4	3.3	2.7
\$100,000 to \$149,999	1,533	16.8	6.7	7.2
\$150,000 to \$199,999	2,675	29.3	17.0	14.8
\$200,000 to \$299,999	2,910	31.8	35.0	29.3
\$300,000 to \$499,999	762	8.3	25.5	27.2
\$500,000 to \$999,999	104	1.1	7.4	12.4
\$1,000,000 or more	<u>16</u>	0.2	2.0	4.4
Totals	9,145	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census, American Community Survey, 2010-2012 (DP04).

Building Permits

Calendar	Re	Residential Commercial		mmercial	Industrial		(Other		Total	
Year Ended	No.	Value	No.	Value	No.	Value	No.	Value	No.	Value	
2014	1,958	\$18,694,563	176	\$8,053,706		\$		\$	2,134	\$26,748,269	
2013	1,874	15,535,880	214	11,602,204					2,088	27,138,084	
2012	1,427	19,452,636	155	7,761,148					1,582	27,213,784	
2011	1,518	14,645,754	165	7,046,135			4	1,250	1,687	21,693,139	
2010	1,510	14,605,025	160	15,293,738			25	5,300	1,695	29,904,063	
2009	1,231	17,348,116	269	4,475,596	1	52,000	61	1,430,636	1,562	23,306,348	
2008	1,827	13,949,602	312	15,969,375	3	23,360	45	1,999,093	2,187	31,941,430	
2007	1,779	25,968,385	295	26,309,884			19	499,450	2,093	52,777,719	
2006	1,545	23,456,782	250	41,858,422	1	1,500	4	850,000	1,800	66,166,704	
2005	1,775	34,060,390	262	21,315,948	1	200	9	4,650	2,047	55,381,188	

Source: Building Official, City of Norwich

[THIS PAGE HAS BEEN INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK.]

- Property Tax and Assessments
- Property Tax Levy and Collection
- Comparative Assessed Valuations
- Taxable Grand List and Tax Collections
- Major Taxpayers

Property Tax and Assessments

Section 12-62 et. seq. of the Connecticut General Statutes govern real property assessments and establish the revaluation cycle for Connecticut municipalities of a revaluation every five years and, generally, a physical inspection every ten years. Section 12-62 also imposes a penalty on municipalities that fail to effect revaluations as required, with certain exceptions. However, the statute permits the phase-in of a real property assessment increase resulting from a revaluation over a period of up to five years. The maintenance of an equitable tax base by locating and appraising all real and personal property within the City for inclusion on the Grand List is the responsibility of the Assessor's Office. The Grand List represents the total assessed values for all taxable and tax exempt real estate, taxable personal property, and motor vehicles located within the City as of October 1. Assessments for real and personal property are computed at seventy percent (70%) of the market value at the time of last revaluation, and at 70% of the annual approval of Motor Vehicles by the Office of Policy and Management. Grand List information is used by municipalities to set the mill rate which in turn becomes the basis for the City's annual tax levy. Any property owner may seek to appeal its assessment by filing a written appeal to a City's Board of Assessment Appeals. The Board of Assessment Appeals elects to hear such appeals and determines whether adjustments to the Assessor's list relating to assessments under appeal are warranted. Under Connecticut law, taxpayers who are dissatisfied with a decision by a City's Board of Assessment Appeals may appeal the decision to the Connecticut Superior Court. The City's last revaluation was implemented on October 1, 2013 (commencing tax fiscal year 2014-2015). The next scheduled revaluation is due October 1, 2018.

When a new structure or modification to an existing structure is undertaken, a municipality's Assessor's Office receives a copy of the permit issued by the Building Inspector. A physical appraisal is then completed and the structure classified and priced from a schedule developed as of the revaluation. Property depreciation and obsolescence factors are also considered when arriving at an equitable value.

Motor vehicle lists are furnished to municipalities by the State Department of Motor Vehicles and appraisals of motor vehicles are accomplished in accordance with an automobile price schedule developed by the Connecticut Association of Assessing Officials and as recommended by the State Office of Policy and Management. Section 12-71b of The Connecticut General Statutes provides that motor vehicles which are registered with the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles after the October 1 assessment date are subject to property tax as follows: 1) vehicles registered subsequent to October 1 but prior to the following August 1, are subject to a prorated tax based on the period of time from the date of registration until the following October 1; 2) vehicles purchased in August and September are not taxed until the next October 1 Grand List. With respect to replacement vehicles (as compared to additional vehicles) Section 12-71b provides for similar prorating of taxes on the new vehicle and a credit with respect to taxes due on the replaced vehicle during the assessment year.

All commercial personal property (furniture, fixtures, equipment, machinery and leased equipment) is assessed annually. An assessor's check and audit is completed periodically. Assessments for both personal property and motor vehicles are computed at seventy percent (70%) of present market value.

Section 12-124a of the Connecticut General Statutes permits a municipality, upon approval by its legislative body, to abate property taxes on owner-occupied residences to the extent that the taxes exceed eight percent of the owner's total income, from any source, adjusted for self-employed persons to reflect expenses allowed in determining adjusted gross income. The owner must agree to pay the amount of taxes abated with interest at 6% per annum, or at such rate approved by the legislative body, at such time that the residence is sold or transferred or on the death of the last surviving owner. A lien for such amounts is recorded in the land records but does not take precedence over any mortgage recorded before the lien.

Section 12-170v of the Connecticut General Statutes permits a municipality upon approval by its legislative body to freeze the property taxes due for certain low-income elderly residents. Any municipality providing such property tax relief may place a lien upon such property in the amount of total tax relief granted plus interest.

Property Tax Levy and Collection

Property taxes are levied on all taxable assessed property on the Grand List of October 1 prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. Real and personal property taxes are generally payable in two installments on July 1 and January 1, except that real and personal property taxes under \$100 are payable in one installment on July 1. Motor vehicle tax bills are payable in July and motor vehicle supplemental bills are payable in January. A margin against delinquencies, legal reductions, and Grand List adjustments, such as Assessor errors, is provided by adjusting the Grand List downward when computing anticipated property tax revenue from the current levy. An estimate for delinquent taxes and outstanding interest and lien fees anticipated to be collected during the fiscal year is normally included as a revenue item in the budget. Delinquent taxes are billed at least four times a year with interest charged at the rate of one and one-half percent per month with a minimum charge of \$2. In accordance with State law, the oldest outstanding tax is collected first. Outstanding real estate tax accounts are automatically liened each year prior to June 30 with legal demands and alias tax warrants used in the collection of personal property and motor vehicle tax bills. Delinquent motor vehicle and personal property tax accounts are transferred to a suspense account when collection appears unlikely at which time they cease to be carried as receivables by the City, although they remain collectible. Tax accounts unpaid fifteen years after the due date are not collectible in accordance with State statutes.

Comparative Assessed Valuations

		Real	Real Estate		Property			
FYE	Grand	Industrial/		Motor		Total Assessed	Less:	Total Taxable
6/30	<u>List 10/1</u>	<u>Commercial</u>	Residential	<u>Vehicles</u>	<u>Other</u>	<u>Value</u>	Exemptions	Assessed Value
2015	2013 ¹	\$347,540,820	\$1,148,373,600	\$199,569,950	\$138,284,200	\$1,833,768,570	\$38,117,150	\$1,795,651,420
2014	2012	453,161,300	1,669,949,700	194,509,080	140,057,210	2,457,677,290	33,750,270	2,423,927,020
2013	2011	454,877,200	1,675,445,015	218,925,275	144,144,082	2,493,391,572	38,323,212	2,455,068,360
2012	2010	454,256,500	1,661,420,601	183,848,923	132,757,250	2,432,283,274	41,561,735	2,390,721,539
2011	2009	467,731,000	1,656,684,500	202,208,858	118,062,320	2,444,686,678	36,521,640	2,408,165,038
2010	2008^{1}	433,291,000	1,666,402,137	194,403,183	114,906,447	2,409,002,767	30,891,414	2,378,111,353
2009	2007	344,640,000	1,235,104,300	208,755,740	112,574,765	1,901,074,805	24,841,160	1,876,233,645
2008	2006	341,359,800	1,225,489,388	183,185,660	92,878,143	1,842,912,991	23,383,850	1,819,529,141

Taxable Grand List and Tax Collections (Unaudited)

FYE		Adjusted Tax Levy	Collected in the	FY of the Levy	Collections in Subsequent	Total Collecti June 30	
6/30	Mill Rate	for Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage	Years	Amount	Percentage
General Fur	<u>1d</u>						
2014	27.23	\$65,922,369	\$63,720,850	96.66%		\$63,720,850	96.66%
2013	26.54	64,617,976	62,401,066	96.57	\$1,323,431	63,724,497	98.62
2012	24.76	59,109,668	57,141,194	96.67	1,767,142	58,908,336	99.66
2011	24.04	57,006,148	54,816,062	96.16	2,059,009	56,875,071	99.77
2010	23.48	55,162,306	53,056,137	96.18	2,054,674	55,110,811	99.91
2009	29.24	54,308,632	52,081,267	95.90	2,197,349	54,278,616	99.94
City Consol	idated District	(CCD) Fire Tax					
2014	5.04	\$4,377,711	\$4,171,888	95.30%		\$4,171,888	95.30%
2013	4.56	3,994,954	3,809,333	95.35	\$111,329	3,920,662	98.14
2012	4.07	3,495,998	3,329,031	95.22	145,949	3,474,980	99.40
2011	3.98	3,426,178	3,250,889	94.88	159,980	3,410,869	99.55
2010	3.63	3,135,998	2,991,472	95.39	141,411	3,132,883	99.90
2009	4.86	3,154,002	2,980,621	94.50	172,750	3,153,371	99.98
Town Conso	olidated Distric	t (TCD) Volunteer Fire	Relief Tax				
2014	0.36	\$564,456	\$552,037	97.80%		\$552,037	97.80%
2013	0.36	566,323	553,745	97.78	\$7,916	561,661	99.18
2012	0.36	555,983	544,300	97.90	10,880	555,180	99.86
2011	0.36	549,900	536,529	97.57	12,950	549,479	99.92
2010	0.36	540,412	525,314	97.21	14,737	540,051	99.93
2009	0.42	509,567	491,156	96.39	18,069	509,225	99.93

•

¹ Revaluation Year

Major Taxpayers

Name	Nature of Business	Property Assessed Value as of October 1, 2013	% of Net Taxable Grand List October 1, 2013 ¹
Computer Science Corporation	Computer Products & Services	\$24,985,670	1.39%
NorwichTown Commons	Shopping Center	15,637,300	0.87%
Bob's Discount Furniture	Retail Store	15,353,890	0.86%
EMC Corporation	Computer Leasing	11,489,310	0.64%
Norwich Realty Associates LLC	Real Estate	9,662,730	0.54%
Plaza Enterprises	Shopping Center	9,259,300	0.52%
Algonquin Gas Transmissions LLC	Natural Gas Pipeline	8,698,720	0.48%
Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.	Department Store	8,643,920	0.48%
Norwich Community Development	•		
Corporation	Office building	7,675,700	0.43%
Mashantucket Pequot Tribe	Real Estate	7,294,800	0.41%
-	TOTAL	118,701,340	6.61%

Source: City of Norwich Assessor's Office

[REMAINDER OF PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK]

Based on a 10/1/2013 Net Taxable Grand List of \$1,795,651,420.

- Principal Amount of Indebtedness
- Short Term Debt
- Overlapping/Underlying Debt
- **Aggregate Annual Debt Maturity Schedule**
- Authorized But Unissued Debt
- **■** Debt Statement
- Current Debt Ratios
- Limitation on Indebtedness
- Statement of Statutory Debt Limitation and Debt Margin
- **■ Debt Limitation Base**
- Bond Authorization
- Temporary Financing
- State of Connecticut School Building Grants
- Clean Water Fund Program

Principal Amount of IndebtednessPro Forma as of March 3, 2015

		Original Issue	Debt		<u>Final</u>
Date of Issue	<u>Purpose</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Outstanding	Coupon Rates	<u>Maturity</u>
General Purpose					
April 15, 2004	General Purpose, Series A	950,000	17,500	2.00-3.55%	2015
December 16, 2009	General Purpose, Series A	8,810,000	6,940,000	3.00-4.00%	2029
December 13, 2011	General Purpose	1,480,000	1,330,000	2.00-4.00%	2031
February 15, 2012	Refunding 2002	1,350,000	1,055,000	2.00%	2022
February 12, 2014	General Purpose, Series A	3,835,000	3,626,500	3.00-5.00%	2034
February 12, 2014	Refunding Bonds, Series B	1,064,962	728,372	3.00-5.00%	2019
March 3, 2015	General Purpose, Series A (This Issue)	1,750,000	1,750,000		2035
March 3, 2015	Taxable Bonds, Series B (This Issue)	<u>425,000</u>	425,000		2025
		19,676,939	15,872,372		
Urban Renewal					
March 3, 2015	Taxable Bonds, Series B (This Issue)	<u>715,000</u>	715,000		
		715,000	715,000		
Gas					
December 13, 2011	Gas Line Extension	1,000,000	900,000	2.00-4.00%	2031
February 12, 2014	Gas Line Extension, Series A	7,780,000	7,388,500	3.00-5.00%	2034
March 3, 2015	Gas Line Extension, Series A (This Issue)	3,220,000	3,220,000		2035
		12,000,000	11,508,500		
Schools					
December 30, 2008	QZAB - Kelly Middle School	2,940,000	1,470,000	0%	2020
December 16, 2009	General Purpose, Series A	2,000,000	1,580,000	3.00-4.00%	2029
December 13, 2011	Kelly Middle School Renovations	5,000,000	4,470,000	2.00-4.00%	2031
February 12, 2014	School Technology, Series A	150,000	125,000	3.00-5.00%	2021
February 12, 2014	Refunding Bonds, Series B	2,837,182	2,249,664	3.00-5.00%	2019
March 3, 2015	Schools, Series A (This Issue)	630,000	630,000		2030
		13,557,182	10,524,664		
Water - General Oblig	<u>ration</u>				
June 30, 2009	DWSRF 200801-C (Business Park)	450,000	320,625	2.27%	2029
December 31, 2010	DWSRF 2010-8005 (Fitch Hill)	144,728	107,340	2.06%	2030
December 31, 2010	DWSRF 2010-8006 (Fairview)	326,250	250,125	2.06%	2030
February 12, 2014	Water Refunding Bonds, Series B	1,038,032	791,393		2019
		1,959,010	1,469,483		
Sewer - General Oblig	<u>ation</u>				
April 15, 2004	Sewer Capital Project Bonds, Series A	2,170,000	212,500	2.00-3.55%	2015
December 16, 2009	Flyers Drive Sewer Improvements	600,000	480,000	3.00-4.00%	2029
December 13, 2011	Flyers Drive and Newton Street Sewers	2,200,000	1,980,000	2.00-4.00%	2031
February 15, 2012	Refunding 2002 Sewers	1,375,000	1,075,000	2.00%	2022
February 12, 2014	Newton Street Sewers, Series A	600,000	570,000	3.00-5.00%	2034
February 12, 2014	Sewers Refunding Bonds, Series B	827,847	610,570	3.00-5.00%	2019
		7,772,847	4,928,070		
Total Outstanding	General Obligation Debt			\$45,01	8,090
Cowan Davanua C	and Only 1				
Sewer – Revenue Secur		2 220 004	225 052	2.000/	2016
October 31, 1997	CWF 106-C	3,239,094	335,852	2.00%	2016
June 30, 2000	CWF 298-C	1,508,000	326,724	2.00%	2019
June 30, 2002	CWF 349-C	881,000	337,991	2.00%	2021
June 1, 2013	CWF 495-C (Digester)	5,747,554	5,039,397	2.00%	2032
December 31, 2013	CWF 625-D (Treatment Plant Design)	1,864,518	1,601,580	2.00%	2032
November 28, 2014	CWF 625-D-1 (Treatment Plant Design) – IFO	<u>2,510,422</u>	2,510,422 ²	2.00%	5/30/15
		15,750,588	10,151,966		

All revenue secured debt is issued through the Clean Water Fund. See "Clean Water Fund Program" herein.

These IFO amounts are short-term financing issued through the Clean Water Fund. See "Clean Water Fund Program" herein.

Water - Revenue Secu	red Only ¹				
December 31, 2002	CWF 9714-C	1,899,000	759,981	2.77%	2021
February 7, 2014	Stony Brook Buoyant Media- IFO	128,677	$128,677^2$	2.00%	6/30/15
February 7, 2014	Mohegan Park Tank- IFO	180,148	$180,148^2$	2.00%	6/30/15
February 7, 2014	Stony Brook North Transmission Main- IFO	180,148	$180,148^2$	2.00%	6/30/15
February 7, 2014	Stony Brook South Transmission Main- IFO	167,280	$167,280^2$	2.00%	6/30/15
April 30, 2014	Deep River Reservoir Pump/Drive				
	DWSRF 2011-7005	160,284	153,065	2.00%	2032
April 30, 2014	Deep River Reservoir Transmission Line				
	DWSRF 2011-7006	147,989	141,138	2.00%	2032
November 28, 2014	Deep River Reservoir Pump/Drive- IFO	2,293,347	$2,293,347^2$	2.00%	5/31/16
November 28, 2014	Deep River Reservoir Transmission Line - IFO	147,989	$147,989^2$	2.00%	5/31/16
		5,304,862	4,151,772		
Total Outstanding			<u>\$14,303,738</u>		
Total Outstanding		\$20,701,291			
Total Outstanding	Long-Term Debt			\$59,3	21,827

Short Term Debt

As of March 3, 2015, the City does not have any outstanding short term general obligation notes. Please see "Clean Water Fund Program" below for further details.

Overlapping/Underlying Debt

As of March 3, 2015, the City does not have any overlapping or underlying debt.

Aggregate Annual Debt Maturity Schedule

Pro Forma as of March 3, 2015

Solely Solely Solely \mathbf{GO} Revenue Revenue Revenue Fiscal Year GO**GO** Interest **Principal** Secured Secured Secured % **Ending (6/30)** Principal³ **Payments** % Retired Principal4 **Interest** Retired \$49,009 2015 \$540,350 \$411,287 1.20% \$241,902 2.68% 2016 4,111,049 1,406,192 10.33% 796,376 161,768 11.52% 2017 3,666,049 1,299,868 18.48% 673,442 146,489 18.98% 2018 3,611,049 1,185,072 26.50% 616,113 133,958 25.82% 2019 3,491,049 1,069,751 34.25% 627,091 121,471 32.77% 2020 3,281,049 964,265 41.54% 562,919 109,430 39.02% 2021 2,746,049 872,014 47.64% 574,395 97,954 45.39% 2022 2,401,049 786,473 52.97% 498,083 86,685 50.91% 2023 2,156,049 701,303 57.76% 418,650 78,537 55.55% 620,299 2024 2,151,049 62.54% 426,305 70,881 60.28% 540,241 434,115 2025 2,126,049 67.26% 65.10% 63,072 471,120 71.74% 442,082 2026 2,016,049 70.00% 55,104 2027 2,016,049 405.024 76.22% 450,210 46,976 74.99% 338,185 80.70% 458,502 80.08% 2028 2,016,049 38,684 85.17% 2,014,174 270,601 465,087 85.24% 2029 30.224 2030 1,989,930 203,310 89.59% 453,092 21,594 90.26% 2031 1,370,000 146,703 92.64% 461,897 12,789 95.39% 2032 101,563 95.69% 413,206 4,041 99.97% 1,375,000 2033 845,000 64,625 97.57% 2,888 100.00% 2034 845,000 34,500 99.44% 2035 250,000 100.00% \$45,018,090 \$11,892,396 \$9,016,354 \$1,432,344

_

All revenue secured debt is issued through the Clean Water Fund. See "Clean Water Fund Program" herein.

These IFO amounts are short-term financing issued through the Clean Water Fund. See "Clean Water Fund Program" herein.

Includes \$8,730,000 general obligation gas line debt that is expected to be paid from natural gas revenues.

⁴ Excludes interim IFO Clean Water Fund loans from the previous page as final debt service schedules haven't been finalized. These payments are secured solely from water or sewer revenues, and are not secured by the City's general obligation pledge.

Project	Date <u>Authorized</u>	Bonds Authorization	Prior Bonds / Pay downs	Estimated Grants/ CWF Note financing	This Issue	Remaining Authorization
General Purpose						
NL Tpke & Pleasant St Bridges	$06/21/04^{1}$	530,000	-	215,000	90,000	225,000
Dodd Stadium Improvements	09/04/07	610,000	580,000	_	30,000	
Infrastructure Improvement Program (2009)	11/03/09	5,000,000	4,432,000	-	568,000	
Greeneville & Buckingham School Demolition	10/03/11	675,000	665,000	-	· -	10,000
Infrastructure Improvement Program (2013)	11/05/13	5,000,000	-	-	1,092,000	3,908,000
Demolition of 77 Chestnut St. & 26 Shipping St.	01/06/14	500,000	-	-	395,000	105,000
Norwich Technology Improvements	03/03/14	800,000	-	-	-	800,000
Urban Renewal						
Downtown Revitalization	11/02/10	3,380,000	-	-	715,000	2,665,000
Schools						
Renovation & Expansion of Kelly Middle School	11/06/07	41,250,000	9,940,000	30,550,000	255,000	505,000
School Technology Improvements	07/01/13	525,000	150,000	-	375,000	
Sewers						
Gas line extensions Gas line extensions Gas line extensions Convent Obligation Bond Tatal	08/06/12 11/04/14	8,000,000 <u>9,500,000</u> 76,420,000	5,780,000 - - 22,197,000	- - 30,765,000	2,220,000 1,000,000 6,740,000	8,500,000 16,718,000
General Obligation Bond Total		70,420,000	22,197,000	30,703,000	6,740,000	10,718,000
Revenue Secured Sewers						
Wastewater Treatment Plant Digester	04/19/10	9,000,000	1,849,226	7,179,954	_	10.820^{2}
Design of WTP Improvements	04/19/10	6,000,000	-	5,824,983	-	175,017
Revenue Secured Water						
Backwash systems for Stony Brook reservoir	09/20/10	1,830,000	-	0	-	$1,830,000^3$
Deep River reservoir transmission line replacement	05/19/14	2,300,000	-	2,260,000	-	40,000
Deep River reservoir pump and drive system	05/19/14	3,000,000	-	2,900,000	-	100,000
Replacement of Stony Brook contact clarifier	05/19/14	4,700,000	-	4,251,500	-	448,500
Mohegan Park Water Storage Tank	03/04/13	2,800,000	-	2,498,184	-	301,816
Decommission Royal Oaks pump station and connection of Royal Oaks zone to Industrial Park Tank Service Zone	03/04/13	2,600,000	-	2,317,050	-	282,950
Rehab/Replace Stony Brook North transmission main	03/04/13	2,800,000	_	2,495,500	-	304,500
Rehab/Replace Stony Brook South transmission main	03/04/13	2,600,000		2,367,000	<u>-</u> _	233,000
Revenue Bond Total		37,630,000	1,849,226	32,094,171		3,726,603

Amended on January 16, 2007

Takes into account local additional appropriation of \$40,000

This project will not be implemented.

Debt Statement

Pro Forma as of March 3, 2015

GENERAL OBLIGATION

LONG TERM DEBT

General Purpose	\$15,872,372
Schools	10,524,664
Sewers & Water	6,397,553
Urban Renewal	715,000
Gas ¹	11,508,500
TOTAL LONG TERM DEBT	\$45,018,089
SHORT-TERM DEBT	\$0
TOTAL DIRECT DEBT	\$45,018,089
Less:	
Self-Supporting Debt ¹	(11,508,500)
TOTAL DIRECT NET DEBT	\$33,509,589
OVERLAPPING/UNDERLYING DEBT	<u>\$ 0</u>
TOTAL NET DIRECT DEBT	\$33,509,589

Current Debt Ratios

Pro Forma as of March 3, 2015 (Grand List \$ in thousands)

Population $(2010)^2$	40,493
Net Taxable Grand List 10/1/13 at 70% of Full Value ³	\$1,795,651
Estimated Full Value	\$2,565,216
Equalized Net Taxable Grand List (10/1/13) ⁴	\$2,919,737
Income per Capita ⁵	\$27,093
Estimated Full Value per Capita	\$63,350

	Total	Total Direct	Total Net
	Direct Debt	Net Debt	Direct Debt
Debt per Capita	\$1,112	\$828	\$828
Ratio to Net Taxable Grand List (%)	2.51%	1.87%	1.87%
Ratio to Estimated Full Value (%)	1.75%	1.31%	1.31%
Ratio to Equalized Net Taxable Grand List (%)	1.54%	1.15%	1.15%
Debt per Capita to Income per Capita (%)	4.10%	3.05%	3.05%

Limitation on Indebtedness

In accordance with the Connecticut General Statutes, the aggregate indebtedness of a municipality shall not exceed seven (7) times the annual receipts from taxation.

A municipality also shall not incur indebtedness through the issuance of bonds which will cause aggregate indebtedness by class to exceed the following:

General Purposes: 2.25 times annual receipts from taxation 4.50 times annual receipts from taxation School Purposes: 3.75 times annual receipts from taxation Sewer Purposes: 3.25 times annual receipts from taxation Urban Renewal Purposes: Unfunded Past Pension Obligation Purposes: 3.00 times annual receipts from taxation

While debt issued for gas line purposes is secured by the general obligation pledge of the City, the DPU has agreed to pay the City annually an amount equal to the debt service.

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census, 2010

³ Assessor's Office, City of Norwich

⁴ State of Connecticut, Fiscal Indicators, as of January 23, 2015

⁵ U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census, American Community Survey, 2010-2012 (DP03).

"Annual receipts from taxation", (the "base") is defined as total tax collections of the municipality and only coterminous municipalities (including interest, penalties and late payments) plus State payments for revenue loss under CGS Section 12-129d and State payments under CGS Section 7-528.

The statutes also provide for exclusion from a municipality's debt limit calculations debt issued in anticipation of taxes; for the supply of water, gas, electricity; for the construction of subways for cables, wires and pipes; for the construction of underground conduits for cables, wires and pipes; and for two or more such purposes. There are additional exclusions for indebtedness issued in anticipation of the receipt of proceeds from assessments levied upon property benefited by any public improvement and for indebtedness issued in anticipation of the receipt of proceeds from State or federal grants evidenced by a written commitment or contract but only to the extent such indebtedness can be paid from such proceeds. The statutes also provide for exclusion from debt limitation of any debt to be paid from a funded sinking fund.

Statement of Statutory Debt Limitation and Debt Margin

Presented below is the statutory debt limitation for the City of Norwich:

Debt Limitation Base

Debt Limitation Base

Pro Forma as of March 3, 2015

Total tax collections (including interest and lien fees) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. Tax Relief for Certain Elderly Persons

\$71,555,000 <u>4,000</u> \$71,559,000

s <u>4,000</u> \$71.559.000

Debt Limitation	General Purposes	Schools	Sewers	<u>Urban</u> Renewal	Pension Deficit
FACTOR MULTIPLIED BY BASE					
2 ½ times base	161,007,750	-	-	_	-
4 ½ times base	-	322,015,500	-	-	-
3 ³ / ₄ times base	-	-	268,346,250	-	-
3 ½ times base	-	-	-	232,566,750	-
3 times base		-	-	-	214,677,000
Total debt limitation	\$161,007,750	\$322,015,500	\$268,346,250	\$232,566,750	\$214,677,000
Debt as defined by statute					
Bonds Payable	13,697,372	9,894,664	4,928,070		
This Issue, Series A and Series B	2,175,000	630,000		715,000	
Notes Payable:					
Capital leases	1,123,000				
School Construction Grants					
Bonds authorized and unissued:	5,048,000	505,000		2,665,000	
Total Indebtedness	\$22,043,372	\$11,029,664	\$4,928,070	\$3,380,000	\$0
Debt Limitation in Excess of Outstanding and Authorized Limit	\$138,964,378	\$310,985,836	\$263,418,180	\$231,851,750	\$208,092,000
Percent of Limitation	<u>13.69%</u>	<u>3.43%</u>	<u>1.84%</u>	<u>1.45%</u>	<u>0.00%</u>

Note: In no case shall total indebtedness exceed \$500,913,000 or seven times annual receipt from taxation.

Bond Authorization

The City has the power to incur indebtedness by issuing its bonds or notes as authorized by the Connecticut General Statutes subject to statutory debt limitations and the procedural requirements of the City Charter. The issuance of bonds and notes is authorized by the City Council and referenda if the proposed issue exceeds \$800,000. Revenue secured obligations may be authorized by vote of the City Council.

Temporary Financing

When general obligation bonds have been authorized, bond anticipation notes may be issued maturing in not more than two years (CGS 7-378). Temporary notes may be renewed up to ten years from their original date of issue as long as all project grant payments are applied toward payment of temporary notes when they become due and payable and the legislative body schedules principal reductions by the end of the third year and for all subsequent years during which such temporary notes remain outstanding in an amount equal to a minimum of 1/20th (1/30th for sewer projects) of the estimated net project cost (CGS Sec. 7-378a). The term of the bonds issue is reduced by the amount of time temporary financing exceeds two years, or, for sewer projects, by the amount of time temporary financing has been outstanding.

Temporary notes may be funded beyond ten years from the initial borrowing if a written commitment exists for State and/or federal grants, for terms not to exceed six months until such time that the final grant payments are received (CGS Sec. 7-378b).

Temporary notes may also be issued for up to fifteen years for certain capital projects associated with the operation of a waterworks system (CGS Sec. 7-244a) or a sewage system (CGS Sec. 7-264a). In the first year following the completion of the project(s), or in the sixth year (whichever is sooner), and in each year thereafter, the notes must be reduced by at least 1/15 of the total amount of the notes issued by funds derived from certain sources of payment.

Temporary notes may be issued in one year maturities for up to fifteen years in anticipation of sewer assessments receivable, such notes to be reduced annually by the amount of assessments received during the preceding year (CGS Sec. 7-269a).

State of Connecticut School Building Grants

Pursuant to Section 10-287i of the Connecticut General Statutes, the State will make proportional progress payments for eligible construction costs during project construction. The State grant will be paid directly to the municipality after it submits its request for progress payments, and accordingly, the municipality will issue its bonds only for its share of project costs.

The State will advance school building construction reimbursements to the City of Norwich for eligible costs at a reimbursement rate of approximately 77%. The Kelly School project will be reimbursed at approximately 77%.

Clean Water Fund Program

The City is a participant in the State of Connecticut Clean Water Fund ("CWF") Program (Connecticut General Statutes Section 22a-475 et seq., as amended) which provides financial assistance for sewer improvements through a combination of grants and loans bearing interest at a rate of 2% per annum. All participating municipalities receive a grant of 20% and a loan of 80% of total eligible costs (with the exception of combined sewer overflow correction projects which are financed with a 50% grant and a 50% loan).

The CWF Program includes a drinking water component. Eligible drinking water projects receive State loans from the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund (DWSRF) established pursuant to the CWF, which bear interest at no more than one-half of the average net interest cost incurred by the State's previous similar bond issue. State water grant funding is not generally available; however the State administers federal grant funding such as the Long Island Sound Restoration Act (LISRA) and American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) through the DWSRF.

CWF and DWSRF loans are made pursuant to Project Grant and Project Loan Agreements ("Loan Agreements"). Construction costs are funded with temporary draw down loans called Interim Funding Obligations (IFO), which enables municipalities to borrow only what is required for project costs. The IFO is permanently financed through the issuance of a Project Loan Obligation ("PLO") at the conclusion of the project. IFOs and PLOs are secured by either the full faith and credit of the municipality and/or a dedicated source of revenue. Most of the City's CWF and DWSRF loans are secured only by sewer and water revenues.

Amortization of each loan is required to begin one year from the earlier of the scheduled completion date specified in the Loan Agreement or the actual project completion date. The final maturity of each PLO is twenty years from the scheduled completion date. Principal and interest payments are made (1) in equal monthly installments commencing one month after the scheduled completion date, or (2) in single annual installments representing 1/20 of total principal not later than one year from the scheduled completion date specified in the Loan Agreement repayable thereafter in monthly installments. Loans made under loan agreements entered into prior to July 1, 1989 are repayable in annual installments. Borrowers may elect to make level debt service payments or level principal payments. Borrowers may prepay their loans at any time prior to maturity without penalty. See "Municipal Services" under the Issuer, and "Water Operations" and "Wastewater Operations" therein.

The City has the following Clean Water Fund loans outstanding:

General Obligation Secured

Project	IFO/PLO	Date of Issue	Principal Loan	Interest Rate	Amount Outstanding
Business Park Water	PLO	06/30/2009	\$450,000.00	2.27%	\$345,000
Fitch Hill Water	PLO	12/31/2010	\$144,727.64	2.06%	\$115,179
Fairview Res. Tank	PLO	12/31/2010	326,250	2.06%	\$267,797

Sewer Revenue Secured

Project	IFO/PLO	Date of Issue	Principal Loan	Interest Rate	Amount Outstanding
Combined Sewer Overflow (106-C) Combined Sewer Overflow	PLO	10/31/1997	\$3,239,094.11	2.09%	\$928,445
(298-C) Combined Sewer Overflow	PLO	06/30/2000	\$1,508,000	2.00%	\$408,406
(349-C) Treatment Plant Digester	PLO	06/30/2002	\$880,593	2.00%	\$387,463
(495-C) Treatment Plant Design	PLO	05/31/2013	\$5,747,554.21	2.00%	\$5,301,612
(625-D) Treatment Plant Design ¹	PLO	12/31/2013	\$1,864,518	2.00%	\$1,687,355
(625-D-1)	IFO	11/28/2014	\$2,510,422.00	2.00%	\$2,510,422

The City will finance the construction of a new sewage treatment plant, currently being designed, through the Clean Water Fund with additional loans totaling approximately \$64,000,000 based on an estimated \$96,000,000 construction cost.

Water Revenue Secured

Project	IFO/PLO	Date of Issue	Principal Loan	Interest Rate	Amount Outstanding
Yantic Water Improvement	PLO	12/31/2002	\$1,898,651.36	2.77%	\$1,058,586
Stony Brook Buoyant Media	IFO	02/07/2014	\$128,677.00	2.00%	\$128,677.00
Mohegan Park Tank	IFO	02/07/2014	\$180,148.00	2.00%	\$180,148.00
Stony Brook North					
Transmission Main	IFO	02/07/2014	\$180,148.00	2.00%	\$180,148.00
Stony Brook South					
Transmission Main	IFO	02/07/2014	\$167,280.00	2.00%	\$167,280.00
Deep River Reservoir					
(Pump/Drive) (2011-7005)	PLO	04/30/2014	\$184,996.55	2.00%	\$184,996.55
Deep River Reservoir					
Transmission Line	DI O	04/20/2014	Ø1.47.000.25	2 000/	Ф1.47. ООО 2 5
(2011-7006)	PLO	04/30/2014	\$147,989.25	2.00%	\$147,989.25
Deep River Reservoir	IEO	11/20/2014	¢2 202 246 51	2.000/	¢2 202 246 51
Pump/Drive	IFO	11/28/2014	\$2,293,346.51	2.00%	\$2,293,346.51
Deep River Reservoir	IEO	11/20/2014	¢1 750 222 22	2.000/	¢1 750 222 22
Transmission Line	IFO	11/28/2014	\$1,758,232.23	2.00%	\$1,758,232.23

_

¹ These projects are in progress. The maximum available loan is under "Principal Loan". While the actual loan to date may be less than the maximum, it is expected that upon design completion the borrowing authorizations will be fully utilized and increased to provide for construction.

- Fiscal Year
- Basis of Accounting and Accounting Policies/
- Annual Audit
- Auditor's Disclaimer
- Budgetary Procedures
- Investment Policy
- Summary of Cash and Cash Equivalents
- Pension Programs
- OPEB Funding Policy
- General Fund Unrestricted Fund Balance Policy
- General Fund Revenues and Expenditures

Fiscal Year

The City's fiscal year begins July 1 and ends June 30.

Basis of Accounting and Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City of Norwich, Connecticut have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Please refer to Appendix A "Financial Statements" herein for compliance and implementation details.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues.

The new reporting model includes the following segments:

Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") provides introductory information on basic financial statements and an analytical overview of the City's financial activities.

Government-wide financial statements - consist of a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, which are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. These statements distinguish between governmental activities and business-type activities and exclude fiduciary (employee retirement system and agency funds). Capital assets, including infrastructure and long-term obligations are included along with current assets and liabilities.

Fund financial statements - provide information about the City's governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds. These statements emphasize major fund activity and, depending on the fund type, utilize different basis of accounting.

The general fund is the general operating fund of the City government. All unrestricted resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund, are accounted for in this fund. From this fund are paid general operating expenditures, fixed charges, principal and interest on long-term debt and capital improvement costs of the City, which were not paid through a special fund.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Sewer-Use, Sewer Assessment and Street Extension funds account for the activities of the Water Pollution Control Authority. It is independent in terms of its relationship to other City functions. Its operations are financed from special assessments and direct charges to the users of the service. The Authority operates the sewage pumping stations and collection systems.

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governments. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

The fiduciary funds are as follows:

Internal Service funds account for general insurance, medical insurance and workers' compensation insurance provided to other departments or agencies of the government.

Agency funds account for monies held as a custodian for outside groups and agencies.

Required supplementary information - in addition to the MD&A, budgetary comparison schedules are presented for the General Fund.

Please refer to Appendix A under "Financial Statements" herein for measurement focus and basis of accounting of the government-wide financial statements of the City.

Annual Audit

Pursuant to the Municipal Auditing Act (Chapter 111 of the Connecticut General Statutes), the City is obligated to undergo an annual examination by an independent certified public accountant. The audit must be conducted under the guidelines issued by the State of Connecticut Office of Policy and Management ("OPM"), and a copy of said audit report must be filed with OPM. The City is in compliance with said provisions.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the financial statements of the various funds of the City were audited by Blum, Shapiro & Company, PC, Certified Public Accountants, West Hartford, Connecticut. The fiscal year ended 2014 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR"), including the Auditors' opinion, the Federal and State Single Audit Reports and the Report on Compliance and Internal Control over Financial Reporting were filed with OPM prior to December 31, 2014.

Auditor's Disclaimer

Blum, Shapiro & Company, PC, Certified Public Accountants, West Hartford, Connecticut, the City's independent auditors, are not passing upon and do not assume responsibility for the sufficiency, accuracy or completeness of the financial information presented in this Official Statement (other than matters expressly set forth in Appendix A, "Financial Statements" herein), and make no representation that they have independently verified the same. The auditors have not been engaged nor performed audit procedures regarding the post audit period. The auditors have not been asked to nor have they provided their written consent to include their Independent Auditors' Report in this Official Statement.

Budgetary Procedures

The City of Norwich adheres to the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reported in the financial statements for the general fund. On or before the first Monday in April, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the year commencing the following July 1. Before the third Monday in April, the City Council holds a Public Hearing on the City Manager's proposed budget. On or before the second Monday in May, the City Council tentatively adopts a budget. The City Council holds a second Public Hearing on or before the third Monday in May. No later than the second Monday in June, the City Council adopts a budget for the next fiscal year.

Investment Policy

The City Charter and Sections 7-400 and 7-402 of the Connecticut General Statutes govern the investments the City is permitted to acquire. Generally, the City may invest in certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, municipal Bonds and notes, obligations of the United States of America, including joint and several obligations of the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association, the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, obligations of the United States Postal Service, all the Federal Home Loan Banks, all Federal Land Banks, the Tennessee Valley Authority, or any other agency of the United States government, and money market mutual funds. The City's investments do not include derivative products.

The investment practices of the City are in compliance with the Connecticut General Statutes.

Summary of Cash and Cash Equivalents

(As of December 31, 2014)

Total Cash and Cash Equivalents

\$29,884,000

Pension Programs: Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans Overview

The City of Norwich is the administrator of the City's Consolidated Pension Plan, a single-employer contributory defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS) established and administered by the City to provide pension benefits to all full-time non-certified employees. The Plan is considered to be part of the City of Norwich's financial reporting entity and is included in the City's financial reports as a pension trust fund. The plan does not issue a stand-alone report.

The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the City legislature. Benefits and contributions are established by the City and may be amended only by the City Charter and union negotiation. City employees are required to contribute 8.0%. Police and firefighter participants are required to contribute 8.0%. The City's funding policy provides for periodic employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. The City's current contribution percentage is 10.95% of covered payroll.

For the year ended June 30, 2014, the Town's annual pension contribution of \$5,849,000 was in excess of the City's required contribution of \$5,790,000. The discount rate used for the calculation of the unfunded accrued liability in the plan is 8.25% per year, compounded annually. The City has budgeted \$6,657,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015 contribution. Below is a schedule of funding progress for the City of Norwich Retirement System.

In response to and in compliance with GASB 67/68 and in consultation with the City's investment advisors and actuary, the City reduced the assumed rate of return from 8.25% to 7.75% and changed the amortization from 30 years open to a maximum closed 25-year period for unfunded liabilities that existed July 1, 2013 and maximum 20-years for any unfunded liabilities thereafter. In order to mitigate the impact on the operating budget, the City will increase its contribution by 15% each year starting in fiscal year 2014-15 to build up to the full actuarially determined contribution (ADC) over four to five years. The requirement to fund unfunded liabilities within the foregoing maximum 25 and 20 year periods are mandated by ordinance adopted by the City Council in December 2014, but is subject to repeal or override, including by the annual budget appropriating ordinance.

(In Thousands)

						Unfunded
						Accrued
Actuarial	Value	Actuarial	Unfunded		Annual	Liability as a %
Valuation	of	Accrued	Accrued	Percent	Covered	of Covered
Date	Assets	Liability	Liability	Funded	Payroll	Payroll
7/1/2013	144,789	227,932	83,143	63.5	37,572	221.3
7/1/2011	148,332	195,652	47,321	75.8	33,523	141.2
1/1/2010	149,304	184,161	34,857	81.1	32,509	107.2
1/1/2009	153,090	175,726	22,636	87.1	33,280	71.4
1/1/2008	157,020	165,406	8,386	94.9	30,696	27.3
1/1/2007	145,881	167,259	21,378	87.2	24,248	88.2

The City of Norwich is also the administrator of a Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Plan which was established to provide pension benefits to volunteers. The Plan is considered to be part of the City of Norwich's financial reporting entity and is included in the City's financial reports as a pension trust fund. The plan does not issue a stand-alone report. The City is committed to funding 100% of the ARC for the Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Plan.

Teachers within the City's school system participate in a retirement plan administered by the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement Board. The Board of Education withholds 7.25% of all teachers' annual salaries and transmits the funds to the State Teachers' Retirement Board. Certified payroll subject to retirement amounted to \$21,909,000 or 77.6% of the total Board of Education payroll of \$28,238,000.

For further details on the plans, please refer to Appendix A, under "Financial Statements" herein.

OPEB Funding Policy

The City and the Board of Education provide post-employment benefits for retirees who meet certain requirements regarding age and years of service. This benefit is provided based on union agreements and is fully funded by the City. The City is required to provide health, medical and life insurance to 387 retired City and Board of Education employees. The City's actuarial firm, Hooker & Holcombe, Inc., estimates the City's actuarial OPEB liability at \$55.5 million with an ARC of \$5.4 million.

With the July 1, 2013 valuation, the City reduced the assumed rate of return from 8% to 7.75% and changed the amortization from 30 years open to a maximum closed 25-year period for unfunded liabilities that existed July 1, 2013 and maximum 20-years for any unfunded liabilities thereafter. The requirement to fund unfunded liabilities within the foregoing maximum 25 and 20 year periods are mandated by ordinance adopted by the City Council in December 2014.

For further details on the plans, please refer to Appendix A, under "Financial Statements" herein.

General Fund Unrestricted Fund Balance Policy

The City Council adopted by ordinance a formal General Fund Unrestricted Fund Balance (UFB) policy in December 2014. This policy identifies a target fund balance range of 12% to 17% of annual General Fund expenditures and operating transfers. As of June 30, 2014, UFB was 9.47%. The policy provides the City will use all General Fund operating surpluses for the initial build-up from 9.47% to 12%. The policy does not allow appropriations from UFB to balance the budget, thereby facilitating the 12% goal. As an example, if the City had discontinued the practice of using Unrestricted Fund Balance to balance the annual budget from fiscal year 2007-08 forward – just seven years ago – the City's UFB would be over 13% at the end of fiscal year 2013-14.

The UFB may be used for absorbing operating deficits at any time. If UFB goes over 17%, the Council may appropriate the excess to:

- fund capital improvements beyond the level required by the Charter
- transfer funds to the bonded projects fund to finance authorized, but unissued projects
- retire existing debt early
- make extra contributions into the Pension or OPEB funds

The UFB policy ordinance is subject to repeal or override, including by the annual budget appropriating ordinance.

General Fund Revenues and Expenditures

(Numbers in 000s)

The General Fund revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010 through June 30, 2014 have been derived from the City's audited financial statements. The budget for 2014-15 is stated on a budgetary basis, which is different from the audited financial statements presentation. The City's independent auditors have not examined, reviewed or compiled any of the estimates presented below or expressed any conclusion or provided any other form of assurance with respect to such estimates, and accordingly, assumes no responsibility for them. The financial information presented herein is the responsibility of the City's management. ("Appendix A – Financial Statements" was taken from the City's General Purpose Financial Statements for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2014).

	Budget 2014-15	Actual <u>2013-14</u>	Actual 2012-13	Actual 2011-12	Actual 2010-11	Actual 2009-10
REVENUES	2014-13	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2007-10
Property Taxes	\$69,545	\$66,620	\$64,821	\$59,244	\$56,857	\$55,495
Intergovernmental Revenue	38,117 ¹	44,891	43,580	42,703	38,103	37,742
Charges for services	1,864	2,097	2,023	2,012	1,978	2,343
Licenses, permits and fees	580	543	671	495	624	512
Investment income	45	39	32	7	47	193
Other	1,971	1,198	1,023	1,135	1,727	1,360
Total Revenues	\$112,122	\$115,388	\$112,150	\$105,596	\$99,336	\$97,645
EXPENDITURES						
General Government	\$5,182	\$4,933	\$4,901	\$4,493	\$5,350	\$5,243
Public Safety	16,048	15,586	14,730	13,278	12,608	11,785
Social Services	1,892	2,012	2,025	1,858	1,775	2,079
Public Works	10,118	9,691	9,467	8,955	9,091	8,990
Education	71,593 ¹	77,381	75,394	72,021	67,160	66,152
Other	6,411	5,598	4,943	4,795	3,411	3,461
Capital Outlay	0	617	0	0	804	0
Debt Service	5,436	5,340	5,164	4,908	4,772	4,243
Total Expenditures	\$116,680	\$121,158	\$116,624	\$110,308	\$104,971	\$101,953
OTHER FINANCING						
SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In	\$6,391	\$7,357	\$7,690	\$7,222	\$8,091	\$6,976
Transfers (Out)	(1,833)	(2,418)	(2,656)	(2,702)	(2,535)	(2,535)
Other					804	70
Total Sources (Uses)	\$4,558	\$5,556	\$5,034	\$4,520	\$6,360	\$4,511
Revenues and other financing						
sources (under) expenditures	0	(214)	560	(192)	725	203
Fund Balance, July 1	\$10,981	\$11,195	\$10,635	\$10,827	\$10,102	\$9,899
Fund Balance, June 30	\$10,981	\$10,981	\$11,195	\$10,635	\$10,827	\$10,102

Source: City's Financial Statements from 2010-2014; City Approved Budget 2014-15

.

 $^{{}^{1}\}text{ Excludes State of Connecticut on behalf contributions to the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement Systems}$

[THIS PAGE HAS BEEN INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK.]

LEGAL AND OTHER INFORMATION

- Litigation
- Availability of Continuing Disclosure Information
- Transcript and Closing Documents
- Legal Matters
- Concluding Statement

Litigation

The City of Norwich, its officers, employees, boards and commissions are named defendants in a number of lawsuits, tax appeals, administrative proceedings and other miscellaneous claims. It is the Corporation Counsel's opinion that such pending litigation will not be finally determined, individually or in the aggregate, so as to result in final judgments against the City which would have a material adverse effect on the City's financial position.

Availability of Continuing Disclosure Information

The City prepares, in accordance with State law, annual audited financial statements and files such annual audits with the State of Connecticut, Office of Policy and Management within six months of the end of its fiscal year. The City provides, and will continue to provide, to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board's ("MSRB") Electronic Municipal Market Access System ongoing disclosure in the form of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, recommended and adopted budgets, and other materials relating to its management and financial condition, as may be necessary or requested.

In accordance with the requirements of Rule 15c2-12(b)(5) promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission, in connection with the issuance of the Bonds, the City will agree to provide or cause to be provided, (i) annual financial information and operating data, (ii) notice of certain events with respect to the Bonds, and (iii) timely notice of a failure of the City to provide the required annual financial information on or before the date specified in the Continuing Disclosure Agreement to be executed in substantially the form attached as Appendix C to this Official Statement.

The City has previously undertaken in Continuing Disclosure Agreements entered into for the benefit of holders of certain of its general obligation bonds and notes to provide certain annual financial information and event notices pursuant to Rule 15c2-12(b)(5). The City has not materially failed to meet any of its undertakings under such agreements during the past 5 years.

Transcript and Closing Documents

Upon delivery of the Bonds, the Underwriter will be furnished with the following:

- 1. Signature and No Litigation Certificates stating that at the time of delivery no litigation is pending or threatened affecting the validity of the Bonds or the levy or collection of taxes to pay the principal of and the interest on the Bonds.
- 2. A Certificate on behalf of the City signed by the Acting City Manager and the Comptroller, which will be dated the date of delivery and attached to a confirmed copy of the Official Statement, and which will certify, to the best of said officials' knowledge and belief, the descriptions and statements in the Official Statement relating to the City and its finances were true and correct in all material respects and did not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading, and that there has been no material adverse change in the financial condition of the City from that set forth in or contemplated by the Official Statement.
- 3. Receipts for the purchase price of the Bonds.
- 4. The approving opinions of Joseph Fasi LLC, Hartford, Connecticut for the Bonds in substantially the form set out in Appendix B to this Official Statement.
- 5. An executed Continuing Disclosure Agreement for the Bonds in substantially the form set out in Appendix C of this Official Statement.
- 6. Within seven (7) business days after the award, the City will make available to the winning bidder of each series of Bonds 15 copies of the Official Statement at the City's expense. Additional copies may be obtained by the winning bidder at its own expense by arrangement with the printer.

A record of the proceedings taken by the City in authorizing the Bonds will be kept on file at the principal office of the Registrar and Paying Agent, U.S. Bank National Association of Hartford, Connecticut and may be examined upon reasonable request.

Legal Matters

Joseph Fasi LLC is acting as Bond Counsel in connection with the issuance of the Bonds. Delivery of the Bonds is conditioned upon delivery by Bond Counsel of its opinion substantially in the form set forth in Appendix B of this Official Statement.

Concluding Statement

To the extent that any statements made in this Official Statement involve matters of opinion or estimates such statements are made as such and not as representations of fact or certainty, and no representation is made that any of such statements will be realized. Information herein has been derived by the City from official and other sources and is believed by the City to be reliable, but such information other than that obtained from official records of the City has not been independently confirmed or verified by the City and its accuracy is not guaranteed.

Additional information may be obtained upon request from the City of Norwich Department of Finance, Attention Joshua A. Pothier, Comptroller, 100 Broadway, Norwich, Connecticut, telephone (860) 823-3720.

This Official Statement has been duly prepared and delivered by the City, and executed for and on behalf of the City by the following officials:

By:	/s/ John Bilda	By:	/s/ Joshua A. Pothier	
	John Bilda, Acting City Manager		Joshua A. Pothier, Comptroller	

Dated as of: February 18, 2015







Tel 860.561.4000 Fax 860.521.9241



Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Norwich, Connecticut

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Norwich, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Norwich, Connecticut's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Norwich, Connecticut, as of June 30, 2014 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 11, the budgetary comparison information on pages 61 through 64 and the required schedules of the Pension Trust Funds on pages 65 through 70 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Norwich, Connecticut's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic

financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

We also previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statements of the City of Norwich, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013 (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon dated December 4, 2013, which contained unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information. The accompanying General Fund balance sheet as of June 30, 2013 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare The accompanying General Fund balance sheet has been the 2013 financial statements. subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2013 basic financial statements and certain additional procedures including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare those financial statements or to those financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the General Fund balance sheet is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended June 30, 2013.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 17, 2014 on our consideration of the City of Norwich, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Norwich, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

West Hartford, Connecticut December 17, 2014

Blum, Shapino + Company, P.C.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2014

This discussion and analysis of the City of Norwich, Connecticut's (the City) financial performance is offered by management to provide an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. Please read this MD&A in conjunction with the transmittal letter and the City's financial statements, Exhibits I to IX

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- On a government-wide basis, the assets of the City exceeded its liabilities, resulting in total net position at the close of the fiscal year of \$239.3 million. Total net position for governmental activities at fiscal year-end was \$110.7 million, and total net position for business-type activities was \$128.6 million. Total unrestricted net position at June 30, 2014 was \$40.8 million.
- On a government-wide basis, during the year, the City's net position increased by \$1.7 million from \$237.6 million to \$239.3 million. Governmental activities net position increased by \$1.0 million, and net position increased by \$0.7 million for business-type activities. Governmental activities expenses were \$148.8 million, while total revenues including transfers were \$149.8 million.
- At the close of the year, the City's governmental funds reported, on a current financial resource basis, combined ending fund balances of \$18.0 million, an increase of \$6.9 million from the prior fiscal year. Of the total fund balance as of June 30, 2014, \$14.3 million represents the combined unrestricted fund balance in the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds and Capital Projects Funds.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the total fund balance for the General Fund was \$11.0 million, a decrease of \$0.2 million from the prior fiscal year. As of June 30, 2014, \$11.0 million of the total fund balance is unrestricted representing 9.47% of total General Fund actual expenditures and operating transfers on a budgetary basis.
- The City's governmental activities total bonded debt increased by \$9.2 million during the current fiscal year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities (Exhibits I and II, respectively) provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. Fund financial statements are presented in Exhibits III to IX. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The analysis of the City as a whole begins with Exhibits I and II. The statement of net position and the statement of activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities for the current period. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net position and changes in them. The City's net position, the difference between assets and liabilities, is one way to measure the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position is one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The reader needs to consider other nonfinancial factors, however, such as changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's capital assets, to assess the overall health of the City.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the City is divided into two types of activities:

- Governmental Activities Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including education, public safety, sanitation, social services, public works and general administration. Property taxes, charges for services and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-Type Activities The City charges a fee to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The City's Department of Public Utilities, Golf Course Authority, Stadium Authority and Ice Rink Authority are reported here.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin with Exhibit III and provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by Charter. However, the City establishes many other funds to help control and manage financial activities for particular purposes (like the capital projects funds) or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using grants and other money (like grants received from the State of Connecticut's Department of Education). The City's funds are divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

- Governmental Funds (Exhibits III and IV) Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation included with the fund financial statements.
- Proprietary Funds (Exhibits V, VI and VII) When the City charges customers for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other units of the City, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities. In fact, the City's enterprise funds (a component of proprietary funds) are the same as the business-type activities reported in the government-wide statements, but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds.
- Fiduciary Funds (Exhibits VIII and IX) The City is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its employees' pension and other benefit plans. It is also responsible for other assets that, because of a trust arrangement, can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. All of the City's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position. These activities are excluded from the City's other financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The City's combined net position increased from a year ago from \$237.6 million to \$239.3 million. The analysis below focuses on the net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) of the City's governmental and business-type activities.

Table 1
NET POSITION
(In Thousands)

		Governm Activiti			Busine Acti		• •		Т	otal	
	_	2014	2013	_	2014	VIC	2013	_	2014	otai	2013
Current and other assets Capital assets Total assets	\$	55,885 \$ 127,617 183,502	46,390 128,901 175,291	\$	37,078 126,330 163,408	\$	33,863 124,629 158,492	\$	92,963 253,947 346,910	\$	80,253 253,530 333,783
Deferred charge on refunding	_	186	207	_		_		_	186	_	207
Long-term debt outstanding Unearned revenue Other liabilities Total liabilities	_	59,242 2,354 11,360 72,956	52,713 1,905 11,203 65,821	_	26,496 207 8,127 34,830	_	21,122 9,438 30,560	_	85,738 2,561 19,487 107,786	. <u>-</u>	73,835 1,905 20,641 96,381
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	_	84,303 1,667 24,762	95,200 1,537 12,940	_	112,277 228 16,073	_	112,113 188 15,631	_	196,580 1,895 40,835	<u> </u>	207,313 1,725 28,571
Total Net Position	\$	110,732 \$	109,677	\$_	128,578	\$_	127,932	\$_	239,310	\$	237,609

Net position of the City's governmental activities increased by \$1.0 million (\$110.7 million compared to \$109.7 million). Unrestricted net position - the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation or other legal requirements - changed from \$12.9 million at June 30, 2013 to \$24.8 million at the end of this year. The net position of business-type activities increased by 0.5% (\$128.6 million compared to \$127.9 million) during 2014.

Table 2 CHANGES IN NET POSITION

(In Thousands)

		Governmental			Busine	ess-	-Type					
		A	etivi	ties		Acti	ivit	ties		1	otal	
	_	2014		2013	_	2014		2013	_	2014		2013
Revenues:												
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	5,386	\$	6,220	\$	86,858	\$	83,799	\$	92,244	\$	90,019
Operating grants and												
contributions		58,277		55,684						58,277		55,684
Capital grants and												
contributions		1,664		791		1,798		65		3,462		856
General revenues:												
Property taxes		70,539		69,598						70,539		69,598
Grants and contributions not												
restricted to specific purposes		4,900		5,005						4,900		5,005
Unrestricted investment												
earnings		247		202		5		6		252		208
Other general revenues		942		1,126						942		1,126
Total revenues	_	141,955		138,626	_	88,661	_	83,870	_	230,616	_	222,496
Program expenses:												
General government		8,296		11,905						8,296		11,905
Public safety		23,882		22,840						23,882		22,840
Social services		4,248		4,059						4,248		4,059
Public works		15,989		11,887						15,989		11,887
Education		94,935		92,976						94,935		92,976
Interest on long-term debt		1,488		1,232						1,488		1,232
Department of Public Utilities						77,462		75,476		77,462		75,476
Other enterprise funds						2,615		2,470		2,615		2,470
Total program expenses	_	148,838		144,899	_	80,077	_	77,946	_	228,915	_	222,845
Excess (deficiency) before transfers		(6,883)		(6,273)		8,584		5,924		1,701		(349)
Transfers	-	7,938	-	8,089	_	(7,938)	_	(8,089)	_	-	_	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$_	1,055	\$_	1,816	\$_	646	\$ _	(2,165)	\$_	1,701	\$	(349)

The City's total revenues were \$230.6 million. The total cost of all programs and services was \$228.9 million. Our analysis below separately considers the operations of governmental and business-type activities.

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the City's assets by \$1.0 million during the year compared with an increase of \$1.8 million last year. Total revenues of \$142.0 million and \$7.9 million in transfers from the City's business-type activities provided funding for the City's \$148.8 million of governmental program expenses incurred during the year.

The City's revenues increased \$3.4 million (\$142.0 million compared to \$138.6 million) which was composed of increases in capital grants for the Kelly Middle School renovation project and Intermodal Transportation Center as well as increases in operating grants and property taxes.

Total program expenses were \$148.8 million as compared with \$144.9 million reported last year. The expenses of the Education, Public Safety, and Public Works functions experienced increases primarily attributable to rising pension, OPEB and health insurance as well as increases in operating and capital grant-related expenditures for those functions.

Property tax revenues increased \$1.0 million. Changes in program expenses are mostly tied to increases in expenditures budgeted in the City's General Fund for the cost of current services during 2014 compared with 2013.

Table 3 presents the cost of each of the City's five largest programs - general government, public safety, social services, public works and education - as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the City's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
(In Thousands)

		Total Cost	of	Services		Net Cost	of S	ervices
		2014		2013		2014	_	2013
General government	\$	8,296	\$	11,905	\$	6,161	\$	9,892
Public safety		23,882		22,840		23,070		22,385
Social services		4,248		4,059		2,298		1,516
Public works		15,989		17,245		13,325		14,516
Education		94,935		92,976		37,169		38,021
All others	<u></u>	1,488		1,232		1,488		1,232
Totals	\$	148,838	\$	150,257	\$	83,511	\$	87,562

Business-Type Activities

Revenues of the City's business-type activities (see Table 2) increased by \$4.8 million during the year (\$88.7 million in 2014 compared to \$83.9 million in 2013) and expenses increased by \$2.0 million. Overall net position increased \$0.7 million in 2014 compared with a decrease of \$2.2 million in 2013. The operating surpluses in the gas, water, and sewer divisions drove the overall increase in the net assets of business-type activities.

CITY FUNDS FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Governmental Funds

As the City completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet - Exhibit III) reported a combined fund balance of \$18.0 million, which is an increase of \$6.9 million from last year's total of \$11.1 million. Included in this year's total change in fund balance is a decrease of \$0.2 million in the City's General Fund. The primary reasons for the General Fund's decrease mirror the general fund activities analysis highlighted in RSI-1 and RSI-2.

The Bond Expenditure Fund reported a fund deficit of \$0.9 million at June 30, 2014. The fund balance increased by \$6.9 million during the year. The City will issue bonds during 2015 to replenish the fund.

The other governmental funds have a total fund balance of \$8.0 million - a \$0.2 million increase from last year.

Proprietary Funds

Net position of the Department of Public Utilities was \$119.9 million, as compared to \$118.5 million in the prior year, and City's other nonmajor enterprise funds net position decreased \$700 thousand to \$8.7 million from \$9.4 million.

Unrestricted net position of the Department of Public Utilities was \$16.7 million, and a deficit of \$635 thousand for the other nonmajor enterprise funds. The Department of Public Utilities had operating revenues of \$85.0 million from user fees, and other enterprise funds had \$1.8 million. The total increase in net position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 was \$0.7 million.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

In addition to some interdepartmental budget transfers, the General Fund had supplemental appropriations as follows:

- \$150 thousand for Education resulting from an agreement between the City Council and Board of Education to set aside funds from 2013 and re-appropriate them in 2014 for the purpose of paying for School Resource Officers at the two middle schools
- \$16 thousand for a contribution to Thames Valley Council for Community Action for their Meals on Wheels program.

During the year, actual revenues and other financing sources on a budgetary basis were \$115.8 million, which was \$112 thousand lower than budgetary estimates. The variance was caused primarily by lower than anticipated State of Connecticut Special Education Excess Cost grant revenues (See RSI-1 for additional detail).

Actual expenditures on a budgetary basis and other financing uses totaled \$116.2 million, which were higher than actual revenues and other financing sources on a budgetary basis by \$357 thousand. Actual expenditures on a budgetary basis were \$321 thousand less than budgeted. Lower than budgeted expenditures were experienced in the General Government, Public Safety, Public Works, Social Services, and Debt Service. The variance in Debt Service was caused by a February 2014 refunding of some 2004 and 2005 bond issues.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2014, the City had \$253.9 million invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, building and system improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, sewers and bridges - Table 4. This amount represents a net increase (including additions, deductions and depreciation) of \$0.4 million, or 0.2%, over last year.

Table 4
CAPITAL ASSETS AT YEAR-END (Net of Depreciation)

(In Thousands)

	_	Gover Act		_	Busine Acti		• •	_	T	`ota	al	
	_	2014	 2013		2014		2013	-	2014	_	2013	
Land	\$	24,495	\$ 24,244	\$	3,204	\$	3,204	\$	27,699	\$	27,448	
Buildings and improvements		35,670	37,548		24,909		27,105		60,579		64,653	
Vehicles, machinery, equipment, pumping and distributions systems Technology upgrade and road		7,010	6,625		84,572		83,499		91,582		90,124	
infrastructure		19,445	19,253						19,445		19,253	
Construction in progress	_	40,997	 41,231		13,645		10,821	_	54,642	_	52,052	
Totals	\$	127,617	\$ 128,901	\$	126,330	\$	124,629	\$	253,947	\$	253,530	

This year's major capital asset additions included the following (in thousands):

Gas Line Extensions, Replacements, &	
Installations	\$ 3,113
Wastewater Treatment Plant	2,452
Road Overlays	2,176
Intermodal Transportation Center	255
Control Room & Data Center	 200
Total	\$ 8,196

The City's fiscal-year 2014-15 capital budget calls for spending \$1.7 million for road overlays, public works vehicles, police vehicles, fire equipment and other projects. More detailed information about the City's capital assets is presented in Note 6 to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2014, the City had total bonds and notes outstanding of \$55.4 million. All of this debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the City. The City's outstanding net debt increased by \$11.0 million during fiscal 2014.

Table 5
OUTSTANDING DEBT, AT YEAR-END
(In Thousands)

		Governmental Activities			Business Activi	• 1	Total					
		2014	2013	_	2014	2013	_	2014	2013			
General obligation bonds	\$	42,377 \$	33,241	\$	263 \$	354	\$	42,640 \$	33,595			
Serial notes payable	_			_	12,773	10,815	_	12,773	10,815			
Total	\$	42,377 \$	33,241	\$	13,036 \$	11,169	\$	55,413 \$	44,410			

On September 5, 2013, Fitch Ratings affirmed its AA rating with a stable outlook. In January 17, 2014, Standard & Poor's assigned an AA rating on Norwich's \$18.9 million 2014 bond issue and upgraded its rating for Norwich from AA- to AA on Norwich's outstanding debt as of that date with a stable outlook. On January 17, 2014, Moody's assigned an Aa2 rating on Norwich's \$18.9 million 2014 bond issue and affirmed its Aa2 rating on the Norwich's debt outstanding as of that date.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to up to seven times its annual receipts from taxation. The current debt limitation for the City of Norwich is \$501 million. The City's outstanding general obligation debt is at 11.06% of this limitation. Table 9 presents more detailed information about the debt limitation.

Other obligations include net OPEB obligation, accrued vacation pay and sick leave, and risk management claims. More detailed information about the City's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 7 to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

As of September 2014, the unemployment rate for the Norwich was 7.2%, down from 8.9% in the prior year. Connecticut's overall unemployment rate stood at 5.9%, compared with 7.5% for the same time last year. The State of Connecticut's education and non-education formula grants have not kept pace with inflation. This, coupled with increased employee benefit costs, creates a challenge for Norwich. The City, however, is poised to overcome such challenges with its commitments to economic development; cost reduction, including negotiation of reductions in OPEB benefits for future employees; and funding its long-term liabilities. The effects of these efforts are exemplified in the initiatives noted in the transmittal letter.

The fiscal year 2015 General Fund budget calls for \$118.5 million in revenues and expenditures, an approximate 1.75% increase in expenditures over fiscal year 2014. On the revenue side, the fiscal year 2014 budgeted tax levy increased 4.66% and the mill rate increased 11.32 mills from 27.23 to 38.55. The large increase is due to a decrease in the assessed values of real estate as a result of the October 1, 2013 revaluation. No unrestricted fund balance was used to balance the adopted budget.

In the City's business-type activities, the Norwich Public Utilities projects an 1.98% increase in revenues from fiscal year 2014 from \$87.6 million to \$89.4 million. This increase is largely due to the expansion of the gas customer base and increases in electric rates. Norwich Public Utilities budgeted \$7.9 million in capital improvements to bolster its infrastructure and operational efficiency.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Office of the Comptroller, 100 Broadway, Norwich, Connecticut 06360-4431.

Basic Financial Statements

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

	overnmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 25,980	\$ 17,893	\$ 43,873
Investments	3,554		3,554
Receivables, net	24,617	16,494	41,111
Internal balances	409	(409)	-
Due to Fiduciary Funds	994		994
Inventories	64	1,993	2,057
Other assets	267	1,107	1,374
Capital assets:			
Assets not being depreciated	65,492	16,849	82,341
Assets being depreciated, net	 62,125	109,481	171,606
Total assets	 183,502	163,408	346,910
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Deferred charge on refunding	 186		186
Liabilities:			
Accounts and other payables	11,360	8,127	19,487
Unearned revenue	2,354	207	2,561
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due within one year	7,985	5,416	13,401
Due in more than one year	51,257	21,080	72,337
Total liabilities	 72,956	34,830	107,786
Net Position:			
Net investment in capital assets	84,303	112,277	196,580
Restricted for trust purposes:			
Expendable	43		43
Permanent	1,624		1,624
Restricted for energy conservation		228	228
Unrestricted	 24,762	16,073	40,835
Total Net Position	\$ 110,732 \$	128,578	\$ 239,310

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

				Operating	Capital	Net l Ch		
		Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$	8,296 \$	2,107 \$	28	\$	(6,161) \$	\$	(6,161)
Public safety		23,882	452	360		(23,070)		(23,070)
Social services		4,248	435	1,515		(2,298)		(2,298)
Public works		15,989	811	863	990	(13,325)		(13,325)
Education		94,935	1,581	55,511	674	(37,169)		(37,169)
Interest on long-term debt		1,488				(1,488)		(1,488)
Total governmental activities	_	148,838	5,386	58,277	1,664	(83,511)		(83,511)
Business-type activities:								
Department of Public Utilities:								
Gas		15,619	17,609		23		2,013	2,013
Electric		48,119	51,627		383		3,891	3,891
Water		6,745	8,808		96		2,159	2,159
Sewer		6,979	6,994		1,296		1,311	1,311
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds:								
Golf Course Authority		1,182	1,131				(51)	(51)
Stadium Authority		362	155				(207)	(207)
Ice Rink Authority		1,071	534				(537)	(537)
Total business-type activities	_	80,077	86,858		1,798		8,579	8,579
Total	\$	228,915 \$	92,244 \$	58,277	\$ 3,462	(83,511)	8,579	(74,932)
		Ger	neral revenues:					
			roperty taxes			70,539		70,539
			Grants and contributions i		fic programs	4,900		4,900
		U	Inrestricted investment ea	arnings		247	5	252
		N	/liscellaneous			942		942
			Total general revenues			76,628	5	76,633
		Tra	nsfers			7,938	(7,938)	
		Cha	ange in Net Position			1,055	646	1,701
		Net	Position at Beginning of	f Year, as Restated		109,677	127,932	237,609
		Net	Position at End of Year		\$	110,732 \$	128,578 \$	239,310

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

	_	General	 Bond Expenditure	 Nonmajor Governmental Funds	_	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	25,638	\$	\$ 342	\$	25,980
Investments		1,992		1,562		3,554
Receivables, net		7,465		8,730		16,195
Due from other funds		4,281		6,557		10,838
Other assets	_			 64	-	64
Total Assets	\$_	39,376	\$ -	\$ 17,255	\$	56,631
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts and other payables	\$	7,649	\$ 596	\$ 2,844	\$	11,089
Due to other funds		13,853	323	2,101		16,277
Unearned revenue		302		853		1,155
Total liabilities	_	21,804	 919	5,798	-	28,521
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		3,381		266		3,647
Unavailable revenue - special assessments		3,210		132		3,342
Unavailable revenue - loans receivable				3,041		3,041
Unavailable revenue - other receivable				32		32
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	6,591	 -	 3,471	-	10,062
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable				1,660		1,660
Restricted				2,096		2,096
Committed				4,354		4,354
Assigned		498		-		498
Unassigned		10,483	(919)	(124)		9,440
Total fund balances	_	10,981	 (919)	 7,986	-	18,048
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and						
Fund Balances	\$	39,376	\$ -	\$ 17,255	\$	56,631

(Continued on next page)

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit I) are different because of the following:

Fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 18,048
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Governmental capital assets	\$ 193,851	
Less accumulated depreciation	 (66,234)	107 (17
Net capital assets		127,617
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period		
expenditures and, therefore, are not recorded in the funds:		
Property tax receivables greater than 60 days		2,960
Interest receivable on property taxes		687
Housing rehabilitation loans		1,842
Accounts and other receivables		11,796
Net pension asset		267
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of		
risk management to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of		
the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities		
in the statement of net position.		1,010
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable		
in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Bonds and notes payable		(40,810)
Deferred charge on refunding		186
Unamortized bond premium		(1,567)
Interest payable on bonds and notes		(264)
Compensated absences		(3,470)
Landfill closure		(1,562)
Capital lease		(1,123)
Net pension obligation		(91)
Net OPEB obligation		 (4,794)
Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit I)		\$ 110,732

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

		General		Bond Expenditure	(Nonmajor Governmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues:					_			,
Property taxes, interest and liens	\$	66,620	\$		\$	4,935	\$	71,555
Intergovernmental revenues		44,891				20,221		65,112
Charges for services		2,097				2,622		4,719
Licenses, permits and fees		543						543
Investment income		39				209		248
Other		1,198				398		1,596
Total revenues	_	115,388		-	_	28,385		143,773
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		4,933				844		5,777
Public safety		15,586				7,372		22,958
Social services		2,012				2,001		4,013
Public works		9,691				1,424		11,115
Education		77,381				16,939		94,320
Other		5,598						5,598
Capital outlay		617		6,024		2,634		9,275
Debt service		5,340	_	273	_			5,613
Total expenditures	_	121,158	_	6,297	_	31,214	_	158,669
Deficiency of Revenues over Expenditures	_	(5,770)	<u> </u>	(6,297)	_	(2,829)		(14,896)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in		7,357				3,389		10,746
Transfers out		(2,418))	(136)		(254)		(2,808)
Issuance of general obligation bonds				12,365				12,365
Issuance of refunding bonds				5,780				5,780
Payment to refunded escrow agent				(6,226)				(6,226)
Bond premiums				1,368				1,368
Proceeds from capital lease issuance		617						617
Total other financing sources	_	5,556		13,151	_	3,135		21,842
Net Change in Fund Balances		(214))	6,854		306		6,946
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	_	11,195		(7,773)	_	7,680		11,102
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$_	10,981	\$	(919)	\$_	7,986	\$	18,048

(Continued on next page)

6,946

(56)

3,753

CITY OF NORWICH, CONNECTICUT

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit IV)

Amounts reported for gove	emmentar activities in the statemen	it of activities (Exhibit II) are di-	Herein because.	

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, the cost of those
assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:

A mounta reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit II) are different because

Capital outlay	3,893
Depreciation expense	(5,121)

In the statement of activities, only the gain on the sale of capital assets is reported. However, in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds, and revenues recognized in the funds are not reported in the statement of activities:

Property tax receivable - accrual basis change	(578)
Property tax interest and lien revenue - accrual basis change	(439)
School building grant receipts	(99)
Housing loan repayments	(97)
Accounts and other receivables - accrual basis change	2,684
Net pension asset	59

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are amortized and deferred in the statement of activities. The details of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items are as follows:

Issuance of bonds	(12,365)
Premium on bonds	(863)
Bond principal payments	4,330
Issuance of refunding bonds	(5,780)
Payment to refunded escrow agent	6,226
Premium on refunded bonds	(505)
Amortization of deferred charge on refunding	(152)
Amortization of premiums	(48)
Amortization of deferred bond issuance costs	(66)
Capital lease issuances	(617)
Capital lease payments	161

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:

Compensated absences	(164)
Accrued interest	(101)
Net OPEB expense	11
Landfill postclosure care	43

Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal services funds is reported with governmental activities.

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit II) \$ 1,055

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

	Ruci	Business-Type Activities					
	Department	Nonmajor		Activities Internal			
	of Public	-		Service			
	Utilities	Enterprise Funds	Total	Funds			
	Utilities	runus	1 Otal	runus			
Assets:							
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 17,893 \$	\$	17,893 \$				
Receivables, net:							
User charges	15,768	75	15,843				
Intergovernmental	279		279				
Other	372		372				
Due from other funds		299	299	6,842			
Inventories	1,951	42	1,993	-,			
Other assets	1,107		1,107				
Total current assets	37,370	416	37,786	6,842			
Capital assets, net	116,834	9,496	126,330	0,012			
-							
Total assets	154,204	9,912	164,116	6,842			
Liabilities:							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	6,788	144	6,932	7			
Due to other funds	8	700	708				
Unearned revenue		207	207				
Notes payable - current	3,669		3,669				
Bonds payable - current	15	25	40				
Capital leases payable - current	312		312				
Compensated absences - current	564		564				
Risk management claims - current	389		389	2,387			
Cash advances from other funds	442		442				
Total current liabilities	12,187	1,076	13,263	2,394			
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Customer deposits	1,195		1,195				
Notes payable	9,104		9,104				
Bonds payable	58	165	223				
Capital leases payable	705		705				
Compensated absences	2,173		2,173				
Risk management claims	895		895	3,438			
Cash advances from other funds	7,980		7,980	5,.50			
Total noncurrent liabilities	22,110	165	22,275	3,438			
m - 11: 11:1:	24.207	1 241	25.520	5.022			
Total liabilities	34,297	1,241	35,538	5,832			
Net Position:							
Net investment in capital assets	102,971	9,306	112,277				
Restricted for energy conservation	228		228				
Unrestricted	16,708	(635)	16,073	1,010			
Total Net Position	\$ 119,907	8,671 \$	128,578 \$	1,010			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

		Bus	s	Governmental Activities			
	-	Department of Public Utilities		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	. <u>-</u>	Total	Internal Service Funds
Operating Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	83,451	\$	1,820	\$	85,271	,
Other revenues						-	3,293
Use of property		1,208				1,208	
Other services	_	379			_	379	
Total operating revenues	-	85,038		1,820	_	86,858	20,564
Operating Expenses:							
Purchased gas and electric		34,126				34,126	
General and administrative		14,583				14,583	
Depreciation		7,084		396		7,480	
Operations and maintenance		13,042		2,208		15,250	
Customer accounts		2,933				2,933	
Bad debts		2,378				2,378	
Gross revenue and property taxes		2,695				2,695	
Claims		,				_	15,430
Premiums and administrative charges						_	1,381
Total operating expenses	=	76,841	•	2,604	-	79,445	16,811
3.1.	-	, .	•		-		
Operating Income (Loss)	-	8,197		(784)	_	7,413	3,753
Nonoperating Income (Expense):							
Interest income		5				5	
Interest expense		(498)		(6)		(504)	
Loss on disposal of capital assets		(123)		(5)		(128)	
Total nonoperating expense	-	(616)		(11)	_	(627)	
	-	, , ,	•		_	<u> </u>	
Income (Loss) Before Contributions				(=0.5)		. =0.	
and Transfers		7,581		(795)		6,786	3,753
Capital contributions		1,798				1,798	
Transfers in				80		80	
Transfers out	_	(8,018)			_	(8,018)	
Change in Net Position		1,361		(715)		646	3,753
Total Net Position at Beginning of Year, as Restated*	-	118,546	*	9,386		127,932	(2,743)
Total Net Position at End of Year	\$	119,907	\$	8,671	\$_	128,578	31,010_

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

(II	n i nou	sanus)						
			Governmental					
	_	Bus Department of Public Utilities	ine:	ss-Type Activ Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	ities _	Total	_	Activities Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:								
Cash received from charges for services	\$	84,828	\$	1,871	\$	86,699	\$	3,119
Cash receipts for interfund services provided						´-		13,777
Cash paid to vendors		(55,005)		(990)		(55,995)		(16,896)
Cash paid to employees for services		(14,403)		(862)		(15,265)		
Net cash provided by operating activities	_	15,420		19		15,439	_	-
Cash Flows from Noncapital and Related Financing Activities:								
Transfers to other funds		(8,018)				(8,018)		
Customer deposits		55				55		
Advances from (to) other funds		(4)		80		76		
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital and	-	()			_		_	
related financing activities	_	(7,967)		80		(7,887)	_	
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:								
Capital contributions		1,798				1,798		
Purchase of capital assets		(9,263)		(105)		(9,368)		
Proceeds from long-term debt		3,043		(103)		3,043		
Principal payment on bonds and notes		(1,127)		(47)		(1,174)		
Principal payment on capital leases		(332)		(47)		(332)		
Interest payment on debt		(497)		(6)		(503)		
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets		(427)		59		59		
Cash advances from the City of Norwich		3,063		37		3,063		
Net cash used in capital and	-	3,003			_	3,003	_	
related financing activities		(3,315)		(99)		(3,414)		-
					_			
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		_				_		
Income on investments	_	5			_	5	_	
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		4,143				4,143		
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	_	13,750			_	13,750	_	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$_	17,893	\$		\$_	17,893	\$_	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:				(T. 1)				
Operating income (loss)	\$_	8,197	\$	(784)	\$_	7,413	\$_	3,753
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to								
net cash provided by operating activities:								
Depreciation expense		7,084		396		7,480		
Provision for uncollectible accounts		2,379				2,379		
(Increase) decrease in receivables		(2,293)		39		(2,254)		461
Decrease in inventories and other assets		515		13		528		
Increase in due from other funds				(8)		(8)		(830)
Increase in due to other funds				285		285		
Increase in unearned revenues				20		20		
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and								
accrued liabilities	_	(462)		58	_	(404)	_	(3,384)
Total adjustments	_	7,223		803	_	8,026	_	(3,753)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$_	15,420	\$	19	\$_	15,439	\$_	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

		Pension Trust Funds		Other Post Employment Benefit Trust Fund		Agency Funds
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	950	\$	3	\$	546
Investments:						
Mutual funds		138,538		13,508		
Common stock		21,910				
Other receivables						130
Due from other funds		155	,		_	
Total assets	_	161,553	·	13,511	\$_	676
Liabilities:						
Accounts and other payables				3	\$	
Due to other funds				1,149		
Due to student groups and agencies	_	_	į		_	676
Total liabilities	_	-	į	1,152	\$_	676
Net Position:						
Held in Trust for Pension and Other Benefits	\$_	161,553	\$	12,359		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

		Pension Trust Funds		Other Post Employment Benefit Trust Fund
Additions:	-		٠	
Contributions:				
Employer	\$	6,158	\$	6,040
Plan members	_	3,069	-	1,545
Total contributions	-	9,227	•	7,585
Investment income:				
Net appreciation in fair value of investments		19,652		990
Interest and dividends		1,668		372
Total investment income	_	21,320	•	1,362
Less investment expense		(758)		(71)
Net investment income	-	20,562		1,291
Total additions	-	29,789		8,876
Deductions:				
Benefits		14,139		5,790
Administration		158		410
Lump sum distributions and withdrawals	_	275	ı	
Total deductions	-	14,572		6,200
Net Increase		15,217		2,676
Net Position Held in Trust for Pension Benefits at Beginning of Year	-	146,336		9,683
Net Position Held in Trust for Pension and Other Post Employment				
Benefits at End of Year	\$_	161,553	\$	12,359

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(In Thousands)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Norwich, Connecticut (the City) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant policies of the City are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The City was incorporated in May 1784. The City and Town consolidated on January 1, 1952. The City covers an area of 27.1 square miles, and is located 40 miles southeast of Hartford. The City operates under a Council/Manager form of government. The City Manager is appointed by the Council and serves as the Chief Executive Officer.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements (except for agency funds, which have no measurement focus). Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, charges for services, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the City, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Bond Expenditure Fund accounts for the City's capital projects established pursuant to project bond authorizations. Financial resources include intergovernmental grants, bond proceeds and transfers from the City's General Fund.

The City reports the following major proprietary fund:

The Department of Public Utilities accounts for the operation of the City's water, sewer, electric and gas divisions. It is independent in terms of its relationship to other City functions. Its operations are financed from direct charges to the users of the service for operations that are financed in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent is that costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

The Internal Service Fund accounts for employee health insurance provided to other departments of the City and the City's self-insured workers' compensation program.

The Pension Trust Funds account for the activities of the City's two defined benefit pension plans, which accumulate resources for pension benefit payments to qualified retired employees.

The OPEB Trust Fund accounts for the activities of the City's other post employment benefit plan, which accumulate resources for medical and life insurance benefits provided to qualified retired employees.

The Agency Funds account for monies held as a custodian for outside groups and agencies and are used for senior activities, performance bonds and pass-through grants.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes and other charges between certain City functions because the elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include property taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. Unrestricted resources are used in the following order: committed, assigned then unassigned.

D. Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements and certain other investments as described in Note 3.

Investments for the City are reported at fair value.

E. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

Property taxes on all property are assessed as of October 1 prior to the beginning of the fiscal year and become legally due and payable on the following July 1 and January 1. If taxes are unpaid as of June 30 following the payable date, a lien is placed on the real property. Property assessments are made at 70% of the market value. Property taxes receivable are recorded on the due date. Taxes not paid within 30 days of the due date are subject to an interest charge of one and one-half percent per month. The City is not a part of any overlapping government which assesses separate property taxes. An amount of \$435 has been established as an allowance for uncollected taxes. At June 30, 2014, this represents 11.0% of property taxes receivable.

F. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure, assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	40-50
Building improvements	20
Infrastructure, public domain infrastructure and	
distribution and collection systems	20-50
Machinery and equipment	5-20

H. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City reports a deferred charge on refunding in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For governmental funds, the City reports unavailable revenue, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from several sources: property taxes, special assessments, long-term loans and other receivables. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) in the period in which the amounts become available.

I. Compensated Absences

Employees are paid by a prescribed formula for absences due to vacation or sickness. The obligation for vacation pay vests when earned. Unused sick leave may be accumulated for future absences in accordance with employee contracts and employment policies. Upon retirement, vested sick leave is payable to employees subject to union contract payment provisions. Sick leave and vacation leave expenditures are recognized in the governmental fund financial statements in the current year to the extent they are due (matured). The liability for the remainder of the accrued vacation earned and not due is reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

J. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of any significant applicable bond premium or discount. Significant bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

K. Fund Equity and Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements and in proprietary fund types, net position is classified in the following categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduces this category.

Restricted Net Position - This category represents the net position of the City, which is restricted by externally imposed constraints placed on net position by grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted Net Position - This category represents the net position of the City, which is not restricted for any project or other purpose.

In the fund financial statements, fund balances of governmental funds are classified in five separate categories. The five categories, and their general meanings, are as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - This represents amounts that cannot be spent due to form (e.g., inventories and prepaid amounts).

Restricted Fund Balance - This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, such as grantors, creditors, contributors or laws and regulations of their governments.

Committed Fund Balance - This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by a government using its highest level of decision-making authority (City Council). A fund balance commitment is established, modified and/or rescinded by ordinance.

Assigned Fund Balance - This balance represents the resources to be used to liquidate encumbered purchase orders and amounts appropriated for subsequent budget years. Encumbrances are authorized by an approval process, which includes the department head, the purchasing agent and the Comptroller. Appropriations for subsequent budget years are approved by ordinance by the City Council.

Unassigned Fund Balance - This represents fund balance in the General Fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned fund balance. If another governmental fund has a fund balance deficit, it is reported as a negative amount in unassigned fund balance.

The City has a policy that does not allow unrestricted fund balance to go below 8% of operating expenditures. The City is assumed to use restricted resources first if both restricted and unrestricted resources are to be used for the same purpose. In addition, when committed, assigned and unassigned resources are available, it is assumed that committed resources are used first, then assigned, and lastly, unassigned.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

In October, the City Manager, through the Comptroller's Office, distributes budget instructions to department heads. On or before a date set by the City Manager, the head of every department, office or agency must submit a written proposed budget for the following year to the City Manager. The City Manager and Comptroller review these proposals and may revise them as deemed advisable, except in the case of the Department of Education where the City Manager has the authority to revise only the total estimated expenditures. The City Manager and Comptroller compare proposed expenditures to expected revenues and prepare a proposed budget for presentation to the City Council.

As required by City Charter, on or before the first Monday in April, the City Manager submits a balanced annual budget, as well as appropriation and tax levy ordinances to the City Council. Between the presentation of the budget and the first public hearing, department heads are given the opportunity to make presentations in support of their proposed budget. The City Council holds a first public hearing on the budget prior to the third Monday in April, but not sooner than one week after the submission of the budget. This hearing is to listen to citizens' comments on the budget. The Council meets by the second Monday in May to take initial action on the budget. A second public hearing is then held regarding the Council's proposed changes, prior to the third Monday in May.

After the second public hearing, the Council may revise expenditures, except that it may not reduce appropriations for debt service and may revise only the total estimated expenditures for the Department of Education. The Council adopts the budget, appropriation and tax levy ordinances by the second Monday of June; if it fails to do so, the budget as submitted by the City Manager stands.

The General Fund and the Fire Districts nonmajor governmental fund have legally adopted budgets.

The City Manager may transfer unexpended balances within a department, office or agency; the Council may transfer unexpended balances between departments at the City Manager's request within the last three months of the fiscal year. The Comptroller oversees revenues and expenditures according to the budget established by the City Council. The Board of Education may transfer unexpended balances between accounts within its total line appropriation. Additional appropriations may be made upon the City Manager's recommendation, provided the Comptroller certifies the availability of a sufficient General Fund surplus.

Encumbrances are recognized as a valid and proper charge against a budget appropriation in the year in which the purchase order, contract or other commitment is issued and, accordingly, encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reflected in budgetary reports as expenditures of the current year. If an appropriation is not encumbered, it lapses at year-end and may not be used by the department.

During fiscal year 2014 there were additional appropriations of \$166.

B. Deficit Fund Equity

Certain individual funds had fund balance/net position deficits at June 30, 2014 as follows:

Major Fund:	
Bond Expenditure Fund	\$ 919*
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
Parking Commission	23***
Dog License	56***
Property Rehabilitation	27****
Intermodal Transportation Center	18**
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds:	
Ice Rink Authority	537***
Internal Service Funds:	
Workers' Compensation	1,221***

- * Deficit will be reduced by future transfers and bond issuances.
- ** Deficit will be reduced by future transfers from the Capital Improvement Fund.
- *** Deficit will be reduced by future operating surpluses or, if necessary, future contributions from the General Fund adopted as part of the budget process.
- **** Deficit will be reduced by future transfers from the Community Development Fund.

3. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-402). Deposits may be made in a "qualified public depository" as defined by Statute, or, in amounts not exceeding the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limit, in an "out of state bank" as defined by the Statutes, which is not a "qualified public depository."

The Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-400) permit municipalities to invest in: 1) obligations of the United States and its agencies, 2) highly rated obligations of any state of the United States or of any political subdivision, authority or agency thereof, and 3) shares or other interests in custodial arrangements or pools maintaining constant net asset values and in highly rated no-load open end money market and mutual funds (with constant or fluctuating net asset values) whose portfolios are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies, and repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such obligations. Other provisions of the Statutes cover specific municipal funds with particular investment authority. The provisions of the Statutes regarding the investment of municipal pension funds does not specify permitted investments. Therefore, investment of such funds is generally controlled by the laws applicable to fiduciaries and the provisions of the applicable plan.

The Statutes (Sections 3-24f and 3-27f) also provide for investment in shares of the State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF) and the State Tax Exempt Proceeds Fund (TEPF). These investment pools are under the control of the State Treasurer, with oversight provided by the Treasurer's Cash Management Advisory Board, and are regulated under the State Statutes and subject to annual audit by the Auditors of Public Accounts. Investment yields are accounted for on an amortized-cost basis with an investment portfolio that is designed to attain a market-average rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles. Investors accrue interest daily based on actual earnings, less expenses and transfers to the designated surplus reserve, and the fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

Deposits

Deposit Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposit will not be returned. The City has a formal investment policy. Under this policy, the Treasurer shall mitigate concentration of credit risk on deposits by spreading deposits among different financial institutions. Because the benefits of lower fees and higher rates of return often outweigh the attendant risks of carrying large balances with a few financial institutions, the Treasurer will use their judgment rather than target percentages to guide their deposit strategy. For other investments, no more than 10% of the funds covered under this policy may be invested in securities from any one federal, state or local political subdivision or agency. Deposits may be placed with any qualified public depository that has its main place of business in the State of Connecticut. Connecticut General Statutes require that each depository maintain segregated collateral (not required to be based on a security agreement between the depository and the municipality and, therefore, not perfected in accordance with federal law) in an amount equal to a defined percentage of its public deposits based upon the depository's risk based capital ratio.

Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures*, \$43,182 of the City's bank balance of \$45,740 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$ 38,671
Uninsured and collateral held by the pledging bank's	
trust department, not in the City's name	 4,511
Total Amount Subject to Custodial Credit Risk	\$ 43,182

Cash Equivalents

At June 30, 2014, the City's cash equivalents amounted to \$9. The following table provides a summary of the City's cash equivalents (excluding U.S. government guaranteed obligations) as rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The pools all have maturities of less than one year.

	Standard & Poor's
State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF)	AAA/m

Investments

As of June 30, 2014, the City had the following investments:

			Investment Maturities (Years)						
Investment Type	Credit Rating	Fair Value	Less Than 1	1 – 10	More Than 10				
Interest-bearing investments: Certificates of deposit*	N/A \$	1,992	\$1,144_ \$ _	848 \$					
Other investments: Common stock Mutual funds		22,875 152,643							
Total Investments	\$	177,510							

^{*}Subject to coverage by Federal Depository Insurance and collateralization.

N/A Not applicable

Interest Rate Risk - The Employees' Pension Plan formal investment policy states that for fixed income investments, no issues may be purchased with a maturity that exceeds the maximum maturity in the applicable benchmark index. Maturity duration is managed to remain within plus or minus 25% of the applicable benchmark index. The City does not further limit its other investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing rates.

Credit Risk - Investments - As indicated above, State Statutes limit the investment options of cities and towns. The Employees' Pension Plan formal investment policy does not allow for investment in any company that has filed for bankruptcy without prior Personnel and Pension Board approval. For domestic equities, investments must be with companies that meet a specified minimum capitalization threshold at the date of purchase. For fixed income instruments, the average quality of the portfolio must exceed minimum rating levels at all times as defined in the investment policy. Equity securities that meet or exceed a credit rating of BBB-/Baa3 may be purchased. The City's investment policy governing other investments limits holdings to highly rated fixed income instruments, mutual funds and government investment pools.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The Employees' Pension Plan formal investment policy includes provisions for domestic equities stating that the cost of an individual security in a portfolio at the date of purchase may not exceed 5% of the total market value of that portfolio. Fixed income instruments with a single issuer (excluding U.S. government and government agencies) may not exceed 5% of the market value of that portfolio. The City's investment policy governing other investments does not permit direct equity or fixed income investments in private-sector companies.

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk for an investment is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (the institution that pledges collateral or repurchase agreement securities to the City or that sells investments to or buys them for the City), the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City has a formal investment policy. Under this policy, the Treasurer shall mitigate concentration of credit risk on deposits by spreading deposits among different financial institutions. Because the benefits of lower fees and higher rates of return often outweigh the attendant risks of carrying large balances with a few financial institutions, the Treasurer will use their judgment rather than target percentages to guide their deposit strategy. For other investments, no more than 10% of the funds covered under this policy may be invested in securities from any one federal, state or local political subdivision or agency. The City's individual investments in U.S. government obligations, equities and corporate bonds are uninsured and unregistered securities held by a counterparty, or by its trust department or agent that are not in the City's name. The City's investments are held in open-end mutual funds which, because they are pooled investments rather than separate identifiable securities, are not subject to custodial risk determination. The City will only deposit funds in institutions rated within one of the top three rating categories of any nationally recognized rating service. Financial institutions in which the City deposits funds shall be accepted by City Council resolution. For financial institutions which have not been ranked by a nationally recognized rating service, the Treasurer shall assess the financial capacity and creditworthiness of the institution before recommending it to the City Council for approval.

4. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year end for the City's individual major funds and nonmajor, internal service and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

		Canamal		Department of Public Utilities		Nonmajor and Other Funds		Total
	_	General	-	Utilities	•	Funds	_	1 Otai
Receivables:								
Taxes	\$	3,612	\$		\$	341	\$	3,953
Accrued interest on taxes		859						859
Intergovernmental		39		279		5,140		5,458
User charges				16,600		75		16,675
Assessments		3,210						3,210
Housing and rehabilitation loans						3,041		3,041
Accounts and other		323		372		367		1,062
Gross receivables	-	8,043	-	17,251		8,964	_	34,258
Less allowance for uncollectibles:								
Taxes		(406)				(29)		(435)
Accrued interest on taxes		(172)				, ,		(172)
User charges				(832)				(832)
Total allowance	-	(578)	-	(832)	•	(29)	_	(1,439)
Net Total Receivables	\$_	7,465	\$	16,419	\$	8,935	\$_	32,819

5. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

During the course of operations, transactions are processed through a fund on behalf of another fund. Additionally, revenues received in one fund are transferred to another fund. The City also operates a cash pool in the General Fund, and there are bonded projects in one fund that benefit another fund.

A summary of interfund balances as of June 30, 2014 is presented below.

Receivable Fund Payable Fund			Amount	
General Fund	Bond Expenditure Fund	\$	323	
	Department of Public Utilities		8	
	Nonmajor Governmental		2,101	
	Nonmajor Enterprise		700	
	Other Post Employment Benefit Trust		1,149	
Nonmajor Governmental	General Fund		6,557	
Nonmajor Enterprise	General Fund		299	
Internal Service Funds	General Fund		6,842	
Pension Trust	General Fund	_	155	
Total		\$_	18,134	

A summary of interfund transfers is presented below:

	_		Tra	nsf	ers In		
	_	General	Nonmajor Enterprise		Nonmajor Governmental	_	Total
Transfers out:							
General Fund	\$		\$	\$	2,418	\$	2,418
Bond Expenditure					136		136
Department of Public Utilities		7,183			835		8,018
Nonmajor Governmental	_	174	80			_	254
Total Transfers Out	\$_	7,357	\$ 80	\$	3,389	\$_	10,826

Transfers from the General Fund to other nonmajor governmental funds are in support of the City's capital improvement program, fire services and other special revenue programs accounted for outside of the General Fund. Transfers from nonmajor governmental funds to the General Fund are derived primarily from net income generated from parking services and landfill operations accounted for outside of the General Fund. The Department of Public Utilities annually transfers 10% of gross revenues derived from gas, electric and water sales to the General Fund and the Fire Districts Fund.

6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

	_	Beginning Balance	_	Increases	_	Decreases	_	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	24,244	\$	251	\$		\$	24,495
Construction in progress	_	41,231	_	850	_	(1,084)	_	40,997
Total capital assets not being depreciated	_	65,475	_	1,101	_	(1,084)	_	65,492
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements		65,579		559				66,138
Vehicles, machinery and equipment		20,374		1,563		(379)		21,558
Technology upgrade and infrastructure	_	38,974	_	1,754	_	(65)	_	40,663
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	124,927	_	3,876	_	(444)	_	128,359
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements		(28,031)		(2,437)				(30,468)
Vehicles, machinery and equipment		(13,749)		(1,163)		364		(14,548)
Technology upgrade and infrastructure	_	(19,721)	_	(1,521)	_	24	_	(21,218)
Total accumulated depreciation	_	(61,501)	_	(5,121)	_	388	_	(66,234)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	_	63,426	_	(1,245)	_	(56)	_	62,125
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$_	128,901	\$	(144)	\$_	(1,140)	\$_	127,617
		Beginning Balance	_	Increases	_	Decreases	_	Ending Balance
Business-type activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	3,204	\$		\$		\$	3,204
Construction in progress		10,821	_	10,202	_	(7,378)	_	13,645
Total capital assets not being depreciated	_	14,025	_	10,202	-	(7,378)	_	16,849
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Structures and improvements		52,814		211		(1,103)		51,922
Machinery, equipment, pumping and distribution systems		196,297		6,326		(1,362)		201,261
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	249,111	-	6,537	-	(2,465)	_	253,183
	_		_		_	<u> </u>	_	
Less accumulated depreciation for:						_		
Structures and improvements		(25,709)		(1,310)		6		(27,013)
Machinery, equipment, pumping and		(112 500)		(6.4.70)		2.250		(116.600)
distribution systems	_	(112,798)	_	(6,170)	_	2,279	_	(116,689)
Total accumulated depreciation	_	(138,507)	_	(7,480)	_	2,285	_	(143,702)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		110,604		(943)		(180)		109,481
	_	.,	-	(, 10)	-	(1 1)		

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 169
Public safety	900
Social services	53
Public works	2,985
Education	 1,014
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 5,121
Business-type activities:	
Department of Public Utilities	\$ 7,084
Golf Course Authority	61
Stadium Authority	212
Ice Rink Authority	123
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities	\$ 7,480

Construction Commitments

The City has active construction projects as of June 30, 2014. At year end, the City's commitments with contractors on active authorizations are as follows:

Project		Cumulative Authorization	 Current Expenditures	 Cumulative Expenditures	 Balance June 30, 2014
Kelly Middle School Renovation	\$	41,250	\$	\$ 40,224	\$ 1,026
Intermodal Transportation Center		22,053	255	22,071	(18)
Dodd Stadium Capital Improvements		610		609	1
Road Improvements - 2010 bonds		5,000	1,540	4,332	668
Control Room & Data Center Facility - Phase II		9,500	200	1,474	8,026
Backus Generation Plant		200		173	27
ConnSmart Program AMI		1,657	84	84	1,573
CNG Station-Otrobando Ave		1,595	64	102	1,493
LCTP Phase 2 CWF 607 PG		2,105	35	2,120	(15)
WWTP 100% Design CWF 625 D		5,600	2,452	6,599	(999)
New Pumps & Drive		2,440	198	383	2,057
Stonybrook Backwash Filter		2,110		119	1,991
Deep River Backwash Filter		280	3	120	160
Deep River Transmission Main		1,630	114	224	1,406
Stonybrook Buoyant Media		2,000	268	270	1,730
Royal Oaks Main Replacement		2,600	114	116	2,484
Mohegan Park Tank Replacement		2,800	59	61	2,739
North Sections SB Transmission		2,800	65	67	2,733
South Sections SB Transmission	-	2,600	 50	 52	 2,548
Total	\$	108,830	\$ 5,501	\$ 79,200	\$ 29,630

7. LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

	_	Beginning Balance		Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:										
Bonds payable:	•	22.000	Φ.	10115	Φ.	10.405	Φ.	40.040	Φ.	• • • • •
General obligation bonds Add unamortized premiums	\$	33,090	\$	18,145	\$	10,425	\$	40,810	\$	3,900
Total bonds payable	-	33,241		1,573 19,718		157 10,582	-	1,567 42,377		3,900
Compensated absences		3,306		1,604		1,440		3,470		1,529
Landfill closure		1,605		,		43		1,562		25
Capital leases		667		617		161		1,123		144
Net pension obligation		91		309		309		91		
Net OPEB obligation		4,805		6,029		6,040		4,794		
Risk management claims	-	9,205		12,050		15,430	_	5,825		2,387
Governmental Activities										
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	52,920	\$	40,327	\$	34,005	\$	59,242	\$	7,985
		Beginning Balance		Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year
	-		-				_			
Business-Type Activities:										
Bonds and notes payable:										
General obligation bonds	\$	354	\$		\$	91	\$	263	\$	40
State of Connecticut - serial note		10015								3,669
	_	10,815	_	3,043		1,085		12,773		-,
Total bonds and notes payable	-	11,169		3,043		1,085 1,176	-	12,773		3,709
Total bonds and notes payable Compensated absences	-		-							
Compensated absences	-	11,169	• •	3,043		1,176	. <u>-</u>	13,036 2,737	-	3,709 564
Compensated absences Capital leases	-	11,169 2,753 1,349	•	3,043 259		1,176 275 332	. -	13,036 2,737 1,017		3,709 564 312
Compensated absences		11,169 2,753		3,043		1,176 275	. <u>-</u>	13,036 2,737		3,709 564
Compensated absences Capital leases Workers' compensation	-	11,169 2,753 1,349 495		3,043 259 913		1,176 275 332 124	. <u>-</u>	13,036 2,737 1,017 1,284		3,709 564 312 389

The net pension obligation and the net other post employment benefits liabilities have primarily been liquidated with General Fund resources.

A schedule of bonds outstanding at June 30, 2014 is presented below:

Description	Date of Issue	Date of Maturity	Interest Rate (%)	Amount of Original Issue	Balance Outstanding June 30, 2014
Governmental Activities:					
General purpose bonds payable:					
General purpose	04/15/2004	04/15/2015	2.00-3.55	. ,	
Schools	12/30/2008	12/30/2020	2010	2,940	1,715
General purpose	12/02/2009	12/01/2029	3.0-4.0	9,145	7,725
Schools	12/02/2009	12/01/2029	3.0-4.0	2,000	1,685
General purpose Schools	12/13/2011 12/13/2011	12/01/2022 12/01/2022	2.0-4.0 2.0-4.0	4,680 5,000	4,445 4,735
Refunding - (04/15/02) bonds	02/15/2011	04/15/2022	2.0-4.0	2,725	2,130
General purpose	02/12/2014	02/01/2024	3.0-5.0	12,365	12,365
Refunding - (4/15/2004 and 3/15/2005) bonds	02/12/2014	09/15/2019	3.0-5.0	2,793	2,793
Refunding - (4/15/2004 and 3/15/2005) bonds - Schools	02/12/2014	09/15/2019	3.0-5.0	2,987	2,987
Total					\$ 40,810
Business-Type Activities:					
Refunding - (02/12/2014) Stony Brook Reservoir	02/12/2014	09/15/2019	3.0-5.0	\$ 73	\$ 73
Golf course	12/02/2009	12/01/2029	3.0-4.0	265	190
State of Connecticut serial notes payable:					
Clean Water Act 106-C	10/31/1997	10/31/2016	2.00	3,410	467
Clean Water Act 298-C	06/30/2000	06/30/2019	2.00	1,508	377
Clean Water Act 349-C	12/31/2002	12/31/2021	2.00	881	369
Clean Water Act 9714-C	12/31/2002	12/31/2021	2.77	1,899	827
Clean Water Act 200801-C	07/01/2009	07/01/2029	2.27	450	336
Clean Water Act 625-D	12/31/2012	12/31/2031	2.00	1,865	1,655
Clean Water Act 495-C	05/31/2013	06/01/2032	2.00	5,748	5,201
Drinking Water State Revolving Fund 2010-8005	03/31/2010	12/31/2029	2.06	145	112
Drinking Water State Revolving Fund 2010-8006	03/31/2010	06/30/2030	2.06	326	261
Drinking Water State Revolving Fund 2010-7005	04/30/2014	10/31/2032	2.00	160	159
Drinking Water State Revolving Fund 2010-7006	04/30/2014	04/30/2032	2.00	148	147
State of Connecticut interim notes payable:	07/30/2014	07/30/2032	2.00	170	17/
Clean Water Act 625-D1	*	*	*	*	2,510
Drinking Water State Revolving Fund 2014-7027	*	*	*	*	352
Total					\$ 13,036

^{*} Loans are not permanently financed at this time.

The annual debt service requirements of the governmental activities bonded indebtedness is as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2015	\$ 3,900 \$	1,344 \$	5,244
2016	3,675	1273	4,948
2017	3,130	1140	4,270
2018	3,075	982	4,057
2019	2,950	883	3,833
2020-2024	10,350	3,271	13,621
2025-2029	8,575	1,683	10,258
2030-2034	5,155	414	5,569
Total	\$ 40,810 \$	10,990 \$	51,800

The State of Connecticut reimburses the City for eligible principal and interest costs of the portion of the capital improvement bond issue used for school construction. The amount of principal and interest reimbursements for the year ended June 30, 2014 was \$99.

The annual debt service requirements of the City's bond and notes payable of business-type activities are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	-	Principal	Interest	Total	
2015	\$	3,709 \$	207 \$	3,916	
2016		859	188	1,047	
2017		733	171	904	
2018		676	155	831	
2019		692	140	832	
2020-2024		2,668	505	3,173	
2025-2029		2,369	258	2,627	
2030-2033	_	1,330	40	1,370	
	_				
Total	\$	13,036 \$	1,664 \$	14,700	

General Obligation Bonds - Current Refunding

On January 29, 2014, the City issued \$5,780 of general obligation refunding bonds with interest rates ranging from 3.0 to 4.0%. The proceeds were used to advance refund the outstanding principal amount, or portions thereof, of \$1,540,000 of general obligation bonds, Series 2004B, dated April 15, 2004 and \$700,000 and \$3,855,000 of general obligation bonds, Series 2005A and 2005B respectively, dated March 15, 2005. The net proceeds of \$6,285 (including a premium of \$505 and issuance costs of \$51) were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide funds for the future debt service payment of the refunded bonds. As a result, the Series 2004A, Series 2005A, and Series 2005B general obligation bonds, or a portion thereof, are considered defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the statement of net position. The refunding will reduce total debt service payments over the next six years by approximately \$419 and represents an economic gain (difference between present values of the debt service payments on the old and the new debt) of \$382.

Capital Leases

Governmental Activities

The City entered into multi-year capital leases for the purchase of a fire truck and other equipment. Principal payments for the 2014 fiscal year were \$161. The net undepreciated value of assets purchased by capital lease approximates the principal balances payable of \$1,123 at June 30, 2014. The following is a summary of capital lease commitments as of June 30, 2014.

Year Ending June 30,	Gov	Governmental Funds		
2015	\$	184		
2016		184		
2017		184		
2018		184		
2019		183		
2020-2023		372		
Total payments		1,291		
Less interest		(168)		
Principal Balance	\$	1,123		

Business-Type Activities

The Department of Public Utilities has entered into multi-year capital leases for the purchase of various items including equipment, vehicles, financial management systems and a municipal wide-area network. Principal payments for 2013-2014 were \$332. The net undepreciated value of assets purchased by capital lease approximates the principal balances payable of \$1,017 at June 30, 2014. The following is a summary of capital lease commitments as of June 30, 2014.

Year Ending June 30,	 Enterprise Funds
2015	\$ 347
2016	337
2017	286
2018	 118
Total payments	1,088
Less interest	 (71)
Principal Balance	\$ 1,017

Compensated Absences - Governmental Activity

Employees can accumulate additional amounts of unused vacation and sick leave (as determined by individual union contracts) payable upon termination of their employment. Compensated absences' liabilities are generally liquidated by the General Fund. The following vested and nonvested estimated liabilities are summarized as follows:

Vested:	
Sick	\$ 1,136
Vacation	692
Other	277
Nonvested:	
Sick	1,338 * 27 *
Other	 27 *
Total	\$ 3,470

^{*}Based on estimated percentage of total nonvested obligation that potentially will vest in future years

Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Cost - Governmental Activity

State and federal laws and regulations require that the City place a final cover on its closed landfill and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for 30 years after closure. The current estimated total cost of the landfill closure and postclosure care of \$1,562 is based on the amount estimated to be paid for all equipment, facilities and services required to close, monitor and maintain the complete landfill site as of June 30, 2014. However, the actual cost of closure and postclosure care may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in landfill laws and regulations. The City is eligible for approximately \$3,300 in state grants, of which \$1,902 has been drawn down. The Landfill Closure fund has been used to liquidate landfill closure and postclosure liabilities.

Bonds Authorized/Unissued

Bonds authorized/unissued with outstanding debt at June 30, 2014 are as follows:

Description	 Authorized	 Bonded	_	Grants	 Authorized Unissued
Kelly Middle School Renovation*	\$ 41,250	\$ 9,940	\$	29,250	\$ 2,060
Road Improvements	5,000	4,431			569
Gas Line Extensions	11,000	8,780			2,220
Demolition - Greenville & Buckingham Schools	675	665			10
Wawecus Street Bridge	800	500			300
Dodd Stadium	610	 580	-		 30
Total	\$ 59,335	\$ 24,896	\$	29,250	\$ 5,189

^{*} The City expects to receive approximately 77.14% of eligible project costs from the State in the form of progress payments.

Debt Limitations

The City's indebtedness does not exceed the legal debt limitation as required by the Connecticut General Statutes as reflected in the following schedule:

Category	 Debt Limit	 Net Indebtedness	 Balance
General purpose	\$ 161,008	\$ 30,597	\$ 130,411
Schools	322,016	13,182	308,834
Sewers	268,346	12,799	255,547
Urban renewal	232,567		232,567
Pension deficit	214,677		214,677

The total of the City's net statutory indebtedness of \$56.6 million does not exceed the legal debt limitation of \$501 million (seven times the base for debt limitation computation).

8. FUND EQUITY

A. Fund Balance

The components of fund balance at June 30, 2014 are as follows:

		General		Bond Expenditure		Nonmajor Governmental		
	_	Fund	_	Fund		Funds	_	Total
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Inventory	\$		\$		\$	64	\$	64
Trust						1,596		1,596
Restricted for:								
Trust						71		71
Grants						831		831
Fire districts						1,194		1,194
Committed to:								
Public safety						12		12
Public works						2,301		2,301
Social services						707		707
General government						214		214
Education						1,120		1,120
Assigned to:								
General government - encumbrances		7						7
Public works - encumbrances		73						73
Public safety - encumbrances		20						20
Other - encumbrances		16						16
Education - encumbrances		382						382
Unassigned	-	10,483	-	(919)	-	(124)	_	9,440
Total Fund Balances	\$	10,981	\$	(919)	\$	7,986	\$	18,048

B. Department of Public Utilities - Restricted Net Position

Connecticut Municipal Electric Energy Cooperative (CMEEC) administers a Municipal Energy and Load Conservation Fund (the Fund) on behalf of its cooperative members, including the Department. The Fund was established to comply with provisions of House Bill 7501, Public Act No. 05-1 requiring CMEEC to establish and administer the Fund. CMEEC includes a charge of 2.5 mills per kilowatt hour in the monthly purchase power costs of wholesale electricity sold to the Department for deposit into the Fund. Disbursements from the Fund are required to be made pursuant to a comprehensive electric conservation and load management plan. Funds held by CMEEC as of June 30, 2014 on behalf of the Department were \$228. Investment income that is earned on the Department's deposits along with the Fund's authorized expenses is recorded in the Department's statement of activities. The funds held by CMEEC on behalf of the Department are recorded as an asset on the Department's statement of net position and have been restricted.

9. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to public official liability, police professional liability, theft or impairment of assets, errors and omissions, injury to employees, natural disasters and owners and contractors protective liability.

It is the policy of the City to self insure for employee health insurance programs. To this end, the City created an internal service fund to which the various City funds "pay premiums" and from which employee medical claims are paid. Claims are accrued as incurred. The City also purchased "stop loss" insurance to limit its losses to \$175 per person in 2014 for hospitalization with a maximum aggregate for all claims of approximately \$15,971.

The City self insures for workers' compensation benefits. The City purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of coverage provided by the workers' compensation account with an individual claim maximum of \$500 and a \$10,000 aggregate maximum per year.

The workers' compensation costs are funded by the General Fund. Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends including frequency and amount of pay-outs and other economic and social factors.

Changes in the balances of claim liabilities during the past two years are as follows:

		Beginning of Fiscal Year Liability	Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	Claim Payments	Balance at Fiscal Year End
Medical:	-				_
2013-2014	\$	1,380	\$ 13,203	\$ 13,290	\$ 1,293
2012-2013		1,177	14,259	14,056	1,380
Workers' Compensation:					
2013-2014		7,825	(1,153)	2,140	4,532
2012-2013		6,873	3,963	3,011	7,825

The City purchases commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including blanket and umbrella policies. Settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three years.

The Department of Public Utilities accounts for the self-insured component of workers' compensation benefits for the Department's employees within the Department of Public Utilities Enterprise Fund. The Department has accrued \$1,284 for estimated unpaid accrued losses on reported claims as of June 30, 2014.

10. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS

City of Norwich Retirement System

A. Plan Description

The City is the administrator of the City's Consolidated Pension Plan, a single-employer contributory defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS) established and administered by the City to provide pension benefits to all full-time noncertified employees. The Plan is considered to be part of the City's financial reporting entity and is included in the City's financial reports as a pension trust fund. The plan does not issue a stand-alone report.

Management of the plans rest with the Personnel and Pension Board, which consists of five members. Two members are elected by plan members, three are appointed by City Council. The City Treasurer shall have the care and custody of all pension funds and, with the approval of the Personnel and Pension Board, shall have the power to invest and reinvest the same in securities legal for investment of trust funds under the general statutes. The City Treasurer, with the approval of the Personnel and Pension Board, may designate and appoint a corporate trustee or trustees to manage the pension funds.

The City provides all retirement, death and disability benefits through a single employer, contributory defined benefit plan. Under the plan, all full-time salaried City employees, noncertified employees of the Board of Education and all full-time uniformed and investigatory employees classified as Police Officers and Firefighters are eligible after a probationary period. General City employees are 100% vested in a pension to begin at age 60 if they terminate employment after 10 years of continuous service or after 25 years of service and attainment of age 55 or after 34 years of service regardless of age. Also, any employee terminating employment after age 50 with 25 years of service is eligible for a pension. City employees receive a retirement benefit of 2.2% of average final earnings during the highest 3 years out of the last 10 consecutive year period with a maximum of 74.8% of average earnings. Police who retire at normal retirement (after 20 years of service) receive 48% of average annual pay (highest 3 years out of last 10 consecutive years) for the first 20 years of service plus 2.2% of pay in excess of 20 years with a maximum benefit of 70% of average annual pay. Firefighters who retire at normal retirement after 20 years of service regardless of age will receive 48% of average earnings plus 2.2% of average earnings for each year over 20 with a maximum of 70% of pay. Average earnings for firefighters is defined as the average of the highest 3-year period out of the last consecutive 10-year period prior to retirement. If an employee leaves employment or dies before meeting the vesting requirements, accumulated contributions and interest are refunded. Effective benefits and contributions are established by the City as negotiated with the various unions. The General Fund and the Fire Districts Fund are used to liquidate net pension obligations.

At July 1, 2013, the plan members consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	532
Terminated employees not yet receiving benefits	52
Active plan members	553
Total	1,137

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Plan Changes and Plan Asset Matters

<u>Basis of Accounting</u> - Financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting for the defined benefit pension plan. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which they are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and a formal commitment to provide the contributions has been made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

<u>Method Used to Value Investments</u> - Investments are reported at market value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price. Investment income is recognized as earned.

C. Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the City legislature. Benefits and contributions are established by the City and may be amended only by the City Charter and union negotiation. City employees are required to contribute 8%. Police and firefighter participants are required to contribute 8%. Board of Education participants are required to contribute 7%. The City's funding policy provides for periodic employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. The City's current contribution percentage is 25.69% of covered payroll.

Administrative costs of the plan are financed through investment earnings.

D. Investments

Investment Policy: The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Personnel and Pension Board by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the Personnel and Pension Board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The pension plan's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans. The following was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy as of June 30, 2014.

		Long-Term	
	Target	Expected Real	
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return*	Weighting
U.S. Government Fixed Income	13.00%	1.75%	0.23%
U.S. Investment Grade Fixed Income	7.00%	2.25%	0.16%
U.S. Corporate High Yield Fixed Income	9.00%	3.25%	0.29%
International Developed Markets Fixed Income	1.00%	2.00%	0.02%
U.S. Large-Cap Equity	38.00%	4.75%	1.81%
U.S. Mid-Cap Equity	9.00%	5.50%	0.50%
U.S. Small-Cap Equity	4.00%	5.50%	0.22%
International Developed Markets Equity	12.00%	5.25%	0.63%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.00%	6.00%	0.30%
Cash	2.00%	0.50%	0.01%
Total Portfolio	100.00%		4.18%
Long-Term Inflation Expectation			3.00%
Long-Term Expected Nominal Return			7.18%

^{*} Long-Term Returns are provided by Hooker and Holcombe Investment Advisors, Inc. The returns are geometric means.

Rate of Return - For the year ended June 30, 2014, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 14.19%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

E. Net Pension Liability of the City

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, the components of the net pension liability of the City at June 30, 2014, were as follows:

Total pension liability	\$ 233,799
Plan fiduciary net position	 (159,456)
Net Pension Liability	\$ 74,343
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	68.20%

The City's net pension liability will be required to be recorded on the government wide statement of net position at June 30, 2015.

Actuarial Assumptions: The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2013, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0%

Salary increases Ranges from 2.5% to 10.5%, based on age

Investment rate of return 7.75%, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Mortality Table with separate male and female rates, with no collar adjustment for annuitants, projected to the valuation date with Scale AA.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed. Best estimates of the real rates of return for each major asset class are included along with the pension plan's long-term target asset allocation. Since the term rates shown above are geometric averages, the impact of asset allocation and rebalancing is not reflected in the expected return. The results support a rate between 7.25% and 7.75%. An expected rate of return of 7.75% was used.

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.75%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

	_	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (6.75%)		Current Discount Rate (7.75%)	_	1% Increase in Discount Rate (8.75%)	
Net pension liability as of June 30, 2014	\$	100,086	\$	74,343	\$	52,504	

F. Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligations

In accordance with GASB No. 27, the City's annual pension cost and net pension obligation to the plan for the year ended June 30, 2014 were as follows:

Annual required contribution Interest on net pension obligation Adjustment to annual required contribution	\$	5,789 (17) 18
Annual pension cost Contributions made	-	5,790 5,849
Increase in net pension asset Net pension asset, beginning of year	-	(59) (208)
Net Pension Asset, End of Year	\$	(267)

The following is a summary of certain significant actuarial assumptions and other plan information:

Actuarial valuation date

Actuarial cost method

Amortization method

Remaining amortization period

July 1, 2013

Entry Age Normal

Level Dollar, closed

25 years

Asset valuation method Actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial assumptions:
Investment rate of return*

Projected salary increases*

7.75%

See graded table below:

Actuarial Value

Gener	ral City	Police a	nd Fire
Age	Rate	Age	Rate
25	10.5%	25	10.5%
35	7.5%	35	7.0%
45	4.0%	45	3.5%
55	4.0%	55	2.5%
65	2.5%	65	2.5%

Contribution rates:

City Determined by valuation

Plan member General City 8%; Police 8%; Fire 8%; BOE 7%

Turnover assumption: Age 20: 5% males, 7.5% females;

Age 30: 3.75% males, 5% females; Age 35: 2.75% males, 3.75% females; Age 40: 1.5% males, 2.5% females; Age 45: .75% males, 1.25% females;

Age 50: None

Mortality table: Actives: 1994 Uninsured Pensioners Mortality Table

Projected to 2023

Police and Fire Disabled: RP2000 Healthy Annuitant

Mortality Table projected to 2023

General Retirees: RP2000 Healthy Annuitant Mortality

Table projected to 2023

Term Vested: RP2000 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table

projected to 2023

Retirement age: Age 55 with 25 years of service; age 60 with 5 years

service, or 34 years of service.

Death benefits: Liabilities for police and fire employees are included in

recognition of in-service death benefits

Disability assumptions: Age 20: .029% males, .03% females

Age 30: .048% males, .08% females Age 40: .12% males, .21% females Age 50: .36% males, .53% females

Expenses: Estimate based on the prior year's actual expenses

*Inflation rate included 3%

G. Trend Information

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation (Asset)	Actual Contribution
6/30/14 6/30/13 6/30/12	\$ 5,790 5,728 4,714	101% 100% 94%	\$ (267) (208) (206)	\$ 5,849 5,730 4,407

Schedule of Funding Progress - City Employees

Actuarial Valuation Date	 Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	•	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b)	Unfunded Frozen Actuarial Liability (UFAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UFAL as a % of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
7/1/13	\$ 144,789	\$	227,932	\$ 83,143	63.5% \$	37,572	221.3%
7/1/11	148,332		195,652	47,320	75.8%	33,523	141.2%
1/1/10	149,304		184,161	34,857	81.1%	32,509	107.2%
1/1/09	153,090		175,726	22,636	87.1%	31,690	71.4%
1/1/08	157,020		165,406	8,386	94.9%	30,696	27.3%
1/1/07	145,881		167,259	21,378	87.2%	24,248	88.2%

City of Norwich Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Plan

A. Plan Description

The City is the administrator of a Volunteer Firefighters Relief Plan (the Plan), a single-employer benefit plan established and administered by the City to provide pension benefits to volunteers. The Plan is considered to be a part of the City's financial reporting entity and is included in the financial reports as a Pension Trust Fund. Stand-alone reports are not available for this plan.

The City provides benefits to Volunteer Firefighters who are at least 55 years old and have at least 20 years of credited service. Credited service is defined as a member who has responded to at least 20% of all emergency calls and 20% of all training sessions and drills. "Retirees" from the plan receive a monthly benefit of \$18 multiplied by the years of credited service (to a maximum of 40 years).

Management of the plans rest with the Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Fund Committee (VFFRF), which consists of 12 members. Five members are appointed by the City Council, one is appointed by the Personnel and Pension Board, and one is the immediate past President of the VFFRF. The City Treasurer shall have the care and custody of all pension funds and with the approval of the VFFRF, shall have the power to invest and reinvest the same in securities legal for investment of trust funds under the general statutes. The City Treasurer, with the approval of the VFFRF, may designate and appoint a corporate trustee or trustees to manage the pension funds.

The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the City legislature. Members are required to contribute \$216 for each calendar year of credited service.

At January 1, 2014, the plan members consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	50
Active plan members	137
Total	187

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Plan Changes and Plan Asset Matters

Basis of Accounting - Financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting for the defined benefit pension plan. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which they are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and a formal commitment to provide the contributions has been made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

<u>Plan Changes and Changes in Actuarial Assumptions</u> - There were no plan changes reflected in the last actuarial valuation.

<u>Method Used to Value Investments</u> - The plan reports investments at fair value. Investment income is recognized as earned.

<u>Plan Expenses</u> - Expenses of administering the plan are paid for by the City's annual contribution to the plan.

C. Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the City legislature. Members are required to contribute \$216 for each calendar year of credited service.

D. Investments

Investment Policy: The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the VFFRF Committee by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the VFFRF Committee to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The pension plan's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans. The following was the Committee's adopted asset allocation policy as of June 30, 2014.

	Target	Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return*	Weighting
U.S. Large Cap	24.00%	4.75%	1.14%
U.S. Mid/Small Cap	6.00%	5.50%	0.33%
International Equities (Unhedged)	13.00%	5.25%	0.68%
Emerging International Equities	5.00%	6.00%	0.30%
Core Bonds	49.00%	2.00%	0.98%
Commodities	2.00%	5.00%	0.10%
Cash	1.00%	0.50%	0.01%
Total Portfolio	100.00%		3.54%
Long-Term Inflation Expectation			3.00%
Long-Term Expected Nominal Return			6.54%

^{*} Long-Term Returns are provided by Hooker and Holcombe Investment Advisors, Inc. The returns are geometric means.

Rate of Return - For the year ended June 30, 2014, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 15.86%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

E. Net Pension Liability of the City

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, the components of the net pension liability of the City at June 30, 2014, were as follows:

Total pension liability	\$ 5,091
Plan fiduciary net position	 (2,098)
Net Pension Liability	\$ 2,993
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage	41.010/
of the total pension liability	41.21%

The City's net pension liability will be required to be recorded on the government-wide statement of net position at June 30, 2015.

Actuarial Assumptions: The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2013, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0%

Salary increases N/A - members are volunteers Investment rate of return 7.0%, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Mortality Table with separate male and female rates, with no collar adjustment for annuitants, projected to the valuation date with Scale AA.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed. Best estimates of the real rates of return for each major asset class are included along with the pension plan's long-term target asset allocation. Since the rates term rates shown above are geometric averages, the impact of asset allocation and rebalancing is not reflected in the expected return. The results support a rate between 6.75% and 7.25%. An expected rate of return of 7.00% was used.

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.00%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	-	6 Decrease in iscount Rate (6.00%)	 Current Discount Rate (7.00%)	_	1% Increase in Discount Rate (8.00%)
Net pension liability as of June 30, 2014	\$	3,659	\$ 2,993	\$	2,445

F. Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligations

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 27, the City's annual pension cost and net pension obligation to the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2014 were as follows:

Annual required contribution	\$	309
Interest on net pension obligation		7
Adjustment to annual required contribution	-	(7)
Annual pension cost		309
Contributions made	_	309
Change in not paneign obligation		
Change in net pension obligation Net pension obligation, beginning of year		- 91
The period confirment, confirming of your	-	
Net Pension Obligation, End of Year	\$_	91

The following is a summary of certain significant actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial valuation date	January 1, 2014
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age
	Normal Cost
Amortization method	Level Dollar, open
Remaining amortization period	30 years
Asset valuation method	Market Value
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	7%
Inflation rate	3%

G. Trend Information

 Fiscal Year Ended	 Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	 Net Pension Obligation	 Actual Contribution
6/30/14	\$ 309	100%	\$ 91	\$ 309
6/30/13	308	100	91	310
6/30/12	254	111	93	281

Schedule of Funding Progress - Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Plan*

Actuarial Valuation Date	. <u>-</u>	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	•	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b)	Unfunded Frozen Actuarial Liability (UFAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)
1/1/14	\$	2,139	\$	5,041	\$ 2,902	42.4%	\$ N/A
1/1/12		1,639		4,804	3,165	34.1%	N/A
1/1/08		1,404		3,962	2,558	35.4%	N/A
1/1/06		1,299		3,810	2,511	34.1%	N/A

^{*} Covered payroll is not included in the above schedule as the persons covered are volunteers.

Pension Trust Funds

The City maintains two pension trust funds (City and Volunteer Fire) to account for its fiduciary responsibility. The following schedules present the net position held in trust for pension benefits at June 30, 2014 and the changes in net position for the year then ended.

		Combining Schedule of Fiduciary Net Position								
	_	City		Volunteer						
		Employees		Fire		Total				
Assets:	_		_							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	928	\$	22 5	\$	950				
Investments:										
Mutual funds		136,452		2,086		138,538				
Other receivable										
Common stock		21,910				21,910				
Due from other funds	_	165	_	(10)		155				
Total assets	-	159,455	-	2,098		161,553				
Net Position:										
Held in Trust for Pension Benefits	\$	159,455	\$	2,098	\$	161,553				

	,	Combining Scheo	tule of	Changes in Fid	uciary	Net Position
		City		Volunteer		-
		Employees		Fire		Total
Additions:	_					
Contributions:						
Employer	\$	5,849	\$	309	\$	6,158
Plan members		3,057		12		3,069
Total contributions	_	8,906		321		9,227
Investment income:						
Net appreciation in fair value of						
investments		19,466		186		19,652
Interest and dividends		1,595		73		1,668
Total	_	21,061	_	259		21,320
Less investment expense		(752)		(6)		(758)
Net investment income	_	20,309		253		20,562
Total additions	_	29,215		574		29,789
Deductions:						
Benefits		13,879		260		14,139
Administrative expense		147		11		158
Lump-sum distributions and withdrawals		267		8		275
Total deductions	_	14,293		279		14,572
Net increase		14,922		295		15,217
Net position held in trust for pension						
benefits, beginning of year	_	144,533		1,803		146,336
Net Position Held in Trust for Pension						
Benefits, End of Year	\$_	159,455	\$	2,098	\$	161,553

Combining Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

Teacher Retirement

The faculty and professional personnel of the Board of Education participate in the State of Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System, a cost-sharing plan with a special funding situation, under Section 10.183 of the General Statutes of the State of Connecticut. This is a multiple employer PERS. A teacher is eligible to receive a normal retirement benefit if he or she has: 1) attained age 60 and has accumulated 20 years of credited service in the public schools of Connecticut, or 2) attained any age and has accumulated 35 years of credited service, at least 25 years of which are service in the public schools of Connecticut.

The Board of Education withholds 7.25% of all teachers' annual salaries and transmits the funds to the State Teachers' Retirement Board. Certified payroll subject to retirement amounted to \$21,909 or 77.6% of the total Board of Education payroll of \$28,238.

The retirement system for teachers is funded by the State based upon the recommendation of the Teachers' Retirement Board. Such contribution includes amortization of the actuarially computed unfunded liability. These obligations are established under the authority of the Connecticut General Statutes. The City does not have any liability for teacher pensions. For the year ended June 30, 2014, the City has recorded in the General Fund (Exhibit IV), intergovernmental revenue and education expenditures in the amount of \$4,920 as payments made by the State of Connecticut on behalf of the City.

The State of Connecticut Teacher Retirement System is considered to be a part of the State of Connecticut financial reporting entity and is included in the State's financial reports as a pension trust fund. Those reports may be obtained by writing to the State of Connecticut, Office of the State Comptroller, 55 Elm Street, Hartford, Connecticut 06106.

11. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

City of Norwich, Retiree Health Plan

Plan Description

The City, in accordance with various collective bargaining agreements, is committed to provide health and other benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. The Retiree Health Plan (RHP) is considered to be part of the City's financial reporting entity and is included in the City's financial report as the Other Post Employment Benefits Trust Fund. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report. The RHP is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the City. The RHP provides medical, dental and life insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. All employees of the City are eligible to participate in the plan. Benefit provisions are established through negotiations between the City and the various unions representing the employees. The General Fund and the Fire Districts Fund are used to liquidate net other post employment benefit obligations.

At July 1, 2013, plan membership consisted of the following:

Active plan members	833
Retired plan members	387
Total Participants	1,220

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting - The financial statements of the Retiree Health Plan (RHP) are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Administrative costs of the plan are paid by the City.

Investments are reported at fair value. Investment income is recognized as earned.

Plan Expenses: Expenses of administering the plan are paid for by the plan from contributions.

Funding Policy

The City had established a funding plan to incrementally increase the City's annual contribution to full funding of the annual required contribution over six years and began funding the full amount in fiscal year 2014. The City pays the full cost of life insurance premiums. The percentage contribution of plan members and the City for medical benefits are negotiated with the various unions representing the employees. Retired plan members and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits are required to contribute specified percentages towards the cost of receiving benefits under the City's self-insured medical benefits program as follows:

City Retirees

The City funds full cost of insurance for the retiree up to age 67. The retiree must pay 50% of the cost for a participating spouse. Participation in the plan ends at age 67 for both the retiree and the retiree's spouse.

Police Retirees

The City funds full cost of insurance for the retiree up to age 67. The retiree must pay 50% of the cost for a participating spouse. Participation in the plan ends at age 67 for both the retiree and the retiree's spouse.

Fire Retirees

Retiree annually contributes 1% of final compensation up to age 65 for retiree and spousal coverage. Participation in the plan ends at age 65 for both the retiree and the retiree's spouse.

Retired Board of Education Administrators

The City funds full cost of insurance for the retiree and spouse hired before 1998 and 50% of the cost if retiree was hired between 1998 and 2004. City funds full cost for post-65 coverage. Spouse coverage continues on after the death of the retiree up to age 70.

Retired Teachers

The City funds full cost of insurance for the retiree and spouse hired before September 1, 1995 and 50% of the cost if hired between September 1, 1995 and July 1, 2004. Participation in the plan ends at age 70 for both the retiree and the retiree's spouse.

Retired Board of Education Custodians

The City funds full cost of insurance for the retiree and spouse hired before 1998 and 50% of the cost if retiree was hired between 1998 and 2004. Spouse coverage ends upon death of the retiree.

Retired Board of Education Nurses

The City funds 50% of the cost depending on the plan selected. Coverage ends at age 65.

Retired Board of Education Secretaries

The City funds full cost of insurance for the retiree and spouse hired before September 1, 1995 and 50% of the cost if hired between September 1, 1995 and July 1, 2004. City funds full cost for post-65 coverage. Participation in the plan ends at age 70 for both the retiree and the retiree's spouse.

Retired Board of Education Teamsters

The City funds full cost of insurance for the retiree and spouse hired before July 1, 2006 and 50% of the cost if hired after July 1, 2006. Participation in the plan ends at age 65 for both the retiree and the retiree's spouse.

For the year ended June 30, 2014, plan members contributed \$1,545. The City is required to contribute the balance of the current premium cost and may contribute an additional amount as determined by the City in order to prefund benefits.

Employer contributions to the plan for the year ended June 30, 2014 totaled \$6,040.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligations

The City's annual other post employment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 25 years. The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation (asset):

		Retiree Health Plan
Annual required contribution (ARC) Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to annual required contribution	\$	6,040 384 (395)
Annual OPEB cost Contributions made	_	6,029 6,040
Decrease in net OPEB obligation Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year		(11) 4,805
Net OPEB Obligation, End of Year	\$	4,794

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation is presented below.

Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost (AOC)	Actual Contribution	Percentage of AOC Contributed	_	OPEB Obligation
6/30/14	\$ 6,029	\$ 6,040	100.0%	\$	4,794
6/30/13	5,907	5,592	95.0		4,805
6/30/12	6,174	6,114	99.0		4,490

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as accrual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented below, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits. Data is only presented for July 1, 2007, 2009, 2011 and 2013 because they are the only valuations done since implementing the standard.

	Schedule of Funding Progress											
Actuarial		Actuarial Value of		Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Funded		Covered	UFAL as a % of Covered				
Valuation Date		Assets (a)	_	Entry Age (b)	Ratio (a/b)	_	Payroll (c)	Payroll ((b-a)/c)				
7/1/13	\$	9,683	\$	55,483	17.5%	\$	52,400	87.4%				
7/1/11		4,405		57,618	7.6		50,093	106.2				
7/1/09		2,594		58,239	4.7		50,374	110.5				
7/1/07		-		46,595	0.0		44,921	103.7				

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Year Ended		Annual Required Contribution	Percentage Contributed
6/30/2014	\$	6,040	100%
6/30/2013		5,917	95
6/30/2012		6,184	99
6/30/2011		6,065	87
6/30/2010		5,352	69
6/30/2009		5,352	63

Projections for benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2013 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 7.75% investment rate of return, which is the rate of the expected long-term investment returns of plan assets calculated based on the funding policy of the plan at the valuation date. The annual healthcare cost trend rate is 9% initially, decreasing .5% per year to an ultimate rate of 5% for 2021 and later. The dental inflation rate is 5%. The general inflation assumption is 3.0%. The UAAL is being amortized as a level dollar basis. The amortization period at July 1, 2013 was 25 years.

12. JOINTLY GOVERNED AND RELATED ORGANIZATIONS

Connecticut Municipal Electric Energy Cooperative

CMEEC is a public corporation organized in 1976 under Connecticut Public Act 75-634, subsequently enacted as Title 7-233, Chapter 101a of the General Statutes of Connecticut, as amended. It is empowered to undertake the planning, financing, acquisition, construction and operation of facilities for the generation and transmission of electric power and energy for its member utilities, including the City of Norwich, Department of Public Utilities and others. CMEEC may issue bonds in its own name. Under the bylaws of CMEEC, a Board of Directors comprised of representatives from the participating members was established. The bylaws were amended in 1995 to allow for participation of representation from the Town of Wallingford on the Board of Directors. CMEEC's Board is comprised of nineteen (19) representatives and officers. The governing board consists of representatives appointed by each of the participating members and assumes all the management decisions. Two representatives from the City of Norwich, Department of Public Utilities serve on the Board. The CMEEC Board acts as a regulatory body in that it reviews and approves recovery of costs in rates on an annual basis.

CMEEC has entered into power sales contracts with each of the members including the City of Norwich, Department of Public Utilities. Under the contracts, each of the member utilities have agreed to purchase essentially all of its electric power required for resale from CMEEC, with CMEEC's electric revenues to consist of billings for resale of power. The contracts obligate each member utility to pay for their share of CMEEC's fixed costs, which consist primarily of debt service and CMEEC administrative and general costs on a take or pay basis. The member utilities maintain this fixed cost obligation whether or not they take any power from CMEEC. The amount of power purchased from CMEEC for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 was \$27.48 million.

On July 1, 2006, the City of Norwich, Department of Public Utilities entered into a contract for the sale of Pierce Project Electric Power & Energy (the Pierce Contract). Under the terms of the Pierce Contract, the City of Norwich, Department of Public Utilities receives its allocable share of all electric products and benefits and pays its share of all costs associated with the project.

During the 2014 fiscal year, CMEEC and its members became participants in the Regional Greenhouse Gas Initiative Fund (RGGI), which is an initiative that implements the carbon dioxide (CO₂) cap and trading program as proposed by the RGGI in Connecticut. During the 2014 fiscal year, the Department's contributions to the fund totaled \$207 and drawdowns were \$86. The balance of the Department's funds held by CMEEC for the RGGI was \$194 for the year ended June 30, 2014.

13. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Connecticut Municipal Electric Energy Cooperative

Power Sales Contract - Norwich Department of Public Utilities (Department)

CMEEC supplies power to the Department under a Power Sales Contract that became effective April 25, 2013. The contract obligates the Department to pay a percentage of CMEEC's fixed costs obligations, including debt service and administrative and general costs. Under the power sales agreement, the Department is required to pay its percentage of CMEEC's fixed cost obligations whether or not they purchase power from CMEEC. The contract will remain in effect until the date when all of the indebtedness and fixed cost obligations of CMEEC have been paid in full and thereafter until terminated by either party following not less than three years prior written notice to the other party of its intention to terminate, provided, however, CMEEC shall not incur or issue any indebtedness with a maturity date later than December 31, 2052.

The Department has rate stabilization funds held by CMEEC that were previously collected in conjunction with the purchase of energy to stabilize the price of energy. The Department's current rate structure to purchase power from CMEEC includes a rate stabilization component. Under the rate stabilization premise, the principal repayment of debt service is deferred and amortized over the life of the related debt and recoverable from future billings. Under this premise, the shortfall between the current rate stabilization funds held by CMEEC and the percentage of unfunded CMEEC debt allocated to the Department represents an unfunded debt obligation recoverable by future billings. The Department's current rate structure for its customers includes an annual amortized cost recovery component to pay the annual fixed charged cost obligation for the Department's percentage of CMEEC's annual debt service.

The Department's net deferred debt fixed cost obligation to CMEEC as of June 30, 2014 is summarized as follows:

CMEEC - debt service fixed cost obligation	\$ 23,274
Department - rate stabilization funds on deposit with CMEEC	 (4,584)
Net Deferred Fixed Cost Obligation	\$ 18,690

The rate stabilization funds held by CMEEC and the allocated percentage of CMEEC's debt obligation are not reported on the Department's statement of net position. The fixed cost obligation paid by the Department to CMEEC included in the cost to purchase power for the current year was \$2,967.

All payments due to CMEEC under the Power Sales Contract may not be subordinated to any other obligation of the City.

Municipal Solid Waste Management Services Contract

The City has entered into the municipal solid waste management services contract, as amended (the service contract) with the Southeastern Connecticut Regional Resources Recovery Authority (the Authority) pursuant to which it participates with ten other Connecticut Municipalities (the eleven constituting the Contracting Municipalities), in the Southeastern Connecticut System (the System). The System consists of a mass-burn solid waste disposal and electric generation facility located in the Town of Preston (the Facility) and various improvements and facilities related thereto, including landfills. The Facility is complete and presently receiving waste from Contracting Municipalities.

Under the service contract, the City is required to deliver, or cause to be delivered, to the System solid waste generated within its boundaries up to its minimum commitment of 23 thousand tons per year and to pay a uniform per ton disposal service payment (the service payment). The aggregate minimum commitment of the eleven Contracting Municipalities is approximately 154 thousand tons per year.

The service payment applicable in any contract year is calculated by estimating the net cost of operation, which is the cost of operation less revenues other than service payments, as such terms are defined in the service contract. The sum of all service payments and other payments from the Contracting Municipalities are required to be sufficient to pay or provide for the net cost of operations.

Service payments shall be payable so long as the system is accepting solid waste delivered by or on behalf of the City, whether or not such solid waste is processed at the facility. The City has pledged its full faith and credit to the payment of service payments and has also agreed to enforce or levy and collect all taxes, cost sharing or other assessments or charges and take all such other action as may be necessary to provide for the payment of the service payments.

14. LITIGATION

There are several lawsuits pending against the City. The outcome and eventual liability of the City, if any, in these cases is not known at this time. Based upon consultation with legal counsel, the City's management estimates that potential claims against the City, not covered by insurance, resulting from such litigation would not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the City.

15. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT - RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION

The Norwich Department of Public Utilities Fund had historically been accounting for cash advances from the City associated with the Gas Bond Expansion project as contributed capital, although there is a resolution that the City will be repaid through reimbursement of principal payments on the Gas Bond annually by the Department. As of June 30, 2013, the cumulative amount of cash advances was \$5,358. The elimination of the previously recognized contributed capital and establishment of the liability for these cash advances resulted in a decrease in beginning net position of the Department of Public Utilities Fund in the amount of \$5,358 from \$123,904 to \$118,546. The Business-Type Activities opinion unit (which includes the Department of Public Utilities Fund) also had a decrease in beginning net position of \$5,358 from \$133,290 to \$127,932. The Governmental Activities opinion unit had historically not been accounting for the repayment of gas bond debt long-term receivables as assets. The recognition of the cumulative amount of cash advances as a receivable as of June 30, 2013 resulted in an increase to the beginning net position of \$5,358 from \$104,319 to \$109,677.

The following represents the effects of these restatements:

	Opinion Unit							
		Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Department of Public Utilities	Total	
Net position as reported in 2013 financial statements	\$	104,319	\$	133,290	\$	123,904 \$	361,513	
Prior period adjustment - recognition of cash advances as a liability for Department of Public Utilities and								
as an asset for Governmental Activities		5,358	-	(5,358)		(5,358)		
Net Position, Beginning of Year, as Restated	\$	109,677	\$	127,932	\$	118,546 \$	361,513	

Required Supplementary Information

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

	Budgeted	Budgeted Amounts			
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance	
General property taxes:					
Current tax levy	\$ 63,189	\$ 63,189	\$ 63,258	\$ 69	
Motor vehicle supplement	515	515	681	166	
Prior years levy	1,428	1,428	1,697	269	
Interest and liens	800	800	984	184	
Total	65,932	65,932	66,620	688	
Licenses, permits and fees:					
Miscellaneous permits and fees	550	550	543	(7)	
Intergovernmental revenues:					
Building maintenance	280	280	305	25	
City housing	82	82	112	30	
Municipal revenue sharing	651	651	630	(21)	
Pequot funds	1,112	1,112	1,112	-	
Payment in lieu of taxes	1,543	1,543	1,504	(39)	
Elderly taxes	134	134	135	1	
Youth Services	88	88	89	1	
School bond interest	104	104	104	_	
Federal DCPA match funds	20	20	20	_	
Health services	65	65	121	56	
Transportation	666	666	656	(10)	
Special education	1,200	1,200	57	(1,143)	
Education cost sharing	32,317	32,317	32,259	(58)	
Town aid road	503	503	502	(1)	
COPS grant			84	84	
Telecommunications fund	90	90	64	(26)	
Total	38,855	38,855	37,754	(1,101)	
Charges for services:					
Town Clerk - recording fees	350	350	367	17	
Town Clerk - conveyance tax	390	390	566	176	
Land recording capital improvement fee	18	18	18	-	
Probate court	23	23	23	-	
Landfill	1,000	1,000	1,050	50	
City property - relocation	80	80		(80)	
Senior Citizens Center	18	18	18	-	
Tuition	109	109	55	(54)	
Total	1,988	1,988	2,097	109	
Use of money:					
Interest from investments	30	30	39	9	

(Continued on next page)

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED)

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original		Final	_	Actual	 Variance	
Other revenue:								
Sewer assessments	\$	520	\$	520	\$	500	\$ (20)	
In lieu of taxes/telephone		110		110		126	16	
NGCA debt service		31		31		31	-	
DPU - City service		92		92		92	-	
Bond and note payments		165		165		165	-	
Traffic violations		7		7		8	1	
Miscellaneous		235		235		462	227	
Total		1,160		1,160	_	1,384	 224	
Total revenues		108,515		108,515	_	108,437	 (78)	
Other financing sources:								
Transfers in:								
Cemetery Trust		58		58		59	1	
Department of Public Utilities		7,183		7,183		7,183	-	
Police		150		150		115	(35)	
Total		7,391		7,391	_	7,357	 (34)	
Total	\$	115,906	\$	115,906		115,794	\$ (112)	
Budgetary revenues are different than GAAP revenues because: State of Connecticut on-behalf contributions to the Connecticut Retirement System for City teachers are not budgeted. The Board of Education does not budget for intergovernmenta	l grants, v	which are cr				4,920		
against education expenditures for budgetary reporting. The revenues and expenditures for GAAP financial reporting pure the description of the second state of the sec	rposes.			•		2,217		
Under liquidation of prior year encumbrances is recorded as m budgetary reporting. This amount is excluded for financial of the City does not budget for capital lease issuances in the generation of the company of the	reporting eral fund.	purposes. These amo	ounts			(186) 617		
are recorded as revenues and expenditures for GAAP financial Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources as Reported on the Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Fundamental Fundam	e Statemer	nt of Reven			\$_	123,362		

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

Budgeted Amounts Original Final Actual Variance General government: City Manager \$ 297 \$ 297 \$ 287 \$ 10 1,401 1,394 Finance 1.407 13 City Treasurer 229 229 222 7 Assessment 412 414 392 22 Personnel 10 456 456 446 Law 446 496 486 10 City Clerk 369 372 370 2 5 City Council 182 182 177 Election 117 117 114 3 Planning and Neighborhood Services 967 974 971 3 **Emergency Management** 77 77 77 Total general government 4,953 5,021 4,936 85 Public safety: Police 12,976 13,055 13,047 8 Fire: East Great Plain 118 118 105 13 Laurel Hill 54 51 54 57 Occum 60 60 3 Taftville 128 130 130 Yantic 137 141 141 Fire Central 1,935 2,017 2,013 Total public safety 15,405 15,575 15,547 28 Social Services: Recreation 688 689 685 4 Human services 595 596 596 525 Senior Citizens Center 542 543 18 Youth and Family Services 207 206 206 2,032 Total social services 2,034 2,012 22 Public works: Engineering and administration 580 549 3 552 Fleet maintenance 1,276 1,307 1,305 2 Solid waste 2.686 2.636 2,631 5 3,917 3,943 3,940 3 Maintenance and cleaning 1,193 Building maintenance 1,166 1,189 4 Parking maintenance 135 135 132 9,766 Total public works 9,757 9,749 17 Board of Education 70,535 70,535 70,535

(Continued on next page)

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED)

		Budgete	d Aı	mounts				
		Original	_	Final	_	Actual	_	Variance
Other	\$	5,825	\$_	5,667	\$_	5,614	\$_	53
Debt Service:								
Principal		4,420		4,495		4,466		29
Interest		961		961		874		87
Total debt service		5,381	_	5,456		5,340	_	116
Transfers out		2,418	_	2,418	_	2,418	_	
Total	\$	116,306	\$_	116,472		116,151	\$_	321
State of Connecticut on-behalf payments to the C Retirement System for City teachers are not but The Board of Education does not budget for interg against education expenditures for budgetary re revenues and expenditures for GAAP financial Encumbrances for purchases and commitments o reported in the year the order is placed for budget	dgeted. governi porting reporti rdered	mental grants, wg. These amoung purposes.	hich ts ar	e recorded as		4,920 2,217		
received for financial reporting purposes. Encumbrances for purchases and commitments o that were received and liquidated in the current		-				(488)		
statement reporting purposes.		1.0 1	TC1	,		159		
The City does not budget for capital lease issuance are recorded as revenues and expenditures for G		-			_	617		
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses as Re	_							
Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Ba Exhibit IV	alances	- Governmenta	I Fui	nds -	\$_	123,576		

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST FISCAL YEAR - CITY EMPLOYEES (In Thousands)

	_	2014
Total pension liability:		
Service cost	\$	2,679
Interest	•	17,334
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(14,146)
Net change in total pension liability		5,867
Total pension liability - beginning		227,932
Total pension liability - ending	_	233,799
Plan fiduciary net position:		
Contributions - employer		5,849
Contributions - member		3,057
Net investment income		20,194
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(14,146)
Administrative expense		(31)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		14,923
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		144,533
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	_	159,456
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$	74,343
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		68.20%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	37,752
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		196.92%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - CITY EMPLOYEES

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	_	2014	_	2013	_	2012	_	2011	_	2010	_	2009	_	2008	_	2007	_	2006		2005
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$	5,790 5,849	\$	5,728 5,730	\$	4,713 4,407	\$	3,644 3,752	\$	2,397 2,771	\$	3,037 3,216	\$	2,921 3,098	\$	2,662 2,830	\$	1,862 2,006	\$	1,214 1,446
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$_	(59)	\$	(2)	\$_	306	\$_	(108)	\$_	(374)	\$_	(179)	\$_	(177)	\$_	(168)	\$	(144)	\$_	(232)
Covered-employee payroll	\$	37,752	\$	36,302	\$	N/A	\$	N/A	\$	N/A										
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		15.49%		15.78%		N/A		N/A		N/A										

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date: July 1, 2013 Measurement date: June 30, 2014

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to

the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal
Amortization method Level dollar, closed
Remaining amortization period 25 years, closed
Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 3.0%

Salary increases Ranges from 2.5% to 10.5%, based on age

Investment rate of return 7.75%

Retirement age - City and Public Utility Employees Earlier of either (1) Age 55 with 25 years of service, (2) Age 60 with 5 years of service, or (3) 34 years of service

Retirement age - Board of Education Employees Earlier of either (1) Age 55 with 25 years of service, or (2) Age 60 with 5 years of service

Retirement age - Police Officers and Firefighters 20 years of service

Mortality - Actives 1994 Uninsured Pensioners Mortality Table with separate male and female rates, projected to the valuation date with Scale AA

Mortality - Retirees and Terminated Vested RP-2000 Mortality Table with separate male and female rates, with no collar adjustment for annuitants, projected to the valuation date with

Scale AA

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS - CITY EMPLOYEES

LAST FISCAL YEAR

	2014
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	14.19%

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST FISCAL YEAR - VOLUNTEER FIRE (In Thousands)

	_	2014
Total pension liability:		
Service cost	\$	49
Interest		367
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(268)
Net change in total pension liability	_	148
Total pension liability - beginning		4,943
Total pension liability - ending	_	5,091
Plan fiduciary net position:		
Contributions - employer		309
Contributions - member		12
Net investment income		253
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(268)
Administrative expense		(11)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		295
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		1,803
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	_	2,098
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$ <u></u>	2,993
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		41.21%
Covered-employee payroll*	\$	-
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		N/A

^{*} Covered payroll is not included in the above schedule as the persons covered are volunteers.

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - VOLUNTEER FIRE

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	_	2014	_	2013	_	2012	_	2011	_	2010	_	2009	_	2008	 2007	_	2006	_	2005
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$	309 309	\$	309 310	\$	255 281	\$	255 250	\$	255 250	\$	247 250	\$	213 213	\$ 213 160	\$	151 120	\$	151 120
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$	(1)	\$	(26)	\$	5	\$	5	\$	(3)	\$	-	\$ 53	\$	31	\$	31
Covered-employee payroll*	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		N/A	N/A		N/A		N/A												

^{*} Covered payroll is not included in the above schedule as the persons covered are volunteers.

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date: January 1, 2014 Measurement date: June 30, 2014

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of January 1, one and a half years

prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal
Amortization method Level dollar, closed
Remaining amortization period 25 years, closed
Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 3.0% Investment rate of return 7.00%

Retirement age The later of (1) age 55, or (2) 20 years of service

Mortality RP-2000 Mortality Table with separate male and female rates, with no collar adjustment, combined table for non-annuitants and

annuitants projected to the valuation date with Scale AA

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS - VOLUNTEER FIRE

LAST FISCAL YEAR

	2014
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	15.86%

Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is used to account for resources traditionally associated with government which are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in another fund.

GENERAL FUND

COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2014 AND 2013 (In Thousands)

	 2014		2013
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 25,638	\$	15,815
Investments	1,992		1,975
Receivables:			
Property taxes receivable, net	3,206		3,610
Property taxes accrued interest receivable, net	687		1,126
Intergovernmental receivable:			
School building grants receivable			99
Other grants receivable	39		557
Assessment receivable	3,210		3,628
Accounts receivable, net	323		396
Due from other funds	 4,281		13,444
Total Assets	\$ 39,376	\$	40,650
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities:		_	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 7,649	\$	7,683
Due to other funds	13,853		13,320
Unearned revenue	 302		458
Total liabilities	 21,804		21,461
Deferred inflows of resources:			
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	3,381		4,365
Unavailable revenue - special assessments	3,210		3,628
Advance property tax collections Total deferred inflows of resources	 (501	_	7.004
Total deferred inflows of resources	 6,591		7,994
Fund balances:			
Assigned	498		920
Unassigned	 10,483		10,275
Total fund balances	 10,981	_	11,195
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 39,376	\$	40,650

GENERAL FUND

REPORT OF TAX COLLECTOR

	Grand	Uncollect Taxes July 1, 20		_	Lawful Co	orrections Deductions		Transfers To Suspense		Adjusted Taxes Collectible	Taxes		Collection	ons Fees	Total	Net Uncollected Taxes June 30, 2014	Overpayment Credit Balances	Gross Uncollected Taxes June 30, 2014
	Granu	July 1, 20	3	-	Auditions	Deductions		Suspense	_	Conectible	1 axes	_	Interest	rees			Datatices	June 30, 2014
	2012	\$ 66,22		\$	68 \$		\$		\$	65,922 \$		\$	347 \$	10 \$	64,078 \$			2,260
	2011	2,2			24	83		98		2,060	1,170		262	33	1,465	890	3	893
	2010	80			20	36		367		479	281		96	22	399	198	3	201
	2009	63				29		380		211	90		49	26	165	121	10	131
	2008)4		44	22		26		100	49		33	5	87	51		51
	2007		57		29	15		22		59	28		24	3	55	31		31
	2006		.8		19	3		20		14	2		2		4	12		12
	2005		.7		16	3		18		12					-	12		12
72	2004		2		20	4		17		11			1		1	11		11
	2003		9		17	1		23		2					-	2		2
	2002		.7)		34	1		15		1					-	1		1
	2001		.6)		32			13		3					-	3		3
	2000		7)		33	1		13		2					-	2		2
	1999		.5		1	3		11		2					-	2		2
	1998		88	_		38	**		_			_			-			
		\$ 70,14	19	\$_	357 \$	506	\$	1,122	\$	68,878	65,341		814	99	66,254 \$	3,537	\$ 75 \$	3,612
						Suspense col Volunteer Fi		ions ighter Credits	s exp	pended	78 77	_	69	1	148 77			
						Total Tax	Col	lections		\$	65,496	\$	883 \$	100	66,479			
						Property taxe June 30, 20 June 30, 20	013	eceivable cons	sider	red available:				_	(371) 512			
						Total								\$	66,620			

^{*} Includes motor vehicle supplemental levy of \$740 ** Operation of law

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are designated or legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. The nature and purpose of each special revenue fund is as follows:

Fund	Funding Source	Function
Dog License	License fees	Operation of dog pound
School Lunch Program	State and Federal grants, program income	Operations of the school lunch program
Sidewalk	Charges for service and City appropriation	Sidewalk replacement
Fire Districts	Taxes, charges for service and State grants	Fire and refuse services
Education Grants	Federal and State grants	Specific education programs
Adult Education	Federal and State grants	Adult Education programs
Parking Commission	Charges for service and fees	City parking authority
Youth Services	Federal and State grants, contributions and charges for service	Youth Service Bureau
C.O.P.S. Grant	Federal grant	Public safety
Lead Paint Abatement	Federal grant and program income	Removal and disposal of lead paint
Other Grants and Programs	Various	Miscellaneous activities
Economic Development	Contributions	Economic development
Community Development Fund	Federal grant and program income	Social services
Education Programs	State grants and contributions	Miscellaneous education activities
Fire Grants and Programs	Federal grants	Fire equipment and supplies
Police Asset Forfeiture	Federal and State grants	Drug enforcement and education
Police Grants and Programs	Federal and State grants and contributions	Police equipment and enforcement
Recreation Grants and Programs	Charges for service	Recreational programs and activities
Social Services Grants and Programs	Federal and State grants and contributions	Health and welfare assistance
Senior Citizens Programs	Charges for service and contributions	Senior Citizens functions and activities
Mohegan Park	Charges for service, state grant and investment income	Mohegan Park improvements and programs
Sachem Fund	Transfers in from other funds and donations	Economic and cultural improvement
Property Rehabilitation	Transfers in from other funds and program income	Housing assistance
Brown Park	Trust and investment income	Maintenance and improvement of Brown Park

Capital Projects Funds

Capital Projects Funds are established in the City of Norwich pursuant to local resolutions authorizing specific capital projects. Funding sources are generally comprised of City appropriated transfers from the General Fund, the receipt of intergovernmental grants and proceeds from the sale of bonds. Expenditures relate to the expansion, improvement or replacement of the City's capital assets.

Permanent Funds

Permanent funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

	_							Special Reve	nue					
	-	Dog License	School Lunch Program	Sidewalk	Fire Districts	Education Grants	Adult Education	Parking Commission	Youth Services	C.O.P.S. Grant	Lead Paint Abatement	Other Grants and Programs	Economic Development	Community Development Fund
ASSETS														
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables, net: Property taxes	\$		\$ 325	\$	\$ 312	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Intergovernmental Loans Other			395	132	312	1,034		32	8		83 1,199	349		101
Due from other funds Other assets	_		64	72	1,257	2,019	77		49	71		160	13	
73 Total Assets	\$_	-	\$ 784	\$ 204	\$ 1,569	\$ 3,053	\$ 77	\$ 32	\$57	\$ 71	\$ 1,282	\$ 509	\$ 13	\$101
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES														
Liabilities: Accounts and other payables Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$	13 43	\$ 185	\$	\$ 109	\$ 1,960 771	\$	\$ 9 14	\$ 6	\$ 71	\$ 42 32	\$ 295	\$	\$ 5 96
Total liabilities	_	56	185		109			23	6	71	74	295	7	101
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue - special assessments Unavailable revenue - loans receivable Unavailable revenue - property taxes				132	266						1,199			
Unavailable revenue - other receivables Total deferred inflows of resources	_	-		132	266			32			1,199		<u> </u>	
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted			64		1,194						9		6	
Committed Unassigned		(56)	535	72	, ,	322	77	(23)	51			214		
Total fund balances	_	(56)		72	1,194	322	77	(23)	51		9	214	6	-
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	_	\$ 784	\$ 204	\$ 1,569	\$ 3,053	\$ 77	\$ 32	\$ 57	\$ 71 :	\$ 1,282	\$ 509	\$ 13	\$ 101

(Continued on next page)

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

	_							ial Revenue					
	-	Education Programs	Fire Grants and Programs	Police Asset Forfeiture	Police Grants and Programs	Recreation Grants and Programs	Social Services Grants and Programs	Senior Citizens Programs	Mohegan Park	Sachem Fund	Property Rehabilitation	Brown Park	Total
ASSETS													
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables, net: Property taxes Intergovernmental Loans	\$;	\$	\$	\$ 123	\$	\$	\$	\$	s :	\$ \$ 1,842	\$	325 - 312 2,093 3,041
Other Due from other funds Other assets	-	192	4	148		137	77	56	119	285		43	165 4,779 64
Total Assets	\$	192	\$4	\$ 148	\$ 123	\$ 137	\$ 77	\$57_5	\$\$	285	\$\$	43 \$	10,779
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES													
Liabilities: Accounts and other payables Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$			\$ 17	\$ 22 89 4 115		\$	\$ 4 5			\$ 11 \$ 16		2,699 290 853
Total liabilities Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue - special assessments Unavailable revenue - loans receivable Unavailable revenue - property taxes Unavailable revenue - other receivables Total deferred inflows of resources	-	6			113	15		4			1,842		132 3,041 266 32 3,471
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned	-	186	4	131	8	122	77	53	119	285	(27)	43	64 1,383 2,125 (106)
Total fund balances		186	4	131	8	122	77	53	119	285	(27)	43	3,466
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	192	\$ 4	\$ 148	\$ 123	\$ 137	\$ 77	\$ 57 \$	S 119 \$	S 285 \$	1,842 \$	43 \$	10,779

(Continued on next page)

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

			Ca	pital Projects			_			Total		
		Capital provement	Intermodal Transportation Center	School Projects	Landfill Closure	Total		Public Parks & Gardens	Fred Abbot Summer Concert	Cemetery Trust	Total	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS												
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables, net:	\$		\$ \$	\$	\$	-	\$:	\$	17 \$ 1,562	17 \$ 1,562	342 1,562
Property taxes Intergovernmental Loans		308	859	1,525	355	3,047					- - -	312 5,140 3,041
Other Due from other funds Other assets	_	1,733	72			72 1,733 -		40	5		- 45 -	237 6,557 64
Total Assets	\$	2,041	\$ 931 \$	1,525 \$	355 \$	4,852	\$	40	\$5_\$	1,579 \$	1,624 \$	17,255
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES												
Liabilities: Accounts and other payables Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$	71	\$ 74 \$ 875	\$ 840	\$ 96	145 1,811	\$:	\$ \$	\$	- \$ -	2,844 2,101 853
Total liabilities	_	71	949	840	96	1,956	_	-				5,798
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue - special assessments Unavailable revenue - loans receivable Unavailable revenue - property taxes Unavailable revenue - other receivables Total deferred inflows of resources	=	-				- - - -	_	<u>-</u>			- - - - -	132 3,041 266 32 3,471
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned		1,970	(18)	685	259	- 685 2,229 (18)		12 28	5	1,579	1,596 28	1,660 2,096 4,354 (124)
Total fund balances	_	1,970	(18)	685	259	2,896	_	40	5	1,579	1,624	7,986
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	2,041	\$ 931 \$	1,525 \$	355 \$_	4,852	\$	40	\$5_\$_	1,579_\$_	1,624 \$	17,255

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

Special Revenue Other School Lead Grants Dog Lunch Fire Education Adult Parking Youth C.O.P.S. Paint and Economic License Program Sidewalk Districts Grants Education Commission Services Grant Abatement Development **Programs** Revenues: Property taxes, interest and liens \$ \$ \$ \$ 4,935 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ Intergovernmental revenues 2,349 1,195 12,299 539 99 532 434 184 Charges for services 22 349 39 17 319 857 260 Investment income 3 Other 62 56 22 39 1,397 260 161 490 184 Total revenues 2,698 6,150 12,618 536 Expenditures: Current: General government 212 284 191 45 6,723 Public safety 9 8 192 31 Social services 578 Public works 129 689 456 2,667 12,697 1,393 Education Capital outlay Total expenditures 45 129 12,697 1,393 212 192 578 779 191 2,667 7,412 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (90)Expenditures (23)31 (1,262)(79)48 (31)(42)(289)(7) Other Financing Sources (Uses): 920 47 Transfers in 342 Transfer out Total other financing sources (uses) 920 47 342 31 (90) (342) 48 (31) (42) 53 Net Change in Fund Balances (23)(32)4 (7) Fund Balances at Beginning of Year (33) 568 162 1,536 354 73 (71) 82 51 161 13 Fund Balances at End of Year (56) \$ 599 72 \$ 1,194 \$ 322 \$ 77 \$ (23) \$ 51 \$ 9 \$ 214 \$

(Continued on next page)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (In Thousands)

							S	pecial Revenue						
		Community Development Fund	Education Programs	Fire Grants and Programs	Police Asset Forfeiture	Police Grants and Programs	Recreation Grants and Programs	Social Services Grants and Programs	Senior Citizens Programs	Mohegan Park	Sachem Fund	Property Rehabilitation	Brown Park	Total
Revenues:			_	_	_		_		_	_	_			
Property taxes, interest and liens Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services Investment income	\$	575	\$ 114	\$	\$ 34	\$ 230 422	\$ 4 131	59	12 64	\$	\$	\$ \$ 142	1	4,935 18,668 2,622
Other			80	1			3	70			50		1	326
Total revenues	-	575	194	1	34	652	138	129	76		51	142	1	26,557
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Social services Public works		10 502 2			21	556	206	134	126			232		687 7,372 2,001 1,276
Education Capital outlay		2	182											16,939
Total expenditures		514	182	_	21	556	206	134	126			232		28,275
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	•	61	12	1	13	96	(68)	(5)	(50)		51	(90)	1	(1,718)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfer out		(61)				(115)						41		1,350 (176)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(61)	-	-	-	(115)	-	-				41		1,174
Net Change in Fund Balances		-	12	1	13	(19)	(68)	(5)	(50)	-	51	(49)	1	(544)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year			174	3	118	27	190	82	103	119	234	22	42	4,010
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$		\$ 186	\$ 4	\$ 131	\$ 8	§ 122	\$ 77 5	53	\$ 119	\$ 285	\$ (27) \$	43 \$	3,466

(Continued on next page)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

	_			Capital Projects				Perm		m . 1		
		Capital Improvement	Intermodal Transportation Center	ransportation School		Total	Public Parks & Gardens	Fred Abbot Summer Concert	Cemetery Trust	Total	Interfund Eliminations	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues: Property taxes, interest and liens Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services Investment income Other Total revenues	\$	746	\$	\$ 659 659	148	1,553 1,553 - - - 72 1,625	\$	S \$	203	203	\$	\$ 4,935 20,221 2,622 209 398 28,385
Expenditures: Current:	-	740			140	1,023			203	203		28,383
General government Public safety Social services Public works Education			142		148	142 - - 148			15	15 - - - -		844 7,372 2,001 1,424 16,939
Capital outlay Total expenditures	_	2,307 2,307	327 469		148	2,634 2,924			15	15		2,634 31,214
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	_	(1,561)	(397)	659		(1,299)			188	188		(2,829)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfer out Total other financing sources (uses)	-	2,320 (300) 2,020			-	2,320 (300) 2,020		<u> </u>	(59) (59)	(59) (59)	(281) 281	3,389 (254) 3,135
Net Change in Fund Balances		459	(397)	659	-	721	-	-	129	129	-	306
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	_	1,511	379	26	259	2,175	40	5	1,450	1,495		7,680
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$_	1,970	\$ (18)	\$ 685 \$	259	2,896	\$ 40 \$	5 \$	1,579 \$	1,624	\$	\$ 7,986

FIRE DISTRICTS FUND REVENUES BUDGETARY BASIS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Budgeted A	mounts		
		Original	Final	Actual	Variance
Taxes, interest and lien fees:					
Fire	\$	4,319 \$	4,319 \$	4,366 \$	47
Volunteer fire		552	552	569	17
Total taxes, interest and lien fees		4,871	4,871	4,935	64
Intergovernmental:					
City Housing		190	190	190	-
In lieu of taxes - fire		49	49	49	-
Elderly reimbursement		85	85	85	-
Mashantucket Pequot		871	871	871	-
Total intergovernmental	_	1,195	1,195	1,195	-
Charges for services:					
Conveyance fees		14	14	17	3
Other:					
Other fund transfers		920	920	920	-
Investment income		5		3	(2)
Total	\$	7,005 \$	7,005 \$	7,070 \$	65

FIRE DISTRICTS FUND EXPENDITURES BUDGETARY BASIS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	_	Budgeted A			
	_	Original	Final	Actual	Variance
Fire and Refuse:					
Employees	\$	3,003 \$	3,003 \$	2,953 \$	50
Overtime		40	40	29	11
Replacement costs		873	873	741	132
Hospitalization		689	689	689	-
Fringe benefits		2,448	2,448	2,456	(8)
Workers compensation		158	158	158	-
Volunteer firefighter tax credit		85	85	77	8
Volunteer firefighter trust fund	_	309	309	309	
Total	\$	7,605 \$	7,605 \$	7,412 \$	193

SCHEDULE OF FIRE DISTRICT TAXES

	a -		Uncollected		Lawful Corrections			Transfers		Adjusted _					Uncollected					
_	Grand List		Taxes July 1, 2013		Additions		Deductions		to Suspense	Taxes Collectible		Taxes		Interest		Fees		Total	Taxes June 30, 2014**	
	2012	\$	4,977	\$	5	\$	22	\$	17 \$		4,943	\$	4,724	\$	27	\$		\$	4,751 \$	219
	2011		199		2		7		16		178		99		22				121	79
	2010		83		1		4		39		41		21		8				29	20
	2009		62				4		37		21		6		3				9	15
	2008		12				3		4		5		1						1	4
	2007		6				1		3		2								-	2
	2006		3						3		-								-	-
	2005		2		2		1		3		-								-	-
81	2004		2				1		1		-								-	-
	2003		3						3		-								-	-
	2002		2						2		-								-	=
	2001		2		1				2		1								-	1
	2000		1		1				2		-								-	-
	1999		2						2		-								-	-
	1998	-	5	_			5 *	_				_		-		_				
		\$_	5,361	\$_	12	\$	48	\$	134 \$	S	5,191		4,851		60				4,911 \$	340
								S	uspense collections			_	8	_	7	_			15	
									Total Tax Collection	ons		\$_	4,859	\$_	67	\$_	-	_	4,926	
									roperty taxes receiv June 30, 2013 June 30, 2014	able con	sidered a	avai	lable:					_	(38) 47	
									Total									\$_	4,935	

^{*}Operation of law

^{**}Represents gross receivable of \$341 net of overpayments of \$1 recorded as a liability.

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise Funds are used to account for ongoing organizations and activities which are similar to those found in the private sector.

Golf Course Authority - is used to account for the operations of the City's public golf course.

Stadium Authority - is used to account for the operations of Senator Thomas Dodd Stadium.

Ice Rink Authority - is used to account for the operations of the City's ice skating facility.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

	Business-Type Activities										
		Golf Course Authority		Stadium Authority	_	Ice Rink Authority		Totals			
Assets:											
Current assets:											
Receivables, net:											
User charges	\$		\$	42	\$	33	\$	75			
Due from other funds		230		69				299			
Inventories						42		42			
Total current assets		230		111		75		416			
Capital assets, net		2,263		7,103	_	130	_	9,496			
Total assets		2,493		7,214	_	205	_	9,912			
Liabilities:											
Current liabilities:											
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		86		16		42		144			
Bonds payable		25						25			
Due to other funds						700		700			
Unearned revenue		207						207			
Total current liabilities		318		16	-	742	_	1,076			
Noncurrent liabilities:											
Bonds payable		165			_		_	165			
Total liabilities		483		16	_	742	_	1,241			
Net Position:											
Net investment in capital assets		2,073		7,103		130		9,306			
Unrestricted		(63)		95	_	(667)	_	(635)			
Total Net Position	\$	2,010	\$	7,198	\$_	(537)	\$_	8,671			

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

	Business-Type Activities													
	-	Golf Course Authority	-	Stadium Authority	•	Ice Rink Authority	-	Totals						
Operating Revenues:														
Charges for services	\$	1,131	\$	155	\$	534	\$	1,820						
Operating Expenses:														
Operations and maintenance		1,115		150		943		2,208						
Depreciation		61		212		123		396						
Total operating expenses	•	1,176	-	362		1,066	-	2,604						
Operating Loss		(45)		(207)		(532)		(784)						
Nonoperating income (expense):														
Interest expense		(6)						(6)						
Loss on disposal of capital assets			_			(5)	-	(5)						
Net loss before transfers		(51)		(207)		(537)		(795)						
Transfers in	-		_			80	_	80						
Change in Net Position		(51)		(207)		(457)		(715)						
Net Position at Beginning of Year	-	2,061	_	7,405		(80)	_	9,386						
Net Position at End of Year	\$	2,010	\$	7,198	\$	(537)	\$	8,671						

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

		Business-Type Activities							
	_	olf Course		Stadium		Ice Rink			
		Authority	-	Authority	_	Authority		Totals	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:									
Cash received from charges for services	\$	1,149	\$	209	\$	513	\$	1,871	
Cash paid to vendors		(476)		(135)		(379)		(990)	
Cash paid to employees for services		(603)				(259)		(862)	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		70	_	74	_	(125)	_	19	
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:									
Advances from other funds			_		_	80	_	80	
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:									
Principal payments on long-term debt		(47)						(47)	
Interest payments on long-term debt		(6)						(6)	
Purchase of capital assets		(17)		(74)		(14)		(105)	
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets					_	59		59	
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related									
financing activities		(70)	_	(74)	_	45	_	(99)	
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents		-		-		-		-	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year			_		_		_		
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$		\$_	-	\$_		\$_		
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash									
Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:									
Operating loss	\$	(45)	\$	(207)	\$	(532)	\$	(784)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss			_	<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>	_	· · · · ·	
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:									
Depreciation expense		61		212		123		396	
Decrease (increase) in receivables		6		54		(21)		39	
Decrease in inventories and other assets						13		13	
Increase in due from other funds		(8)						(8)	
Increase in due to other funds				7		278		285	
Increase in unearned revenues		20						20	
Increase in accounts payable and									
accrued liabilities		36		8		14		58	
Total adjustments		115	_	281	_	407		803	
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$	70	\$	74	\$_	(125)	\$	19	

Internal Service Funds

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are used to account for and finance the City's uninsured risks of loss for Medical Benefits and Workers' Compensation (including heart and hypertension).

Medical Benefits Fund - is used to pay health insurance claims and to purchase administrative services and stop loss insurance for the City's health care plans. The City, Board of Education and Department of Public Utilities contribute into this fund for health insurance.

Workers' Compensation Fund - accounts for General Fund funding reserves and accrued loss liabilities on incurred claims for workers' compensation and heart and hypertension open claims.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

	_	Medical Benefits	-	Workers' Compensation		Total
Assets:						
Current:						
Due from other funds	\$	3,526	\$	3,316	\$	6,842
Total assets	_	3,526	_	3,316		6,842
Liabilities:						
Current:						
Accounts payable		2		5		7
Risk management claims		1,293		1,094		2,387
Total current liabilities	_	1,295	_	1,099		2,394
Noncurrent:						
Risk management claims	_		_	3,438		3,438
Total liabilities	_	1,295	_	4,537	_	5,832
Net Position:						
Unrestricted	\$_	2,231	\$_	(1,221)	\$	1,010

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

	_	Medical Benefits	_	Workers' Compensation		Total
Operating Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	14,909	\$	2,362	\$	17,271
Other				3,293		3,293
Total operating revenues		14,909	_	5,655	,	20,564
Operating Expenses:						
Claims expense		13,290		2,140		15,430
Premiums and administrative expenses		1,142		239		1,381
Total operating expenses	_	14,432	_	2,379		16,811
Operating Income		477		3,276		3,753
Net Position at Beginning of Year		1,754	-	(4,497)	i	(2,743)
Net Position at End of Year	\$	2,231	\$	(1,221)	\$	1,010

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

	_	Medical Benefits	-	Workers' Compensation	_	Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:						
Cash received from charges for services	\$	3,040	\$	79	\$	3,119
Cash receipts for interfund services provided		11,477		2,300		13,777
Cash paid to vendors		(14,517)		(2,379)		(16,896)
Net cash provided by operating activities	_	-	-	-	_	-
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		-		-		-
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	_	-	-		_	-
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$_	-	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash						
Provided by Operating Activities:						
Operating income	\$	477	\$	3,276	\$	3,753
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	_		-			
Decrease in receivables		461				461
Decrease (increase) in due from other funds		(853)		23		(830)
Decrease in accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(85)		(3,299)		(3,384)
Total adjustments	_	(477)	-	(3,276)	_	(3,753)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$_	-	\$_	-	\$	-

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held in a trustee capacity for others and include Agency Funds.

Agency Funds - utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and are used to account for student activities and performance/bid bonds.

The City's Agency Funds are listed below:

Student Activities

Rehabilitation Deposits

Bid Deposit

Performance Bonds

AGENCY FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

		tudent ctivities	Rehabilitation Deposits	Bid Deposit	Performance Bonds	 Totals
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Other	\$	51 \$	\$ 2	128	\$ 495	\$ 546 130
Total Assets	\$ <u></u>	51 \$	2 \$	128	\$ 495	\$ 676
Liabilities: Due to student groups and agencies	\$	51 \$	2 \$_	128	\$495	\$ 676

AGENCY FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

	Balance July 1, 2013	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2014
Student Activities				
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 68	\$101_	\$118_	\$51_
Liabilities: Due to student groups and agencies	\$ 68	\$ <u>101</u>	\$118_	\$51_
Rehabilitation Deposits				
Assets: Other	\$ <u>2</u>	\$ <u>2</u>	\$ <u> 2 </u>	\$2
Liabilities: Due to student groups and agencies	\$ <u>2</u>	\$ 2	\$2	\$2
Bid Deposit				
Assets: Other	\$ 14	\$ 255	\$ <u>141</u>	\$ <u>128</u>
Liabilities: Due to student groups and agencies	\$ 14	\$ 255	\$141_	\$128_
Performance Bonds				
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 431	\$ 84	\$ 20	\$
Liabilities: Due to student groups and agencies	\$ 431	\$ 84	\$ 20	\$ 495
Total - All Funds				
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Other	\$ 499 16	\$ 185 257	\$ 138 143	\$ 546 130
Total	\$ 515	\$ 442	\$ 281	\$ 676
Liabilities: Due to student groups and agencies	\$ 515	\$ 442	\$ 281	\$676

Supplemental Schedules

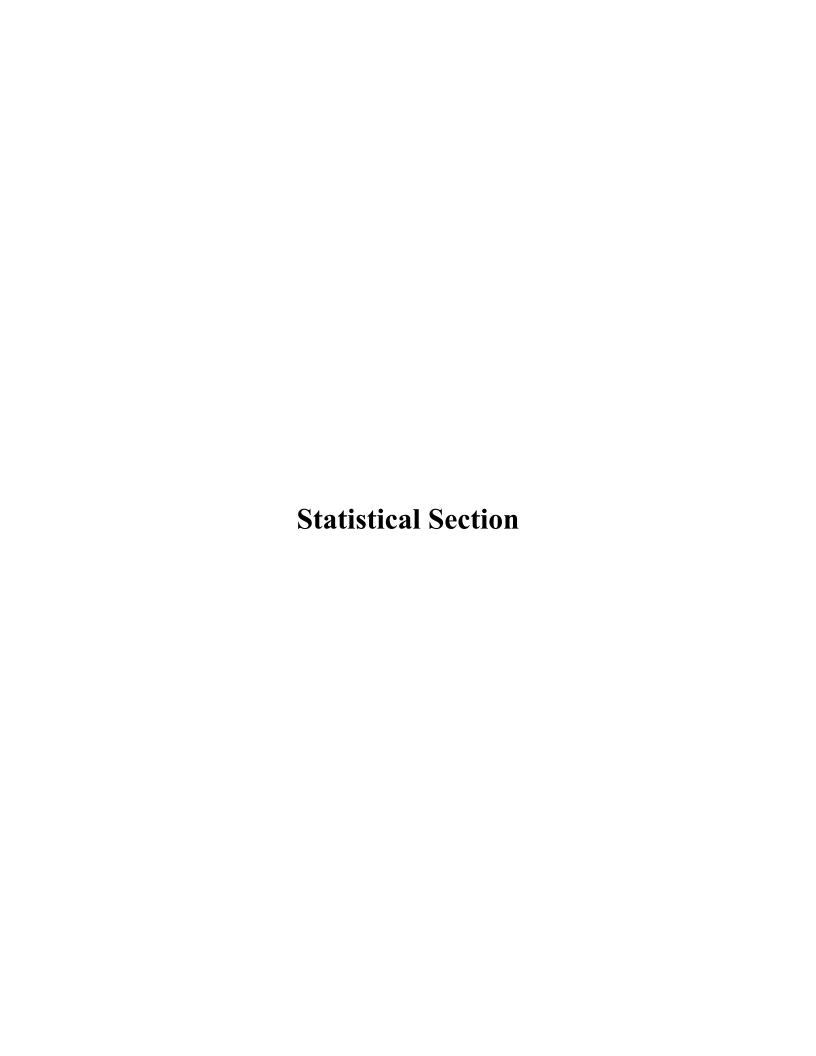
SCHEDULE OF BONDS AND SERIAL NOTES PAYABLE

Description	Interest Rate (%)	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Original Amount Issued	Balance Beginning of Year	Issued During Year	Paid During Year	Balance End of Year
Governmental Activities:								
General purpose bonds payable:								
General purpose - Wauregan Hotel	5.50-6.75	04/01/2001	04/01/2017 \$	400	\$ 100	\$	\$ 100	\$ -
General purpose	2.00-3.55	04/15/2004	04/15/2015	3,120	465		235	230
Refunding - (11/15/1997 and 11/01/1999) bonds	2.0-4.0	04/15/2004	04/15/2019	4,520	1,880		1,880	-
General purpose and water main	3.0-5.0	03/15/2005	09/15/2015	3,520	1,050		1,050	-
Refunding - (02/01/1996 and 04/01/2001) bonds	3.0-4.0	03/15/2005	09/15/2019	8,570	4,547		4,547	_
Schools	-	12/30/2008	12/30/2020	2,940	1,960		245	1,715
Refunding - (04/01/2001) bonds	2.0-3.0	12/02/2009	04/01/2014	4,235	1,015		1,015	
General purpose	3.0-4.0	12/02/2009	12/01/2029	9,145	8,175		450	7,725
Schools	3.0-4.0	12/02/2009	12/01/2029	2,000	1,788		103	1,685
General purpose	2.0-4.0	12/13/2011	12/01/2022	4,680	4,680		235	4,445
Schools	2.0-4.0	12/13/2011	12/01/2022	5,000	5,000		265	4,735
Refunding - (04/15/02) bonds	2.0	02/15/2012	04/15/2022	2,725	2,430		300	2,130
General Purpose	3.0-5.0	02/12/2014	09/15/2019	12,365	,	12,365		12,365
Refunding - (4/15/2004 series B and 3/15/2005) bonds	3.0-5.0	02/12/2014	09/15/2019	2,793		2,793		2,793
Refunding - (4/15/2004 series B and 3/15/2005) bonds - Schools	3.0-5.0	02/12/2014	09/15/2019	2,987		2,987		2,987
Total				69,000	33,090	18,145	10,425	40,810
Business-Type Activities:								
General purpose bonds payable:								
Refunding - (02/01/1996) Stony Brook Reservoir	3.0-4.0	03/15/2005	09/15/2015	368	117		117	_
Refunding - (02/12/2014) Stony Brook Reservoir	3.0-5.0	02/12/2014	09/15/2019	73	117	73	117	73
Golf course	3.0-4.0	12/02/2009	12/01/2029	265	237	75	47	190
State of Connecticut serial notes payable:	3.0-4.0	12/02/2007	12/01/2027	203	237		47	170
Clean Water Act 106-C	2.00	10/31/1997	10/31/2016	3,410	663		196	467
Clean Water Act 298-C	2.00	06/30/2000	06/30/2019	1,508	452		75	377
Clean Water Act 270-C	2.00	12/31/2002	12/31/2021	881	414		45	369
Clean Water Act 9714-C	2.77	12/31/2002	12/31/2021	1,899	925		98	827
Clean Water Act 200801-C	2.27	07/01/2009	07/01/2029	450	358		22	336
Clean Water Act 200601-C	2.00	12/31/2012	12/31/2031	1,865	1,733		78	1,655
Clean Water Act 625-D Clean Water Act 495-C	2.00	05/31/2013	06/01/2032	5,748	5,748		547	5,201
Clean Water Act 625-D1	*	*	*	*	5,740	2,510	547	2,510
Drinking Water State Revolving Fund 2010-8005	2.06	03/31/2010	12/31/2029	145	119	2,510	7	112
Drinking Water State Revolving Fund 2010-8006	2.06	03/31/2010	06/30/2030	326	277		16	261
Drinking Water State Revolving Fund 2010-7005	2.00	04/30/2014	10/31/2032	160	55	105	1	159
Drinking Water State Revolving Fund 2010-7006	2.00	4/30/2014	04/30/2032	148	71	77	1	147
Drinking Water State Revolving Fund 2014-7027	*	*	*	*	/ 1	352	1	352
Total				17,246	11,169	3,117	1,250	13,036
				17,210	11,100		1,230	15,050
Total			\$	86,246	\$ 44,259	\$ 21,262	\$ 11,675	\$ 53,846

^{*} Loans are not permanently financed at this time.

BOND AND SERIAL NOTES PAYABLE SCHEDULE OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS

	 Governm	ental .	Activities	_	Business-T	Sype .	Activities	Total Primary Government					
Fiscal Year Ending	 General O	bligat	ion Bonds		General Ob								
June 30,	 Principal		Interest	_	Principal	_	Interest		Principal	_	Interest		
2015	\$ 3,900	\$	1,344	\$	3,709	\$	207	\$	7,609	\$	1,551		
2016	3,675		1,273		859		188		4,534		1,461		
2017	3,130		1,140		733		171		3,863		1,311		
2018	3,075		982		676		155		3,751		1,137		
2019	2,950		883		692		140		3,642		1,023		
2020	2,740		796		626		126		3,366		922		
2021	2,205		722		628		112		2,833		834		
2022	1,965		653		522		98		2,487		751		
2023	1,720		583		442		89		2,162		672		
2024	1,720		517		450		80		2,170		597		
2025	1,695		452		458		71		2,153		523		
2026	1,720		395		466		61		2,186		456		
2027	1,720		337		474		52		2,194		389		
2028	1,720		279		482		42		2,202		321		
2029	1,720		220		489		32		2,209		252		
2030	1,720		161		473		23		2,193		184		
2031	1,120		112		462		13		1,582		125		
2032	1,125		74		392		4		1,517		78		
2033	595		45		3				598		45		
2034	 595	_	22	_		_			595	_	22		
'otal	\$ 40,810	\$	10,990	\$	13,036	\$	1,664	\$	53,846	\$	12,654		



Statistical Section Information

The objectives of statistical section information are to provide financial statement users with additional historical perspective, context and detail to assist in using the information in the financial statements, notes to financial statements and required supplementary information to understand and assess economic condition.

Statistical section information is presented in the following categories:

- *Financial trends information* is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing how financial position has changed over time.
- Revenue capacity information is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing the factors affecting the ability to generate own-source revenues (property taxes, charges for services, etc.).
- *Debt capacity information* is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing debt burden and the ability to issue additional debt.
- Demographic and economic information is intended 1) to assist users in understanding the socioeconomic environment and 2) to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial statement information over time and among governments.
- Operating information is intended to provide contextual information about operations and resources to assist readers in using financial statement information to understand and assess economic condition.

The accompanying tables are presented in the above order. Refer to the Table of Contents for applicable page number locations.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in the tables is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands)

FISCAL YEAR

	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
Governmental activities:										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 84,303	\$ 95,200	\$ 92,031 \$	\$ 87,252 * \$	60,432 \$	53,165 \$	50,696 \$	44,114 \$	38,680 \$	34,514
Restricted	1,667	1,537	1,457	1,544	1,405	1,351	1,608	1,725	1,590	1,610
Unrestricted	24,762	12,940 *	14,373	10,296	14,414	6,088	9,884	13,808	16,460	15,074
Total governmental activities net position	110,732	109,677	107,861	99,092	76,251	60,604	62,188	59,647	56,730	51,198
Business-type activities:										
Net investment in capital assets	112,277	112,113	107,495	97,874 *	88,174	87,763	84,439	83,363	83,151	81,679
Restricted	228	188	361	334	287	758	758	876	643	279
9 Unrestricted	16,073	15,631 *	22,241	20,129	23,441	22,903	21,159	24,307	19,927	17,083
Total business-type activities net position	128,578	127,932	130,097	118,337	111,902	111,424	106,356	108,546	103,721	99,041
Primary government:										
Net investment in capital assets	196,580	207,313	199,526	185,126	148,606	140,928	135,135	127,477	121,831	116,193
Restricted	1,895	1,725	1,818	1,878	1,692	2,109	2,366	2,601	2,233	1,889
Unrestricted	40,835	28,571	36,614	30,425	37,855	28,991	31,043	38,115	36,387	32,157
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$ 239,310	\$ 237,609	\$ 237,958	\$ <u>217,429</u> \$	188,153 \$	S 172,028 \$	168,544 \$	168,193 \$	160,451 \$	150,239

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ Schedule prepared on the accrual basis of accounting.

^{*} as restated

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands)

FISCAL YEAR 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007 2006 2005 Expenses: Governmental activities: General government \$ 8,296 \$ 11,905 \$ 10,300 \$ 10,760 \$ 9,114 \$ 10,473 \$ 12,116 \$ 11,926 \$ 9,638 \$ 8.958 23,882 Public safety 22,840 20,571 20,336 18,063 20,326 18,271 16,108 15,754 14,105 Social services 4.248 4.059 4.201 4,664 5,602 4.954 4.852 3,984 4.048 3.037 Public works 15,989 11,887 13,444 9.133 9,449 15.819 11.617 11,504 11.109 13,781 Education 94,935 92,976 86,764 84,263 84,898 85,661 91,664 75,171 71,268 64,819 Interest on long-term debt 1.488 1,232 1.109 2.008 1,323 1.444 1.380 1.454 1.476 1.646 Total governmental activities expenses 148,838 144,899 136,389 131,164 128,449 138,677 139,900 120,147 113,293 106,346 Business-type activities: Department of Public Utilities 77,462 75,476 75,620 80,977 74,716 77,192 74,114 66,885 67,275 57.133 2,615 2,470 2,495 2,425 2,413 2,529 2,568 2,373 2,583 2,505 Other enterprise funds 80,077 78,115 83,402 79,721 76,682 69.258 Total business-type activities expenses 77,946 77,129 69,858 59,638 228,915 222,845 205,578 218,398 Total primary government expenses 214,504 214,566 216,582 189,405 183,151 165,984 Program Revenues: Governmental activities: Charges for services: General government 2,107 1,907 1,866 1,860 1,778 1,602 2,078 2,861 3,097 2,682 Public works 811 1,684 771 1,250 819 2,962 3,017 2,994 2,730 2,988 1,708 1,570 2,051 2,184 1,864 1,935 1,674 1,447 Education 1,581 1,620 Other 887 1.009 1.032 1.076 1.012 1.171 970 694 747 717 58,277 54.051 54,424 52,034 62,359 47,561 Operating grants and contributions 55,684 53,139 47,469 41,727 791 10,749 22,962 11,163 5,810 1,635 934 1,736 1,907 Capital grants and contributions 1,664 Total governmental activities program revenues 65,327 62,695 69,265 82,769 71,247 65,763 71,923 56,887 57,545 51,468 Business-type activities: Charges for services: 17,609 14.893 16,282 16,508 18,999 15,099 Gas 13,370 21.596 16,961 16,612 Electric 51.627 51.396 60,151 58.283 52,303 55.152 49.265 49,607 46,158 38,706 Water 8,808 8,376 6,656 6,794 6,117 6,027 5,790 5,115 5,099 4,970 Sewer 6.994 7,252 6,876 7,185 7,580 5,536 5.641 5,340 5.384 4.077 1,820 1,882 2,054 2,081 2,081 2,188 2,245 2,168 2,269 2,299 Other nonmajor enterprise funds 1,037 1,696 Capital grants and contributions 1,798 65 6,798 6,704 200 1,315 1,216 2,115 Total business-type activities program revenues 88,656 83,864 95,905 97,329 84,789 91,814 81,118 79,879 79,605 67,266 Total primary government program revenues 153,983 146,559 165,170 180,098 156,036 157,577 153,041 136,766 137,150 118,734 Net (expense) revenue: (83,511)(82,204)(48,395)(57,202)(72,914)(54,878)Governmental activities (67,124)(67,977)(63,260)(55,748)Business-type activities 8,579 5,918 17,790 13,927 7,660 12.093 4,436 10,621 9,747 7,628

(Continued on next page)

(34,468)

(49,542) \$

(60,821)

(63,541)

(52,639)

(46,001)

(47,250)

(49,334)

(74,932)

(76,286) \$

93

Total Primary Government Net Expense

CHANGES IN NET POSITION (CONTINUED)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands)

		FISCAL YEAR													
	_	2014	2013	2012		2011	2010		2009	2008		2007	2006		2005
General revenues and other changes in net position:															
Governmental activities:															
Property taxes	\$	70,539 \$	69,598 \$	63,198	\$	61,307 \$	59,956	\$	57,897	\$ 56,456	\$	52,327 \$	49,726	\$	45,426
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific															
programs		4,900	5,005	4,315		4,391	4,372		5,480	5,407		5,522	4,786		5,030
Unrestricted investment earnings		247	202	51		283	321		262	998		1,199	843		488
Miscellaneous		942	1,126	890		1,414	998		558	631		910	540		1,217
Transfers		7,938	8,089	7,439		8,277	7,202		7,133	7,026		6,219	5,385		5,006
Total governmental activities	_	84,566	84,020	75,893	_	75,672	72,849	_	71,330	70,518	_	66,177	61,280		57,167
Business-type activities:															
Investment earnings		5	6	11		14	20		108	400		423	318		204
Transfers		(7,938)	(8,089)	(7,493)		(8,277)	(7,202)		(7,133)	(7,026)		(6,219)	(5,385)		(5,006)
Total business-type activities	_	(7,933)	(8,083)	(7,482)		(8,263)	(7,182)	_	(7,025)	(6,626)		(5,796)	(5,067)		(4,802)
Total Primary Government	\$	76,633 \$	75,937 \$	68,411	\$	67,409 \$	65,667	\$	64,305	\$ 63,892	\$	60,381 \$	56,213	\$	52,365
Changes in Net Position:															
Governmental activities	\$	1,055 \$	1,816 \$	8,769	\$	27,277 \$	15,647	\$	(1,584)	\$ 2,541	\$	2,917 \$	5,532	\$	2,289
Business-type activities		646	(2,165)	10,308	_	5,664	478		5,068	(2,190)		4,825	4,680		2,826
Total Primary Government	\$	1,701 \$	(349) \$	19,077	\$	32,941 \$	16,125	\$	3,484	\$ 351	\$	7,742 \$	10,212	\$	5,115

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ Schedule prepared on the accrual basis of accounting.

^{(2) 10%} of sales contribution from the Department of Public Utilities to the General Fund is classified as a transfer starting in fiscal year 2005. Before that, it was included in charges for services.

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands)

										FISCA	L Y	YEAR								
	_	2014		2013	_	2012	_	2011	_	2010		2009	_	2008		2007	_	2006	_	2005
General Fund:																				
Reserved	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	268	\$	283	\$	308	\$	425	\$	259	\$	398
Unreserved										9,834		9,616		10,676		11,651		11,030		10,573
Assigned		498		920		264		178												
Unassigned	_	10,483		10,275		10,371		10,649	_				_				_		_	
Total General Fund	\$_	10,981	\$_	11,195	\$_	10,635	\$_	10,827	\$_	10,102	\$_	9,899	\$_	10,984	\$_	12,076	\$_	11,289	\$_	10,971
All other governmental funds:																				
Reserved	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	1,776	\$	1,729	\$	2,095	\$	3,170	\$	3,077	\$	2,475
Unreserved, reported in:																				
Special revenue funds										2,915		2,183		2,487		2,746		2,577		2,532
Capital projects funds										3,911		(1,898)		(1,493)		(541)		2,460		3,265
Nonspendable		1,660		1,484		1,443		1,523												
Restricted		2,096		2,193		3,179		1,421												
Committed		4,354		4,107		4,271		4,344												
Unassigned	_	(1,043)	_	(7,877)		(2,878)		(7,208)	_		_		_				_		_	
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$_	7,067	\$	(93)	\$	6,015	\$	80	\$	8,602	\$	2,014	\$_	3,089	\$_	5,375	\$_	8,114	\$	8,272

Notes:

- (1) Schedule prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting.
- (2) Fund balance classifications were modified beginning in year 2011 with the adoption of GASB Statement 54.

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands)

FISCAL YEAR 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007 2006 2005 Revenues: Property taxes, interest and liens \$ 71,555 \$ 69.360 \$ 63.286 \$ 60,817 \$ 59,214 \$ 57,623 \$ 55,893 \$ 52,976 \$ 49,704 \$ 47,652 53.572 Intergovernmental 65.112 61.368 68.137 81.439 69,937 63,116 69,880 53,909 48.159 6,858 7,292 7,353 8,508 9,135 10,097 9,283 10,296 Charges for services, licenses, permits, fees and other 6,686 6,816 Investment income 248 202 50 283 321 260 991 1,171 813 462 Total revenues 143,773 137,616 138,289 149,831 136,825 129,507 135,899 118,153 113,372 106,569 Expenditures: General government 5,777 5,473 5,008 5,822 6,466 6,716 7,339 5,782 5,290 5,262 Public safety 22.958 21.672 19.685 19,447 17.832 18,606 17.348 16,163 15,634 13,736 Social services 4,013 3,616 4.125 4,029 4.261 4,640 4,313 4,272 4,273 3,782 9,421 10,944 10,412 Public works 11,115 10,121 10,187 9,633 10,359 9,964 10,095 Education 94,320 91,108 84,067 84,690 83,893 82,866 91,194 74,223 70,592 65,363 Other 4,943 4,286 5,598 4,795 3,411 3,461 3,693 4,365 3,531 3,529 Capital outlay 9,275 9,156 16,954 34,905 18,274 10,826 6,102 6,337 3,707 3,929 Debt service: Principal 4,330 3,906 3,915 3,475 3,530 2,835 3,356 3,616 3,975 3,928 1.258 1.075 713 1.199 1.631 1.759 Interest 1.283 1.297 1.342 1.425 166,709 Total expenditures 158,669 151,253 149,811 147,851 141,740 146,303 126,516 118,597 111,383 (11,026)Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (14,896)(13,637)(11,522)(16,878)(12,233)(10,404)(8,363)(5,225)(4,814)Other financing sources (uses): 10.505 9.885 8,760 Transfers in 10,746 11.092 11,701 18,424 12,404 10,686 8.246 Transfers out (2,808)(3,003)(10,147)(5,202)(3,553)(3,479)(3,666)(3,375)(3,240)(4,262)Issuance of capital leases 617 804 192 Bonds issued 12,365 9,680 10,545 2,940 2,810 Bond premium 1,368 181 125 Refunding bonds issued 5,780 2,725 4,240 8,202 Payment to refunding bond escrow agent (6,226)(2.760)(4,295)(8.128)Total other financing sources 21,842 8,089 9,081 10,073 7,026 6,411 5,385 17,265 17,817 7,890 Net change in fund balances 6,946 160 (5,548)5,743 (7,797)6,791 (2,160)(3,378)(1,952)3,076 Fund Balances at Beginning of Year 10,907 14,073 19,403 16,167 11,102 16,650 18,704 11,913 17,451 19,243 Fund Balances at End of Year 18,048 16,650 10,907 \$ 18,704 14,073 \$ 17,451 11,102 \$ 11,913 \$ 19,403 \$ 19,243 Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures 3.63% 3.52% 3.69% 3.57% 3.32% 2.98% 3.36% 4.20% 4.91% 5.27%

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ Schedule prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands)

																		Total Adjusted				Taxable			
				ъ. г	_													Tax Levy				Assessed			G
		C 1	-	Real	Pro	perty										NT 4		(General Fund,			Estimated	Value as a			State
	г	Grand		Industrial				N		ъ .		Gross	,	Less		Net		CCD Fire		Average	Actual	Percentage of			Equalized
	Fiscal	List		and		D		Motor		Personal		Taxable		Fax Exempt		Taxable		Taxes and		Direct Rate	Taxable	Actual Taxable	e		Net Grand
_	Year	Year	-	Commercial	-	Residential	-	Vehicle	_	Property	-	Grand List	-	Property	-	Grand List	-	TCD Taxes)	-	(In Mills)	 Value	Value	_	_	List
	2014	2012	\$	453,582	\$	1,669,529	\$	194,509	\$	140,057	\$	2,457,677	\$	33,750	\$	2,423,927	\$	70,865	\$	29.24	\$ 3,462,753	70.00	%	\$	2,936,728
	2013	2011		454,877		1,675,445		218,925		144,144		2,493,391		38,323		2,455,068		69,179		28.18	3,507,240	70.00			2,432,705
	2012	2010		453,611		1,663,064		186,880		132,490		2,436,045		41,816		2,394,229		63,162		26.38	3,420,327	70.00			2,942,694
	2011	2009		467,731		1,656,685		202,209		118,062		2,444,687		36,522		2,408,165		60,982		25.32	3,440,236	70.00			3,147,981
	2010	2008		433,291		1,666,402		194,403		114,906		2,409,002		30,891		2,378,111		58,839		24.74	3,397,301	70.00			3,400,922
	2009	2007		344,640		1,235,104		208,756		112,575		1,901,075		24,841		1,876,234		57,972		30.90	2,680,334	70.00			3,615,569
	2008	2006		341,360		1,225,489		183,186		92,878		1,842,913		23,384		1,819,529		55,469		30.49	2,599,327	70.00			3,559,366
	2007	2005		326,636		1,213,923		177,323		93,706		1,811,588		19,898		1,791,690		53,057		29.61	2,559,557	70.00			3,592,741
9	2006	2004		326,235		1,190,123		165,690		90,463		1,772,511		27,325		1,745,186		49,389		28.30	2,493,123	70.00			3,276,807
7	2005	2003		408,784		1,095,366		153,492		100,570		1,758,212		24,916		1,733,296		46,563		26.86	2,476,137	70.00			2,502,936

Source: City of Norwich Assessor's Office; Municipal Fiscal Indicators, Connecticut Office of Policy & Management

Notes

- (1) 2008 Real property grand list is adjusted to reflect statutory revaluation. The next revaluation will be on the October 1, 2013.
- (2) Property is assessed at approximately 70% of its market value. Assessed Value is 70% of Estimated Actual Value.

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

OCTOBER 1, 2012 AND OCTOBER 1, 2003

					October 1	, 2012			October 1	2003
	Business Name	Nature of Business	_	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	_	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value
	Dusiness Name	Nature of Business		v alue	Kalik	Assessed value	_	v alue	Kank	Assessed value
	Computer Science Corporation	Computer Products & Services	\$	30,731	1	1.27%	\$	12,547	2	0.72%
	Bob's Discount Furniture	Retail Store & Distribution Warehouse		19,114	2	0.79%		4,837	8	0.28%
	Plaza Enterprises	Shopping Center		14,782	3	0.61%				
	EMC Corporation	Computer Products & Services		13,416	4	0.55%				
	Algonquin Gas Transmissions LLC	Natural Gas Pipeline		9,840	5	0.41%				
	Mashantucket Pequot Tribe	Real Estate		9,704	6	0.40%		7,640	3	0.44%
	Norwich Community Development Corporation	Office Building		9,297	7	0.38%				
98	NorwichTown Commons	Shopping Center		9,241	8	0.38%		7,256	4	
∞	Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.	Department Store		8,038	9	0.33%		4,482	9	0.26%
	Norwich Realty Associates LP	Real Estate		7,874	10	0.32%		4,902	7	0.28%
	Freeport-McMoran (fka Phelps Dodge)	Manufacturing - Copper						13,790	1	0.80%
	Hamilton Park Wequonnoc Village	Apartments						6,151	5	0.35%
	Kalimian Elias as Trustee	Apartments						5,190	6	0.30%
	US Foodservice	Food Distributors					-	4,138	10	0.24%
	Total		\$	132,037		5.45%	\$_	70,933		3.67%

Source: City of Norwich Assessor's Office

Note:

(1) The October 1, 2012 grand list was the base grand list utilized for the tax bills issued July 1, 2013 for the 2014 fiscal year.

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands)

Percentage Taxable T	Fiscal					ithin the Fiscal of Levy	Tax	Tax Collect	ions To Date	Total Dir	ect Rates
2014 \$ 2,423,927	Ended	Taxable			Amount		In Subsequent	Amount	0	Consolidated	Consolidated
2013 2,455,068 26.54 64,618 62,401 96.57% 1,323 63.724 98.62% 31,10 26.54 2012 2,394,228 24.76 59,110 57,141 96.67% 1,767 58,908 99.66% 28.83 25,12 2011 2,408,165 24.04 57,006 54,816 96.16% 2,059 56,875 99,77% 28.02 24.40 2010 2,378,111 23.48 55,162 53,056 96.18% 2,055 55,111 99.91% 27,11 23.84 2009 1,876,234 29,24 54,309 52,081 95,90% 1,97 54,278 99,94% 34.10 29.66 2008 1,819,529 28.57 51,980 50,213 96.60% 1,755 51,968 99,98% 33.32 28.93 2007 1,791,750 27,77 49,971 48,324 96.70% 1,638 49,962 99,98% 33.32 28.93 2007 1,791,750 27,77 49,971 48,324 96.70% 1,550 46,527 99,97% 30.75 27.02 2005 1,733,296 25.69 43,999 42,681 97,00% 1,316 43,997 100.00% 29,53 25.90 City Consolidated District (CCD) Fire Tax 2014 \$ 864,925 5.04 \$ 4,378 \$ 4,172 95.29% \$ - \$ 4,172 95.29% 2013 896,123 4.56 3,995 3,329 83.33% 111 3,440 86,11% 2012 870,134 3.98 3,426 2,991 87,30% 160 3,151 91,97% 2011 870,134 3.98 3,426 2,991 87,30% 160 3,151 91,97% 2010 870,088 3.63 3,136 2,981 95.60% 141 3,122 99.55% 2009 650,100 4.86 3,154 2,930 92,90% 144 3,122 99.55% 2009 650,100 4.86 3,154 2,930 92,90% 144 3,122 99.55% 2009 650,100 4.86 3,154 2,930 92,90% 144 3,122 99.55% 2009 650,100 4.86 3,154 2,930 92,90% 173 3,103 98,38% 2000 620,55 4.03 2,511 2,233 88,93% 112 2,345 93,39% 2009 650,100 4.86 3,154 2,930 92,90% 173 3,103 98,38% 2000 620,55 4.03 2,511 2,233 88,93% 112 2,345 93,39% 2005 614,657 3.84 2,352 2,142 91.85% 99 2,241 96.10% Towa Consolidated District (TCD) Volunteer Fire Relief Tax 2014 \$ 1,559,002 0.36 \$ 564 \$ 552 \$ 97.87% \$ 8 \$ 562 \$ 99.29% 500,000 \$ 20.00 \$ 60.00 \$ 3.65 \$ 554 \$ 77.88% 8 \$ 562 \$ 99.29% 500,000 \$ 20.00 \$ 60.00 \$ 3.65 \$ 554 \$ 552 \$ 97.87% \$ 8 \$ 562 \$ 99.29% 500,000 \$ 20.00 \$ 60.00 \$ 3.65 \$ 554 \$ 552 \$ 97.87% \$ 8 \$ 562 \$ 99.29% 500,000 \$ 20.00 \$ 60.00 \$ 3.65 \$ 554 \$ 552 \$ 97.87% \$ 8 \$ 562 \$ 99.29% 500,000 \$ 20.00 \$ 1,158,000 \$ 3.00 \$ 565 \$ 554 \$ 97.88% \$ 8 \$ 562 \$ 99.29% 500,000 \$ 20.00 \$ 20.00 \$ 20.00 \$ 20.00 \$ 20.00 \$ 20.00 \$ 20.00 \$ 20.00 \$ 20.00 \$ 20.00 \$ 20.00 \$ 20.00 \$ 20.00 \$ 20.00 \$ 20.00 \$ 20.00 \$ 20.00 \$ 20.00 \$ 2	General Fund										
2012 2,394,228 24,76 59,110 57,141 96,67% 1,767 58,908 99,66% 28,83 25,12 2010 2,408,165 24,04 57,006 54,816 96,16% 2,059 56,875 99,77% 28,02 24,40 2010 2,378,111 23,48 55,162 53,056 96,18% 2,055 55,111 99,91% 27,11 23,84 2009 1,876,234 29,24 54,309 52,081 95,90% 2,197 54,278 99,44% 34,10 29,66 2008 1,819,524 92,24 54,309 52,081 95,90% 1,755 51,968 99,98% 33,32 28,93 2007 1,791,750 27,77 49,971 48,324 96,70% 1,638 49,962 99,98% 32,02 28,08 2006 1,745,186 26,72 46,541 44,977 96,64% 1,550 46,527 99,97% 30,75 27,02 2005 1,733,296 25,69 43,999 42,681 97,00% 1,316 43,997 100,00% 29,53 25,90 City Consolidated District (CCD) Fire Tax 2014 \$ 864,925 5.04 \$ 4,378 \$ 4,172 95,29% \$ - \$ 4,172 95,29% 2013 896,123 4.56 3,995 3,329 83,33% 111 3,440 86,11% 2011 870,134 4.07 3,496 3,251 92,99% 116 3,391 40,7 3,496 3,251 92,99% 116 3,391 2011 870,134 4.07 3,496 3,251 92,99% 166 3,151 91,97% 2011 870,134 4.07 3,496 3,251 92,99% 160 3,151 91,97% 2010 870,088 3,63 3,136 2,981 95,06% 114 3,122 99,55% 2009 650,100 4,86 3,154 2,930 92,90% 173 3,103 98,38% 2008 641,583 4.75 3,064 2,591 95,06% 114 3,122 99,55% 2009 650,100 4,86 3,154 2,930 92,90% 173 3,103 98,38% 2009 660,100 4,86 3,154 2,930 92,90% 173 3,103 98,38% 2006 60,055 4,03 2,511 2,233 88,93% 112 2,345 93,39% 2007 633,603 4,25 2,724 2,399 88,07% 128 2,527 92,77% 2006 620,505 4,03 2,511 2,233 88,93% 112 2,345 93,39% 2007 633,603 4,25 2,724 2,399 88,07% 128 2,527 92,77% 2006 620,505 4,03 2,511 2,233 88,93% 112 2,345 93,39% 2005 614,657 3,84 2,332 2,142 91,85% 115 540 100,75% 2000 1,25,613 0,36 566 554 97,88% 8 562 99,29% 2012 1,538,031 0,36 566 554 97,88% 8 562 99,29% 2012 1,538,031 0,36 545 537 98,53% 13 550 100,92% 2001 1,538,031 0,36 545 537 98,53% 13 550 100,92% 2001 1,538,031 0,36 545 537 98,53% 13 550 100,92% 2001 1,538,031 0,36 545 537 98,53% 13 550 100,92% 2001 1,538,031 0,36 545 537 98,53% 13 550 100,92% 2001 1,538,031 0,36 545 537 98,53% 13 50 90,72% 100,00% 2006 1,124,681 0,30 337 336 96,74% 11 337 100,00% 2006 1,124,681 0,30 337 336 96,74% 11 337 100,00% 2006 1,124	2014 \$	2,423,927	27.23 \$	65,922 \$	63,721	96.66% \$		63,721	96.66%	32.27	27.59
2011 2,408,165 24.04 57,006 54,816 96,16% 2,059 56,875 99,77% 28.02 24.40 2010 2,378,111 23.48 55,162 53.056 96,18% 2,055 55,111 99,19% 27,11 23.84 2009 1,876,234 29.24 54,309 52,081 95,90% 2,197 54,278 99,94% 34.10 29.66 2008 1,819,529 28.57 51,800 50,213 96,60% 1,755 51,968 99,98% 33.22 28.93 2007 1,791,750 27,777 49,971 48,234 96,70% 1,638 49,962 99,98% 33.22 28.08 2006 1,745,186 26.72 46,541 44,977 96,64% 1,550 46,527 99,97% 30.75 27.02 2005 1,733,260 25,69 43,999 42,681 97,00% 1,316 43,997 100,00% 29,53 25,90 City Consolidated District (CCD) Fire Tax 2014 8,64,925 5,04 4,378 4,172 95,29% 5 8,4172 95,29% 2013 896,123 4.56 3,995 33.29 83,33% 111 3,440 86,11% 2012 870,134 4.07 3,496 3,251 92,99% 146 3,397 97,17% 2011 870,134 3.98 3,426 2,991 87,30% 160 3,151 91,97% 2010 870,088 3.63 3,136 2,981 95,06% 141 3,122 99,55% 2008 641,583 4.75 3,064 2,595 84,69% 134 2,729 89,07% 2006 620,505 4.03 2,511 2,233 88,93% 112 2,345 93,39% 2006 640,505 4.03 2,511 2,233 88,93% 112 2,345 93,39% 2016 1,580,023 0.36 566 554 97,88% 8 562 99,29% 2017 1,583,031 0.36 566 554 97,88% 8 562 99,29% 2018 1,580,023 0.36 566 554 97,88% 13 550 100,079% 2009 1,226,134 0.42 510 491 96,27% 18 509 98,00% 2008 1,177,946 0.36 424 411 96,93% 13 424 100,009% 2009 1,128,147 0.31 361 331 97,23% 10 361 100,00% 2000 1,124,681 0.30 337 326 96,74% 11 337 100,00%	2013	2,455,068	26.54	64,618	62,401		1,323	63,724	98.62%	31.10	26.54
2010 2,378,111 23.48 55,162 53,056 96,18% 2,055 55,111 99,91% 27.11 23.84 2009 1,876,234 29.24 54,309 52,081 95,90% 2,197 54,278 99,94% 34,10 29.66 2008 1,819,529 28.57 51,980 50,213 96,60% 1,755 51,968 99,98% 33.32 28,93 2006 1,745,186 26.72 46,541 44,977 96,64% 1,550 46,527 99,97% 30,75 27.02 2005 1,733,296 25.69 43,999 42,681 97,00% 1,316 43,997 100,00% 29,53 25,90 City Consolidated District (CCD) Fire Tax 2014 \$864,925 5.04 \$4,378 \$4,172 95,29% \$ \$ \$ \$ 4,172 95,29% 2013 \$896,123 4.56 3,995 3,329 83,33% 111 3,440 86,11% 2012 870,134 4.07 3,496 3,251 92,99% 146 3,397 97,17% 2011 870,134 3.98 3,426 2,991 87,30% 160 3,151 91,97% 2010 870,088 3.63 3,136 2,981 95,60% 141 3,122 99,55% 2009 650,100 4.86 3,154 2,930 92,90% 173 3,103 98,88% 2008 641,583 4.75 3,064 2,595 84,69% 134 2,729 89,07% 2007 633,603 4.25 2,724 2,399 88,07% 128 2,527 92,77% 2006 620,505 4.03 2,511 2,233 88,93% 112 2,345 93,39% 2007 638,603 4.25 2,724 2,399 88,07% 128 2,527 92,77% 2006 620,505 4.03 2,511 2,233 88,93% 112 2,345 93,39% 2007 633,603 4.25 2,724 2,399 88,07% 128 2,527 92,77% 2006 620,505 4.03 2,511 2,233 88,93% 112 2,345 93,39% 2008 51,524,094 0.36 566 554 97,88% 8 562 99,29% 2013 1,588,945 0.36 566 554 97,88% 8 562 99,29% 2014 1,588,031 0.36 545 537 98,53% 13 550 100,09% 2015 1,538,031 0.36 545 537 98,53% 13 550 100,09% 2006 1,124,681 0.30 337 336 60,74% 11 337 100,00%	2012	2,394,228	24.76	59,110	57,141	96.67%	1,767	58,908	99.66%	28.83	25.12
2009 1,876,234 29.24 54,309 52,081 95,09% 2,197 54,278 99,94% 34,10 29.66 2008 1,819,529 28.57 51,980 50,213 96,60% 1,755 51,968 99,98% 33.32 28,93 2007 1,791,750 27.77 49,971 48,324 96,70% 1,638 49,962 99,98% 32.02 28.08 2006 1,745,186 26,72 46,541 44,977 96,64% 1,550 46,527 99,97% 30.75 27.02 2005 1,733,296 25,69 43,999 42,681 97,00% 1,316 43,997 100,00% 29.53 25,90 2014 \$ 864,925 5.04 \$ 4,378 \$ 4,172 95.29% \$ - \$ 4,172 95.29% 2013 896,123 4.56 3,995 3,329 83,33% 111 3,440 86,11% 2012 870,134 4.07 3,496 3,251 92,99% 146 3,397 97,17% 2011 870,134 39.8 3,426 2,991 87,30% 160 3,151 91,97% 2010 870,088 3.63 3,136 2,981 95,06% 141 3,122 99,55% 2008 641,583 4.75 3,064 2,595 84,69% 134 2,729 80,07% 2006 620,505 4.03 2,511 2,233 88,93% 112 2,345 93,39% 2005 614,657 3,84 2,332 2,142 91,85% 99 2,241 96,10% 2011 1,558,045 0.36 566 554 97,88% 8 562 99,29% 2012 1,558,045 0.36 566 554 97,88% 8 562 99,29% 2011 1,538,031 0.36 545 537 98,53% 13 550 100,99% 2011 1,538,031 0.36 545 537 98,53% 13 550 100,99% 2011 1,538,031 0.36 545 537 98,53% 13 550 99,80% 2012 1,508,023 0.36 536 525 97,87% 15 540 100,75% 2006 1,124,048 0.36 542 510 491 96,27% 18 509 99,80% 2008 1,179,46 0.36 424 411 96,93% 13 424 100,00% 2006 1,124,081 0.30 337 326 96,74% 11 337 100,00% 2006 1,124,081 0.30 337 326 96,74% 11 337 100,00% 2006 1,124,081 0.30 337 326 96,74% 11 337 100,00% 2006 1,124,081 0.30 337 326 96,74% 11 337 100,00% 2006 1,124,081 0.30 337 326 96,74% 11 337 100,00% 2006 1,124,081 0.30 337 326 96,74% 11 337 100,00% 2006 1,124,081 0.30 337 326 9	2011	2,408,165	24.04	57,006	54,816	96.16%	2,059	56,875	99.77%	28.02	24.40
2008 1,819,529 28.57 51,980 50,213 96.60% 1,755 51,968 99.98% 33.32 28.93 2007 1,791,750 27.77 49.971 48,324 96.70% 1,638 49.962 99.98% 32.02 28.08 2006 1,745,186 26.72 46,541 44.977 96.64% 1,550 46,527 99.97% 30.075 27.02 2005 1,733,296 25.69 43,999 42,681 97.00% 1,316 43,997 100.00% 29.53 25.90 City Consolidated District (CCD) Fire Tax 2014 \$ 864,925 5.04 \$ 4,378 \$ 4,172 95.29% \$ - \$ 4,172 95.29% 2013 896,123 4.56 3.995 33.29 83.33% 111 3,440 86.11% 2012 870,134 4.07 3,496 3,251 92.99% 146 3,397 97.17% 2011 870,134 3.98 3,426 2,991 87.30% 160 3,151 91.97% 2010 870,088 3.63 3,136 2,981 95.06% 141 3,122 99.55% 2009 650,100 4.86 3,154 2,930 92.90% 173 3,103 98.38% 2008 641,583 4.75 3,064 2,595 84.69% 134 2,729 89.07% 2006 620,505 4.03 2,511 2,233 88.93% 112 2,345 93.39% 2005 614,657 3.84 2,332 2,142 91.85% 99 2,241 96.10% Town Consolidated District (TCD) Volunteer Fire Relief Tax 2014 \$ 1,559,002 0.36 \$ 564 \$ 552 97.87% \$ - \$ 552 97.87% 2013 1,558,945 0.36 566 544 97.88% 8 562 99.29% 2012 1,524,040 0.36 556 544 97.88% 8 562 99.29% 2011 1,538,031 0.36 536 525 97.98% 11 555 99.82% 2011 1,538,031 0.36 536 525 97.98% 11 555 99.82% 2011 1,538,031 0.36 536 525 97.98% 11 559 99.80% 2009 1,226,134 0.42 510 491 96.27% 18 509 99.80% 2009 1,226,134 0.42 510 491 96.29% 115 599.90% 2008 1,779,46 0.36 424 411 96.93% 115 509 99.80% 2008 1,177,946 0.36 424 411 96.93% 115 509 99.80% 2008 1,177,946 0.36 424 411 96.93% 115 509 99.80% 2008 1,177,946 0.36 424 411 96.93% 115 509 99.80% 2008 1,177,946 0.36 424 411 96.93% 115 500 000% 2006 1,124,681 0.30 337 326 96.74% 115 337 100.00% 2006 1,124,681 0.30 337 326 96.74% 115 337 100.00%	2010	2,378,111	23.48	55,162	53,056	96.18%	2,055	55,111	99.91%	27.11	23.84
2007 1,791,750 27.77 49,971 48,324 96,70% 1,638 49,962 99,98% 32.02 28,08 2006 1,745,186 26.72 46,541 44,977 96,64% 1,550 46,527 99,97% 30.75 27.02 2005 1,733,296 25.69 43,999 42,681 97.00% 1,316 43,997 100.00% 29.53 25.90 City Consolidated District (CCD) Fire Tax 2014 \$ 864,925 5.04 \$ 4,378 \$ 4,172 95.29% \$ - \$ 4,172 95.29% 2013 896,123 4.56 3,995 3,329 83,33% 111 3,440 86.11% 2012 870,134 3.98 3,426 2,991 87.30% 160 3,151 91.97% 2010 870,088 3.63 3,136 2,981 95.06% 141 3,122 99.55% 2009 650,100 4.86 3,154 2,930 92,90% 173 3,103 98.38% 2008 641,83 4.75 3,064 2,595 84,69% 134 2,729 89.07% 2006 620,505 4.03 2,511 2,233 88,93% 112 2,345 93.39% 2005 614,657 3.84 2,332 2,142 91.85% 99 2,241 96.10% Town Consolidated District (TCD) Volunteer Fire Relief Tax 2014 \$ 1,559,002 0.36 \$ 564 \$ 552 97.87% \$ - \$ 552 97.87% 2011 1,538,031 0.36 545 537 98.35% 13 550 100.92% 2009 1,226,134 0.36 536 525 97.95% 15 540 100.07% 2009 1,508,023 0.36 536 525 97.95% 15 540 100.07% 2009 1,508,023 0.36 536 525 97.95% 15 540 100.07% 2009 1,128,1847 0.31 361 351 97.23% 10 361 100.00% 2006 1,124,681 0.30 337 326 96.74% 11 337 100.00%	2009	1,876,234	29.24	54,309	52,081		2,197	54,278	99.94%	34.10	29.66
2006 1,745,186 26.72 46,541 44,977 96,64% 1,550 46,527 99,97% 30.75 27.02 2005 1,733,296 25.69 43,999 42,681 97.00% 1,316 43,997 100.00% 29.53 25.90 City Consolidated District (CCD) Fire Tax 2014 \$ 864,925 5.04 \$ 4,378 \$ 4,172 95.29% \$ - \$ 4,172 95.29% 2013 896,123 4.56 3,995 3,329 83,33% 111 3,440 86,11% 2012 870,134 4.07 3,496 3,251 92.99% 146 3,397 97.17% 2011 870,134 3.98 3,426 2.991 87.30% 160 3,151 91.97% 2010 870,088 3.63 3,136 2,981 95.06% 141 3,122 99.55% 2009 650,100 4.86 3,154 2,930 92.99% 173 3,103 98,38% 2009 650,100 4.86 3,154 2,930 92.99% 173 3,103 98,38% 2006 620,505 4.03 2,511 2,233 88,93% 112 2,345 93.39% 2005 614,657 3.84 2,332 2,142 91.85% 99 2,241 96,10% Town Consolidated District (TCD) Volunteer Fire Relief Tax 2014 \$ 1,559,002 0.36 \$ 564 \$ 552 97.87% \$ - \$ 552 97.87% 2013 1,558,945 0.36 566 554 97.88% 8 562 99.29% 2012 1,524,094 0.36 556 544 97.88% 8 562 99.29% 2011 1,538,031 0.36 536 525 97.98% 15 540 100.92% 2009 1,26,134 0.42 510 491 96,27% 18 509 99.80% 2008 1,177,946 0.36 424 411 96,93% 13 424 100.00% 2008 1,177,946 0.36 424 411 96,93% 13 424 100.00% 2008 1,177,946 0.36 424 411 96,93% 13 424 100.00% 2008 1,177,946 0.36 424 411 96,93% 13 424 100.00% 2008 1,177,946 0.36 424 411 96,93% 13 500 100.00% 2008 1,177,946 0.36 424 411 96,93% 13 424 100.00% 2008 1,177,946 0.36 424 411 96,93% 13 500 100.00% 2006 1,124,681 0.30 337 326 96,74% 11 337 100.00%	2008	1,819,529	28.57	51,980	50,213	96.60%	1,755	51,968	99.98%	33.32	28.93
City Consolidated District (CCD) Fire Tax	2007	1,791,750	27.77	49,971	48,324	96.70%	1,638	49,962	99.98%	32.02	28.08
City Consolidated District (CCD) Fire Tax 2014 \$ 864,925	2006	1,745,186	26.72	46,541	44,977	96.64%	1,550	46,527	99.97%	30.75	27.02
2014 \$ 864,925	2005	1,733,296	25.69	43,999	42,681	97.00%	1,316	43,997	100.00%	29.53	25.90
2013 896,123 4.56 3,995 3,329 83.33% 111 3,440 86.11% 2012 870,134 4.07 3,496 3,251 92.99% 146 3,397 97.17% 2011 870,134 3.98 3,426 2,991 87.30% 160 3,151 91.97% 2010 870,088 3.63 3,136 2,981 95.06% 141 3,122 99.55% 2009 650,100 4.86 3,154 2,930 92.90% 173 3,103 98.38% 2008 641,583 4.75 3,064 2,595 84.69% 134 2,729 89.07% 2007 633,603 4.25 2,724 2,399 88.07% 128 2,527 92.77% 2006 620,505 4.03 2,511 2,233 88.93% 112 2,345 93.39% 2005 614,657 3.84 2,332 2,142 91.85% 99 2,241 96.10% 2007 633,603 4.25 2,724 2,399 88.07% 128 2,527 92.77% 2006 620,505 4.03 2,511 2,233 88.93% 112 2,345 93.39% 2005 614,657 3.84 2,332 2,142 91.85% 99 2,241 96.10% 2007 633,603 4.25 5.25 97.87% 2012 1,558,945 0.36 566 554 97.88% 8 562 99.29% 2012 1,524,094 0.36 556 544 97.88% 8 562 99.29% 2011 1,538,031 0.36 545 537 98.53% 13 550 100.92% 2010 1,508,023 0.36 536 525 97.95% 15 540 100.75% 2009 1,226,134 0.42 510 491 96.27% 18 509 99.80% 2008 1,177,946 0.36 424 411 96.39% 13 424 100.00% 2008 1,177,946 0.36 424 411 96.39% 13 424 100.00% 2006 1,124,681 0.30 337 326 96.74% 11 337 100.00%	City Consolidat	ted District (CCI	D) Fire Tax								
2012 870,134 4.07 3,496 3,251 92.99% 146 3,397 97.17% 2011 870,134 3.98 3,426 2,991 87.30% 160 3,151 91.97% 2010 870,088 3.63 3,136 2,981 95.06% 141 3,122 99.55% 2009 650,100 4.86 3,154 2,930 92.90% 173 3,103 98.88% 2008 641,583 4.75 3,064 2,595 84.69% 134 2,729 89.07% 2007 633,603 4.25 2,724 2,399 88.07% 128 2,527 92.77% 2006 620,505 4.03 2,511 2,233 88.93% 112 2,345 93.39% 2005 614,657 3.84 2,332 2,142 91.85% 99 2,241 96.10% Town Consolidated District (TCD) Volunteer Fire Relief Tax 2014 \$ 1,559,002 0.36 \$ 564 \$ 552 97.87% \$ - \$ 552 97.87% 2013 1,558,945 0.36 566 554 97.88% 8 562 99.29% 2012 1,524,094 0.36 556 544 97.88% 8 562 99.29% 2011 1,538,031 0.36 545 537 98.53% 13 550 100.92% 2010 1,508,023 0.36 536 525 97.95% 15 540 100.75% 2009 1,226,134 0.42 510 491 96.27% 18 509 99.80% 2007 1,158,147 0.31 361 351 97.23% 10 361 100.00% 2006 1,124,681 0.30 337 326 96.74% 11 337 100.00%	2014 \$	864,925	5.04 \$	4,378 \$	4,172	95.29% \$	- \$	4,172	95.29%		
2011 870,134 3.98 3,426 2,991 87.30% 160 3,151 91.97% 2010 870,088 3.63 3,136 2,981 95.06% 141 3,122 99.55% 2009 650,100 4.86 3,154 2,930 92.90% 173 3,103 98.38% 2008 641,583 4.75 3,064 2,595 84.69% 134 2,729 89.07% 2007 633,603 4.25 2,724 2,399 88.07% 128 2,527 92.77% 2006 620,505 4.03 2,511 2,233 88.93% 112 2,345 93.39% 2005 614,657 3.84 2,332 2,142 91.85% 99 2,241 96.10% Town Consolidated District (TCD) Volunteer Fire Relief Tax 2014 \$ 1,559,002 0.36 \$ 564 \$ 552 97.87% \$ - \$ 552 97.87% 2013 1,558,945 0.36 \$ 566 \$ 554 97.88% \$ 8 562 99.29% 2014 1,524,094 0.36	2013	896,123	4.56	3,995	3,329	83.33%	111	3,440	86.11%		
2011 870,134 3.98 3,426 2,991 87.30% 160 3,151 91.97% 2010 870,088 3.63 3,136 2,981 95.06% 141 3,122 99.55% 2009 650,100 4.86 3,154 2,930 92.90% 173 3,103 98.38% 2008 641,583 4.75 3,064 2,595 84.69% 134 2,729 89.07% 2007 633,603 4.25 2,724 2,399 88.07% 128 2,527 92.77% 2006 620,505 4.03 2,511 2,233 88.93% 112 2,345 93.39% 2005 614,657 3.84 2,332 2,142 91.85% 99 2,241 96.10% 2006 20,505 4.03 2,511 2,233 88.93% 112 2,345 93.39% 2005 614,657 3.84 2,332 2,142 91.85% 99 2,241 96.10% 2012 1,559,002 0.36 \$ 564 \$ 552 97.87% \$ - \$ 552 97.87% 2013 1,558,945 0.36 566 554 97.88% 8 562 99.29% 2012 1,524,094 0.36 556 544 97.88% 8 562 99.29% 2011 1,538,031 0.36 545 537 98.53% 13 550 100.92% 2010 1,508,023 0.36 536 525 97.95% 15 540 100.75% 2009 1,226,134 0.42 510 491 96.27% 18 509 99.80% 2008 1,177,946 0.36 424 411 96.37% 13 424 100.00% 2006 1,124,681 0.30 337 326 96.74% 11 337 100.00%	2012	870,134	4.07	3,496	3,251	92.99%	146	3,397	97.17%		
2010 870,088 3.63 3,136 2,981 95.06% 141 3,122 99.55% 2009 650,100 4.86 3,154 2,930 92.90% 173 3,103 98.38% 2008 641,583 4.75 3,064 2,595 84.69% 134 2,729 89.07% 2007 633,603 4.25 2,724 2,399 88.07% 128 2,527 92.77% 2006 620,505 4.03 2,511 2,233 88.93% 112 2,345 93.39% 2005 614,657 3.84 2,332 2,142 91.85% 99 2,241 96.10% 2006 2013 1,559,002 0.36 \$ 564 \$ 552 97.87% \$ - \$ 552 97.87% 2013 1,559,902 0.36 \$ 566 554 97.88% 8 562 99.29% 2012 1,524,094 0.36 566 554 97.88% 8 562 99.29% 2011 1,538,031 0.36 545 537 98.53% 13 550 100.92% 2010 1,508,023 0.36 536 525 97.95% 15 540 100.75% 2009 1,226,134 0.42 510 491 96.27% 18 509 99.80% 2008 1,177,946 0.36 424 411 96.93% 13 424 100.00% 2006 1,124,681 0.30 337 326 96.74% 11 337 100.00%	2011	870,134	3.98			87.30%	160		91.97%		
2009 650,100 4.86 3,154 2,930 92.90% 173 3,103 98.38% 2008 641,583 4.75 3,064 2,595 84.69% 134 2,729 89.07% 2007 633,603 4.25 2,724 2,399 88.07% 128 2,527 92.77% 2006 620,505 4.03 2,511 2,233 88.93% 112 2,345 93.39% 2005 614,657 3.84 2,332 2,142 91.85% 99 2,241 96.10% Town Consolidated District (TCD) Volunteer Fire Relief Tax Town Consolidated District (TCD) Volunteer Fire Relief Tax **Town Consolidated District (TCD) Volunteer Fire Relief Tax **Town Consolidated District (TCD) Volunteer Fire Relief Tax **Town Consolidated District (TCD) Volunteer Fire Relief Tax **Town Consolidated District (TCD) Volunteer Fire Relief Tax **Town Consolidated District (TCD) Volunteer Fire Relief Tax **Town Consolidated District (TCD) Volunteer Fire Relief Tax **Town Consolidated District (TCD) Volunteer Fire Relief Tax **Town Consolidated District (TCD) Volunteer Fire Relief Tax **Town Consolidated District (TCD) Volunteer Fire Relief Tax **Town Consolidated District (TCD) Volunteer Fire Relief Tax **Town Consolidated District (TCD) Volunteer Fire Relief Tax **Town Consolidated District (TCD) Volunteer Fire Relief Tax **Town Consolidated District (TCD) Volunteer Fire Relief Tax **Town Consolidated District (TCD) Volunteer F	2010	870,088		3,136		95.06%	141	3,122	99.55%		
2008 641,583 4.75 3,064 2,595 84.69% 134 2,729 89.07% 2007 633,603 4.25 2,724 2,399 88.07% 128 2,527 92.77% 2006 620,505 4.03 2,511 2,233 88.93% 112 2,345 93.39% 2005 614,657 3.84 2,332 2,142 91.85% 99 2,241 96.10% Town Consolidated District (TCD) Volunteer Fire Relief Tax 2014 \$ 1,559,002 0.36 \$ 564 \$ 552 97.87% \$ - \$ 552 97.87% 2013 1,558,945 0.36 566 554 97.88% 8 562 99.29% 2012 1,524,094 0.36 556 544 97.84% 11 555 99.82% 2011 1,538,031 0.36 545 537 98.53% 13 550 100.92% 2010 1,508,023 0.36 536 525 97.95%	2009					92.90%	173		98.38%		
2007 633,603 4.25 2,724 2,399 88.07% 128 2,527 92.77% 2006 620,505 4.03 2,511 2,233 88.93% 112 2,345 93.39% 2005 614,657 3.84 2,332 2,142 91.85% 99 2,241 96.10% Town Consolidated District (TCD) Volunteer Fire Relief Tax 2014 \$ 1,559,002 0.36 \$ 564 \$ 552 97.87% \$ - \$ 552 97.87% 2013 1,558,945 0.36 566 554 97.88% 8 562 99.29% 2012 1,524,094 0.36 556 544 97.88% 11 555 99.82% 2011 1,538,031 0.36 545 537 98.53% 11 555 99.82% 2010 1,508,023 0.36 536 525 97.95% 15 540 100.92% 2009 1,226,134 0.42 510 491 96.27% 18 509 99.80% 2008 1,177,946 0.36 424 411 96.93% 13 424 100.00% 2007 1,158,147 0.31 361 351 97.23% 10 361 100.00% 2006 1,124,681 0.30 337 326 96.74% 11 337 100.00%											
2006 620,505 4.03 2,511 2,233 88.93% 112 2,345 93.39% 2005 614,657 3.84 2,332 2,142 91.85% 99 2,241 96.10% Town Consolidated District (TCD) Volunteer Fire Relief Tax 2014 \$ 1,559,002 0.36 \$ 564 \$ 552 97.87% - \$ 552 97.87% 2013 1,558,945 0.36 566 554 97.88% 8 562 99.29% 2012 1,524,094 0.36 556 544 97.84% 11 555 99.82% 2011 1,538,031 0.36 545 537 98.53% 13 550 100.92% 2010 1,508,023 0.36 536 525 97.95% 15 540 100.75% 2009 1,226,134 0.42 510 491 96.27% 18 509 99.80% 2008 1,177,946 0.36 424 411 96.93% 13 424 100.00% 2006 1,124,681 0.30 337								,			
2005 614,657 3.84 2,332 2,142 91.85% 99 2,241 96.10% Town Consolidated District (TCD) Volunteer Fire Relief Tax 2014 \$ 1,559,002 0.36 \$ 564 \$ 552 97.87% \$ - \$ 552 97.87% 2013 1,558,945 0.36 566 554 97.88% 8 562 99.29% 2012 1,524,094 0.36 556 544 97.84% 11 555 99.82% 2011 1,538,031 0.36 545 537 98.53% 13 550 100.92% 2010 1,508,023 0.36 536 525 97.95% 15 540 100.75% 2009 1,226,134 0.42 510 491 96.27% 18 509 99.80% 2008 1,177,946 0.36 424 411 96.93% 13 424 100.00% 2007 1,158,147 0.31 361 351 97.23% 10		/						,			
2014 \$ 1,559,002 0.36 \$ 564 \$ 552 97.87% \$ - \$ 552 97.87% 2013 1,558,945 0.36 566 554 97.88% 8 562 99.29% 2012 1,524,094 0.36 556 544 97.84% 11 555 99.82% 2011 1,538,031 0.36 545 537 98.53% 13 550 100.92% 2010 1,508,023 0.36 536 525 97.95% 15 540 100.75% 2009 1,226,134 0.42 510 491 96.27% 18 509 99.80% 2008 1,177,946 0.36 424 411 96.93% 13 424 100.00% 2007 1,158,147 0.31 361 351 97.23% 10 361 100.00% 2006 1,124,681 0.30 337 326 96.74% 11 337 100.00%				,				,			
2013 1,558,945 0.36 566 554 97.88% 8 562 99.29% 2012 1,524,094 0.36 556 544 97.84% 11 555 99.82% 2011 1,538,031 0.36 545 537 98.53% 13 550 100.92% 2010 1,508,023 0.36 536 525 97.95% 15 540 100.75% 2009 1,226,134 0.42 510 491 96.27% 18 509 99.80% 2008 1,177,946 0.36 424 411 96.93% 13 424 100.00% 2007 1,158,147 0.31 361 351 97.23% 10 361 100.00% 2006 1,124,681 0.30 337 326 96.74% 11 337 100.00%	Town Consolid	ated District (TC	CD) Volunteer	Fire Relief Tax							
2012 1,524,094 0.36 556 544 97.84% 11 555 99.82% 2011 1,538,031 0.36 545 537 98.53% 13 550 100.92% 2010 1,508,023 0.36 536 525 97.95% 15 540 100.75% 2009 1,226,134 0.42 510 491 96.27% 18 509 99.80% 2008 1,177,946 0.36 424 411 96.93% 13 424 100.00% 2007 1,158,147 0.31 361 351 97.23% 10 361 100.00% 2006 1,124,681 0.30 337 326 96.74% 11 337 100.00%	2014 \$	1,559,002	0.36 \$	564 \$	552	97.87% \$	- \$	552	97.87%		
2012 1,524,094 0.36 556 544 97.84% 11 555 99.82% 2011 1,538,031 0.36 545 537 98.53% 13 550 100.92% 2010 1,508,023 0.36 536 525 97.95% 15 540 100.75% 2009 1,226,134 0.42 510 491 96.27% 18 509 99.80% 2008 1,177,946 0.36 424 411 96.93% 13 424 100.00% 2007 1,158,147 0.31 361 351 97.23% 10 361 100.00% 2006 1,124,681 0.30 337 326 96.74% 11 337 100.00%	2013	1,558,945	0.36	566	554	97.88%	8	562	99.29%		
2011 1,538,031 0.36 545 537 98.53% 13 550 100.92% 2010 1,508,023 0.36 536 525 97.95% 15 540 100.75% 2009 1,226,134 0.42 510 491 96.27% 18 509 99.80% 2008 1,177,946 0.36 424 411 96.93% 13 424 100.00% 2007 1,158,147 0.31 361 351 97.23% 10 361 100.00% 2006 1,124,681 0.30 337 326 96.74% 11 337 100.00%	2012	1,524,094	0.36	556			11	555	99.82%		
2010 1,508,023 0.36 536 525 97.95% 15 540 100.75% 2009 1,226,134 0.42 510 491 96.27% 18 509 99.80% 2008 1,177,946 0.36 424 411 96.93% 13 424 100.00% 2007 1,158,147 0.31 361 351 97.23% 10 361 100.00% 2006 1,124,681 0.30 337 326 96.74% 11 337 100.00%	2011			545	537	98.53%	13	550	100.92%		
2009 1,226,134 0.42 510 491 96.27% 18 509 99.80% 2008 1,177,946 0.36 424 411 96.93% 13 424 100.00% 2007 1,158,147 0.31 361 351 97.23% 10 361 100.00% 2006 1,124,681 0.30 337 326 96.74% 11 337 100.00%											
2008 1,177,946 0.36 424 411 96.93% 13 424 100.00% 2007 1,158,147 0.31 361 351 97.23% 10 361 100.00% 2006 1,124,681 0.30 337 326 96.74% 11 337 100.00%											
2007 1,158,147 0.31 361 351 97.23% 10 361 100.00% 2006 1,124,681 0.30 337 326 96.74% 11 337 100.00%		, ,									
2006 1,124,681 0.30 337 326 96.74% 11 337 100.00%		, ,									

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands)

													Total 1	Debt	
		Governmen	tal Ac	ctivities		Busir	ness-T	ype Activiti	ies		_		Ratio of Debt to	Ratio of Debt to	
_	Fiscal Year	 General Obligation Bonds	_	Capital Leases	. <u>-</u>	General Obligation Bonds	_	Notes	_	Capital Leases	-	Total Primary Government	Taxable Assessed Value	Total Personal Income ²	Debt Per Capita ²
	2014	\$ 42,377	\$	1,123	\$	263	\$	12,773	\$	1,017	\$	57,553	2.37%	5.62% \$	1,426
	2013	33,034		667		352		10,815		1,349		46,217	1.88%	4.39%	1,145
	2012	29,951		730		7,454		3,744		1,621		43,500	1.82%	4.12%	1,074
	2011	26,736		804		4,904		4,269		1,717		34,355	1.43%	3.58%	848
-	2010	29,582		42		5,264		4,481		2,020		41,389	1.74%	4.31%	1,022
3	2009	21,936		80		5,624		4,027		2,688		34,355	1.83%	3.58%	944
	2008	21,596		115		5,937		4,995		3,174		35,817	1.97%	4.78%	983
	2007	24,952		146		6,576		5,430		1,402		38,506	2.15%	5.14%	1,058
	2006	28,568				7,217		5,854		1,617		43,256	2.48%	5.77%	1,179
	2005	32,700 *	k			7,795 *	•	6,269		2,222		48,986	2.83%	6.54%	1,353

^{*} Sewer extension bonds converted to business-type activity

Notes:

- (1) 2008 Real property taxable assessed value adjusted to reflect statutory revaluation.
- (2) Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.
- ¹ See Property Tax Assessment schedule
- ² See Demographic Statistics schedule

STATEMENT OF DEBT LIMITATION

JUNE 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

Total Tax Collections, Including Int Total Tax Collections, Norwich Fire Reimbursement for Loss on:			es						\$	66,620 4,935
Tax relief for elderly - freeze									-	4
Base									\$_	71,559
		General Purpose	_	Schools	_	Sewers	_	Urban Renewal		Pension Deficit
Debt Limitation:		_	_		='		_			
2-1/4 times base 4-1/2 times base 3-3/4 times base	\$	161,008	\$	322,016	\$	268,346	\$		\$	
3-1/4 times base 3 times base						208,340		232,567		214,677
Total debt limitation	-	161,008	_	322,016	-	268,346	_	232,567	_	214,677
Indebtedness: Bonds and serial										
notes payable Bonds authorized and		29,688		11,122		10,579				
unissued	_	909	_	2,060	-	2,220	_			
Total indebtedness	-	30,597	_	13,182		12,799	_	-	. <u>-</u>	
Debt Limitation in Excess of Outstanding										
and Authorized Debt	\$	130,411	\$	308,834	\$	255,547	\$	232,567	\$	214,677

- Note 1: In no event shall total debt exceed seven times annual receipts from taxation. The maximum amount permitted would be \$501 million.
- Note 2: Bonds authorized and unissued represent bond authorizations for which bonds have been issued to partially finance the project or interim financing has been issued.
- Note 3: Bonds and serial notes payable do not include Water bonds of \$73 and State of Connecticut serial notes payable of \$2,194.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands)

												FISCAL YEAR	2							
		2014	_	2013		2012	_	2011	2	2010	_	2009		2008	_	2007	_	2006	_	2005
Legal Debt Limit: Seven times taxable base	\$	500,913	\$	485,548	s	443,058	s_	427,106	\$	416,010	s	416,010	\$	391,216	\$	369,635	\$	348,698	\$	333,578
Indebtedness: Bonds and serial notes payable Bonds authorized and unissued Total indebtedness		53,656 5,189 58,845	_	44,259 15,890 60,149		48,173 7,590 55,763	_	35,909 18,265 56,886		39,596 17,290 55,621	_	39,631 15,990 39,768		32,528 7,240 39,663		36,958 2,705 44,344	_	41,639 2,705 49,469		46,764 2,705 52,139
Less: Water bonds and serial notes payable School building grants Net indebtedness applicable to legal debt limit (1)	_	(2,267)	_	(1,922) (99) 58,128	_	(2,066) (198) 53,499	_	(3,151) (300) 52,520	_	(3,964) (402) 51,146	_	(3,968) (507) 34,806		(4,350) (612) 34,212		(4,729) (722) 40,311	_	(3,045) (988) 44,850		(3,357) (1,262) 49,253
Debt Limitation in Excess of Outstanding and Authorized Debt (1)	\$	444,335	\$	427,420	\$	389,559	\$	363,490	\$	364,864	s_	356,410	\$	335,423	\$	308,387	\$	288,728	s	280,180
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		11.29%		11.97%		12.07%		12.62%		12.29%		8.90%		9.26%		11.56%		13.45%		14.95%
Total indebtedness as a percentage of net taxable assessed value (1)		2.33%		2.37%		2.11%		2.21%		2.726%		1.913%		1.909%		2.310%		2.588%		4.224%
Total indebtedness per capita (1)	\$	1,402	\$	1,441	\$	1,321	\$_	1,297	\$	1,263	\$	957	\$	939	\$	1,107	\$	1,222	\$	1,360
Calculation of Continuing Disclosure Agreement Ratios: Total indebtedness per legal debt limit calculation Less authorized and unissued debt Total direct debt Less water and sewer indirect self-funding debt Less school building grants	s	58,845 (5,189) 53,656 (16,283)	\$ 	60,149 (15,890) 44,259 (10,926) (99)	\$	55,763 (7,590) 48,173 (10,926) (198)	\$	56,886 (18,265) 39,596 (9,650) (402)	\$	55,621 (17,290) 39,631 (9,745) (507)	s 	39,768 (15,990) 32,528 (9,650) (612)	\$ 	39,663 (7,240) 36,958 (10,932) (722)		44,344 (2,705) 41,639 (12,006) (988)	\$	49,469 (2,705) 46,764 (13,071) (1,262)	\$	52,139 (2,705) 47,499 (14,064) (1,842)
Total Net Direct Debt	\$	37,373	\$	33,234	\$	37,049	\$	29,449	\$	29,474	\$	20,984	s	24,230	\$	27,580	\$	31,438 \$	_	38,568
Total direct debt as a percentage of State Equalized grand list		1.827%		1.819%		1.141%		1.164%		1.096%		0.914%		1.029%		1.271%		1.868%		1.891%
Total direct debt per capita	\$	1,330		1,097	\$	887	\$	1,081	\$	1,089	\$	893	\$	1,015	\$	1,135	\$	1,291	\$	1,311
Total net debt as a percentage of State Equalized grand list		1.273%		1.366%		0.825%		0.866%		0.815%		0.590%		0.674%		0.842%		1.256%		1.535%
Total net debt per capita	\$	926	\$	824	\$	915	\$	727	\$	728	\$	577	s	665	\$	758	\$	857	\$	1,065
Ratio of net general bonded debt to State Equalized grand list		1.827%		1.815%		1.630%		1.131%		1.152%		1.082%		0.897%		1.009%		1.241%		1.818%
Total net general bonded debt per capita		1,330		1,095		1,185		879		968		1,075		876		995		1,108		1,256

⁽¹⁾ Total and net indebtedness calculated in accordance with Connecticut General Statutes.

⁽²⁾ The City has no overlapping debt.

⁽³⁾ The Equalized Net Grand List is calculated annually by the State of Connecticut Office of Policy & Management.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND EMPLOYMENT STATISTICS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

									Percentage U	Inemployed (3)	
			(in thousands) Total				Median		New London/		
	Fiscal		Personal	School			Household	City of	Norwich	State of	United
_	Year	Population (1)	Income (2)	Enrollment (3)	Employed (4)	Unemployed (4)	Income (6)	Norwich (4)	Market (4)	Connecticut (4)	States (5)
	2014	40,347 \$	1,024,941	5,304	20,126	1,698 \$	45,876	7.8%	6.6%	6.5%	6.1%
	2013	40,347	1,052,796	5,304	19,999	1,929	51,225	8.8%	8.2%	8.1%	7.3%
	2012	40,502	1,055,463	5,330	20,719	2,110	52,186	9.2%	8.6%	8.4%	8.2%
	2011	40,493	960,133	5,363	19,386	2,177	51,436	10.1%	8.7%	9.0%	9.1%
	2010	40,493	960,133	5,449	19,315	2,090	47,851	9.8%	8.6%	8.9%	9.6%
	2009	36,388	960,133	5,519	19,231	1,858	48,505	8.8%	7.6%	7.9%	9.5%
	2008	36,432	749,139	5,285	19,706	1,448	48,064	6.8%	5.9%	5.9%	6.0%
	2007	36,408	749,139	5,575	20,083	1,033	46,907	4.9%	4.2%	4.6%	4.6%
=	2006	36,693	749,139	5,559	20,284	1,044	43,608	4.9%	4.2%	4.4%	4.6%
103	2005	36,218	749,139	5,390	20,033	1,248	42,656	5.9%	4.9%	5.3%	4.9%

Sources:

- (1) State of Connecticut Department of Public Health, US Census Bureau
- (2) U.S. Census Bureau, 2000 Census and 2011-2013 American Community Survey
- (3) School enrollment includes Norwich students attending the quasi-private high school, Norwich Free Academy.
- (4) Labor Department, State of Connecticut.
- (5) U.S. Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics
- (6) Connecticut Economic Resource Center, Inc. and 2011-2013 American Community Survey

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

CURRENT YEAR AND 2005

				2014	Percentage		2005	Percentage
	Business Name	Nature of Business	Employees	Rank	of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank	of Total City Employment
	William W. Backus Hospital	Medical Center	1437	1	7.14%	1,650	1	8.24%
	City of Norwich (incl. NPU & BOE)	Municipality	948	2	4.71%	978	2	4.88%
	State of Connecticut	All State agencies	890	3	4.42%			
	Bob's Discount Furniture	Distribution Center	530	4	2.63%	202	9	1.01%
	Computer Science Corporation	Computer Products & Services	443	5	2.20%	700	3	3.49%
104	Norwich Free Academy	Quasi-private high school	275	6	1.37%			
44	United Community & Family Services	Healthcare & community services	225	7	1.12%			
	The American Group	Ambulance Service and other operations	187	8	0.93%	200	10	1.00%
	AC Linen Services	Commercial laundry & dry cleaning	185	9	0.92%			
	Dime Bank	Financial institution	177	10	0.88%			
	Shop Rite	Grocery Store				418	4	2.09%
	Interim Healthcare of Eastern CT	Healthcare				400	5	2.00%
	Spa at Norwich Inn	Spa				300	6	1.50%
	Daticon	Legal document storage				300	7	1.50%
	US Foodservice	Food Distributors				223	8	1.11%
	Total		5,297		26.32%	5,371		26.81%

Source: October 2013 Survey by Norwich Finance Department. Not all companies responded.

BUDGETED FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					FISCA	L YEAR				
	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
General City:										
City Manager	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Finance	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	14.0	15.0	14.0	14.0	14.0
Treasurer	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Assessment	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	3.5	3.5
Personnel	4.6	4.6	3.6	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5
City Clerk	4.0	4.0	4.0	5.0	5.0	6.0	6.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
City Council	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Police	104.0	107.0	100.0	94.0	96.0	98.0	98.0	100.0	100.0	101.0
Fire	61.0	62.6	59.6	59.5	59.5	59.5	59.5	55.5	55.5	55.5
Recreation	6.0	6.0	5.5	6.0	6.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0
Human Services	5.0	7.0	7.0	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
Senior Citizens Center	7.0	7.6	6.5	6.5	6.5	7.0	7.0	6.0	6.0	6.0
Youth Service Bureau	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
PW Engineering and Administration	5.0	5.0	5.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	7.0	7.0
PW Fleet Maintenance	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0
PW Solid Waste	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.0	2.0	3.0
PW Street Maintenance	36.0	36.0	36.0	38.0	39.0	41.0	41.0	32.0	32.0	33.0
PW Parks & Cemeteries	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.0	9.0	10.0
PW Building Maintenance	9.0	9.0	8.0	8.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	7.0	6.0	7.0
PW Parking Maintenance	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Election	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
Planning and Neighborhood Services	10.0	10.0	10.0	12.0	13.0	14.5	14.5	13.0	13.0	12.0
Economic Development	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Emergency Management	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Tourism	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Total General City	290.6	297.8	284.2	287.0	293.0	308.0	309.0	299.5	299.0	303.0
Board of Education:										
General Fund - funded positions	357.2	358.8	342.5	286.4	392.1	406.4	387.5	384.2	373.8	386.3
State and federal grant - funded positions	159.8	65.7	65.7	193.0	125.3	125.3	111.3	117.1	114.1	99.8
School Lunch (state and federal grant)	39.0	37.5	37.5	46.0	30.0	30.0	39.0	39.0	39.0	39.0
Adult Education (state and federal grant)	22.3	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	13.0	13.0	13.0
Family Resource Center (state grant)	24.5	28.5	24.5	24.5	24.5	24.5	25.5	22.0	24.0	10.0
Total Board of Education	602.8	502.5	482.2	561.9	583.9	598.2	575.3	575.3	563.9	548.0
Norwich Public Utilities	142.0	148.0	152.0	142.5	139.5	139.5	137.0	137.0	137.0	137.0

991.4

918.4

1,016.4

1,045.7

1,021.3

1,011.8

999.9

988.0

948.3

1,035.4

Source: City Adopted Budget documents

Total

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					FISCAL	YEAR				
<u>Function</u>	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
General Government:										
Finance:										
Number of tax and refuse bills mailed +	49,587	49,767	50,175	49,950	50,000	68,000	68,000	68,144	68,182	67,225
Number of internal control reviews performed	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	7	2	7
Assessor:	_	_	_	_	-	-	-	,	_	•
Number of deeds processed	1,401	1,301	982	1,132	1,500	2,550	1,500	1,310	2,100	1,800
Personal property declarations	1,792	1,754	1,795	1,856	1,650	1,130	1,200	1,234	1,400	N/A
Board of assessment appeals adjustments	110	33	37	77	147	100	230	240	150	225
Human Resources:										
Number of applications processed	1,372	1,521	1,475	476	960	1,067	2,339	1,149	1,518	1,850
Vacancies filled through promotion	6	12	14	4	6	11	35	15	24	12
Vacancies filled through new hires	15	34	19	2	8	21	39	28	23	33
Employee turnover rate	2.0%	9.5%	7.0%	6.0%	5.6%	2.0%	4.6%	6.0%	4.2%	5.4%
City Clerk:										
Land records recorded	6,823	7,018	6,154	5,753	6,364	6,486	7,891	9,532	11,124	11,397
Marriage licenses issued	285	312	301	270	323	326	305	331	357	353
Death certificates recorded	433	484	509	520	472	508	458	550	561	638
Birth certificates recorded	894	842	940	884	978	960	1,070	1,037	998	1,210
Management Information Systems:										
Help desk calls	2,615	2,124	1,995	2,360	1,900	1,600	1,380	1,800	1,700	1,700
Website visits	219,706	246,421	200,043	170,527	165,923	149,317	130,000	256,817	94,797	27,500
Election:										
Voters added	465	2,255	667	1,060	438	3,289	1,202	580	567	1,200
Voters removed	1,043	2,786	683	1,235	1,001	813	964	651	87	800
Voter changes	6,258	6,873	2,021	3,049	2,376	2,303	1,139	1,425	1,648	650
Total voters	21,343	21,005	20,474	20,951	21,126	21,689	18,129	17,891	18,346	19,000
Planning and Neighborhood Services:										
Site development plans	6	7	4	15	7	16	31	27	19	18
Zoning permit applications	266	303	672	398	327	370	446	482	503	471
Zoning complaints	80	84	351	185	167	240	248	170	130	142
Code violations	349	368	572	1,975	1,285	1,361	1,633	250	1,170	475
Citations issued	61	88	375	225	287	240	180	229	165	119
Education:										
Average Class Size - Kindergarten	19.7	20.5	18.5	18.4	18.3	18.3	17.5	17.7	18.0	16.4
Average Class Size - Grade 2	19.6	20.2	19.4	18.1	17.9	18.8	18.9	20.0	18.6	19.5
Average Class Size - Grade 5	20.2	21.9	20.3	21.2	21.0	19.1	18.9	19.1	20.0	20.5
Average Class Size - Grade 7	21.3	18.7	19.8	17.1	20.1	21.1	19.0	23.7	22.0	21.9
Total expenditure per student	\$ N/A \$	N/A \$	N/A	\$ N/A \$	\$ 13,398 \$	13,142 \$	12,616 \$	11,594 \$	10,771 \$	9,816

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (CONTINUED)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					FISCAL Y	YEAR				
<u>Function</u>	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
Public Safety:										
Police:										
911 calls*	22,032	23,663	23,064	21,825	20,548	20,291	21,330	19,212	19,160	19,575
Non-emergency calls*	34,280	33,672	32,499	36,078	35,815	38,846	30,329	33,740	35,664	20,932
DWI arrests*	206	192	207	241	212	252	158	155	150	188
Fire:										
Central Fire Department Service Calls	2,359	2,460	2,422	2,330	2,659	2,442	2,627	2,629	2,942	2,503
East Great Plain VFD Service Calls	875	904	936	961	855	912	1,015	864	866	800
Laurel Hill VFD Service Calls	77	91	106	121	85	117	102	75	105	126
Occum VFD Service Calls	228	184	N/A	191	182	199	192	202	232	238
Taftville VFD Service Calls	639	644	713	706	717	614	698	631	539	538
Yantic VFD Service Calls	604	645	621	643	658	544	604	593	580	568
Emergency Management:										
Hours of emergency training	1,171	875	1,145	1,075	775	725	875	715	870	1,250
Shelters maintained	16	16	94	19	19	19	19	19	19	19
Flood assistance calls	541	1,014	642	217	176	74	74	122	73	41
Social Services:										
Recreation:										
Number of youth registrations	2,035	2,343	3,671	4,500	4,600	4,618	3,870	4,510	4,750	4,732
Number of youth program hours	1,500	3,526	3,530	1,900	1,900	1,980	2,045	2,205	2,000	1,970
Adults & Seniors registrations	239	115	86	N/R	N/R	N/R	N/R	N/R	N/R	N/R
Adults & Seniors program hours	350	384	401	N/R	N/R	N/R	N/R	N/R	N/R	N/R
Human Services:										
General Human Services:										
Job placements	243	259	251	185	206	190	190	243	153	119
Individuals relocated due to condemnation	88	56	50	78	49	77	72	36	30	85
Rent and housing assistance cases	123	112	107	92	117	139	94	83	79	80
Senior Center:										
Preventative health clinic services	9,836	10,000	10,059	8,560	2,500	2,550	2,500	3,450	3,206	4,500
Outreach services	997	851	627	890	970	978	753	976	836	200
Youth and Family Services:										
Counseling cases	83	87	95	97	126	130	142	143	117	168
Young parent cases	-	-	37	18	40	35	78	98	92	107
Youth employment	169	174	121	152	148	94	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Juvenile justice / diversion	67	86	33	37	31	44	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Public Works:										
Engineering and Administration:										
Road miles paved	4.83	6.8	4.8	6.4	4.8	6.4	4.7	5.3	4.2	3.0
Road miles chip sealed or crack sealed	10.65	6.0	3.0	N/R	N/R	N/R	N/R	N/R	N/R	N/R
Department of Public Utilities:										
Gas service calls	4,057	5,230	3,989	4,131	4,229	5,004	4,967	6,136	5,552	6,294
Electric service calls	1,228	1,106	3,570	1,771	1,640	1,830	1,508	3,125	2,406	3,010
Water service calls	2,635	982	1,910	3,053	2,988	3,653	3,440	3,434	4,717	4,542
Sewer service calls	162	116	120	80	78	164	402	423	341	250

^{*} Statistics are reported on a calendar year basis. For example, in the fiscal year 2014 column, these are the statistics for calendar year 2013.

Source: The respective City Departments

N/A - not available

N/R - Not reported previously

⁺ The City stopped sending separate refuse bills in 2009.

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	FISCAL YEAR									
	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
Education:										
School buildings	13	13	13	13	13	15	15	15	15	15
Administrative buildings	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public Safety:										
Police:										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Vehicles	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39
Fire:										
Firefighting/rescue vehicles	27	27	27	27	27	27	26	26	26	26
Other vehicles	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Fire stations	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Social Services:										
Recreation:										
Number of basketball courts	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
Number of football fields	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of multi-use fields	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Number of playgrounds	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14
Number of soccer fields	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Number of softball fields	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Number of tennis courts	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Mowers	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Other vehicles	5	5	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	4
Public Works:										
Street Maintenance:										
Dump trucks	24	24	23	23	23	23	23	25	25	25
Sweepers	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Parks and Cemeteries:										
Parks	10	10	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Cemeteries	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Mowers	16	12	11	10	10	10	10	8	8	7

(Continued on next page)

CITY OF NORWICH, CONNECTICUT

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION (CONTINUED)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		FISCAL YEAR								
	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
Building Maintenance:										
Parking lots	13	13	12	12	12	12	12	9	9	9
Parking garages	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Utilities:										
Gas:										
Gas distribution main (miles)	149	142	141	133	133	131	130	129	127	126
Electric:										
Distribution lines	235	233	229	231	230	229	228	228	228	250
Street lights	4292	4292	4290	4290	4103	4109	4109	4099	4291	4291
Water:										
Water distribution system (miles)	195	195	190	194	188	188	187	187	164	150
Sewer:										
Sewer distribution system (miles)	129	127	121	124	117	119	118	118	118	118
Fiber Optic:										
Fiber optic cable (miles)	72	72	65	65	68	67				

Source: The respective City Departments

109



APPENDIX B – FORM OF OPINIONS OF BOND COUNSEL AND TAX EXEMPTION



JOSEPH FASI LLC

56 ARBOR STREET, SUITE 418
HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT 06106

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

TELEPHONE (860)296-0510 FACSIMILE (860)296-0541

FORM OF OPINION OF BOND COUNSEL - Series A Tax Exempt

City of Norwich Norwich, Connecticut

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have represented the City of Norwich, Connecticut as bond counsel with respect to the issuance and sale of \$5,600,000 City of Norwich, Connecticut General Obligation Bonds, Issue of 2015, Series A, Capital Project Bonds, bearing a Dated Date of March 3, 2015 and an Original Issue Date of March 3, 2015 (the "bonds").

We have examined a record of the proceedings authorizing the bonds, a Tax Regulatory Agreement of the City dated March 3, 2015 (the "Tax Regulatory Agreement"), and other proofs submitted to us.

The bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity as therein provided. The bonds are originally registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of The Depository Trust Company, to effect a book-entry system for the ownership and transfer of the bonds, and are certified by U.S. Bank National Association, Hartford, Connecticut (the "Certifying Agent").

We have not been engaged or undertaken to review the accuracy, completeness or sufficiency of the Official Statement or other offering material relating to the bonds (except to the extent, if any, stated in the Official Statement) and we express no opinion relating thereto.

We are of the opinion that such proceedings and proofs show lawful authority for the issuance and sale of the bonds under authority of the constitution and statutes of the State of Connecticut and that when certified by the Certifying Agent the bonds are valid and binding general obligations of the City of Norwich payable both principal and interest from ad valorem taxes which may be levied on all taxable property subject to taxation by the City without limitation as to rate or amount except as to classified property such as certified forest land taxable at a limited rate and dwelling houses of qualified elderly persons of low income or of qualified disabled persons taxable at limited amounts. There was, however, no such certified forest land on the last completed grand list of the City and under existing statutes the State of Connecticut is obligated to pay the City the amount of tax revenue which the City would have received except for the limitation upon its power to tax such dwelling houses. We are further of the opinion that the Tax Regulatory Agreement is a valid and binding agreement of the City.

City of Norwich Page 2

The Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), establishes certain requirements that must be met subsequent to the issuance and delivery of the bonds in order that interest on the bonds not be included in gross income under Section 103 of the Code. The City has covenanted in the Tax Regulatory Agreement that it will at all times perform all acts and things necessary or appropriate under any valid provision of law to ensure that interest paid on the bonds shall not be included in the gross income of the owners thereof for Federal income tax purposes under the Code.

In our opinion, under existing statutes and court decisions, interest on the bonds is not included in the gross income of the owners thereof for purposes of Federal income taxation pursuant to Section 103 of the Code and is not treated as a preference item for purposes of computing the Federal alternative minimum tax. Interest on the bonds is, however, includable in the adjusted current earnings of a corporation (as defined for federal income tax purposes) for purposes of computing the Federal alternative minimum tax imposed on corporations. We express no opinion regarding other Federal income tax consequences caused by ownership or disposition of, or receipt of interest on, the bonds.

In rendering the foregoing opinions regarding the Federal income tax treatment of interest on the bonds, we have relied upon and assumed (i) the material accuracy of the representations, statements of intention and expectations, and certifications of fact contained in the Tax Regulatory Agreement, and (ii) continuing compliance by the City with the covenants and procedures set forth in the Tax Regulatory Agreement as to such tax matters.

We are further of the opinion that, under existing statutes, interest on the bonds is excluded from Connecticut taxable income for purposes of the Connecticut income tax on individuals, trusts and estates, and is excluded from amounts on which the net Connecticut minimum tax is based in the case of individuals, trusts and estates required to pay the Federal alternative minimum tax. We express no opinion regarding other State income tax consequences caused by ownership or disposition of, or receipt of interest on, the bonds.

The rights of owners of the bonds and the enforceability of the bonds may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium and other similar laws affecting creditors' rights generally and by application of equitable principles, whether considered at law or in equity.

This opinion is given as of the date hereof, and we assume no obligation to revise or supplement this opinion to reflect any facts or circumstances that may hereafter come to our attention, or any changes in law that may hereafter occur.

Respectfully yours,

JOSEPH FASI LLC

JOSEPH FASI LLC

56 ARBOR STREET, SUITE 418
HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT 06106

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

TELEPHONE (860)296-0510 FACSIMILE (860)296-0541

FORM OF OPINION OF BOND COUNSEL – Series B Taxable

City of Norwich Norwich, Connecticut

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have represented the City of Norwich, Connecticut as bond counsel with respect to the issuance and sale of \$1,140,000 City of Norwich, Connecticut General Obligation Bonds, Issue of 2015, Series B, **Taxable** Bonds, bearing a Dated Date of March 3, 2015 and an Original Issue Date of March 3, 2015 (the "bonds").

We have examined a record of the proceedings authorizing the bonds and other proofs submitted to us.

The bonds are not subject to redemption prior to maturity. The bonds are originally registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of The Depository Trust Company, to effect a book-entry system for the ownership and transfer of the bonds, and are certified by U.S. Bank National Association, Hartford, Connecticut (the "Certifying Agent").

We have not been engaged or undertaken to review the accuracy, completeness or sufficiency of the Official Statement or other offering material relating to the bonds (except to the extent, if any, stated in the Official Statement) and we express no opinion relating thereto.

We are of the opinion that such proceedings and proofs show lawful authority for the issuance and sale of the bonds under authority of the constitution and statutes of the State of Connecticut and that when certified by the Certifying Agent the bonds are valid and binding general obligations of the City of Norwich payable both principal and interest from ad valorem taxes which may be levied on all taxable property subject to taxation by the City without limitation as to rate or amount except as to classified property such as certified forest land taxable at a limited rate and dwelling houses of qualified elderly persons of low income or of qualified disabled persons taxable at limited amounts. There was, however, no such certified forest land on the last completed grand list of the City and under existing statutes the State of Connecticut is obligated to pay the City the amount of tax revenue which the City would have received except for the limitation upon its power to tax such dwelling houses.

In our opinion, under existing statutes and court decisions, interest on the bonds is included in the gross income of the owners thereof for purposes of Federal income taxation pursuant to Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). We

City of Norwich Page 2

express no opinion regarding other Federal income tax consequences caused by ownership or disposition of, or receipt of interest on, the bonds. Each owner of the bonds should seek advice based on its particular circumstances from an independent tax advisor.

We are further of the opinion that, under existing statutes, interest on the bonds is excluded from Connecticut taxable income for purposes of the Connecticut income tax on individuals, trusts and estates, and is excluded from amounts on which the net Connecticut minimum tax is based in the case of individuals, trusts and estates required to pay the Federal alternative minimum tax. We express no opinion regarding other State income tax consequences caused by ownership or disposition of, or receipt of interest on, the bonds.

The rights of owners of the bonds and the enforceability of the bonds may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium and other similar laws affecting creditors' rights generally and by application of equitable principles, whether considered at law or in equity.

This opinion is given as of the date hereof, and we assume no obligation to revise or supplement this opinion to reflect any facts or circumstances that may hereafter come to our attention, or any changes in law that may hereafter occur.

Respectfully yours,

JOSEPH FASI LLC

TAX MATTERS – Series A Tax Exempt Bonds

Opinion of Bond Counsel

The Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), imposes certain requirements which must be met subsequent to delivery of the Series A Bonds in order that interest on the Series A Bonds not be included in gross income under Section 103 of the Code. The Tax Regulatory Agreement, which will be executed and delivered by the Issuer concurrently with the Series A Bonds, contains representations, covenants and procedures relating to the use, expenditure and investment of proceeds of the Series A Bonds in order to comply with such requirements of the Code. Pursuant to the Tax Regulatory Agreement, the Issuer also covenants and agrees that it shall perform all things necessary or appropriate under any valid provision of law to ensure interest on the Series A Bonds shall not be included in gross income of owners thereof for purposes of Federal income taxation under the Code. Failure to comply with the continuing requirements of the Code may cause the interest on the Series A Bonds to be included in gross income for federal income tax purposes retroactively to the date of issuance of the Series A Bonds irrespective of the date on which non compliance occurs. In rendering its opinion, Bond Counsel relies on the continuing compliance by the City with the Tax Regulatory Agreement.

In the opinion of Bond Counsel, based on existing statutes and court decisions and assuming continuing compliance by the Issuer with its covenants and the procedures contained in the Tax Regulatory Agreement, interest on the Series A Bonds is not included in the gross income of the owners thereof for purposes of Federal income taxation and is not treated as a preference item for purposes of computing the Federal alternative minimum tax. Interest on the Bonds is, however, includable in the adjusted current earnings of corporations (as defined for federal income tax purposes) for purposes of computing the Federal alternative minimum tax on corporations.

In the opinion of Bond Counsel, based on existing statutes, interest on the Series A Bonds is excluded from Connecticut taxable income for purposes of the Connecticut income tax on individuals, trusts and estates, and is excluded from amounts on which the net Connecticut minimum tax is based in the case of individuals, trusts and estates required to pay the Federal alternative minimum tax. Prospective purchasers of the Series A Bonds are advised to consult their own tax advisors regarding the state and local tax consequences of ownership and disposition of the Series A Bonds.

Bond Counsel expresses no opinion regarding any other Federal or State tax consequences of ownership or disposition of the Series A Bonds.

Additional Tax Matters

The following is a brief discussion of certain Additional Tax Matters associated with purchase and ownership of the Series A Bonds. Bond Counsel's opinion does not address these

issues (see opinion above) and prospective purchasers are advised to consult their own tax advisors regarding federal and state consequences of ownership and disposition of the Bonds.

Ownership of tax exempt obligations such as the Series A Bonds may result in certain collateral Federal income tax consequences to certain taxpayers, including, without limitation, financial institutions, property and casualty insurance companies, certain foreign corporations doing business in the United States, certain S corporations with excess passive income, individual recipients of Social Security and Railroad Retirement benefits and taxpayers who have or are deemed to have incurred indebtedness to purchase or carry tax exempt obligations, such as the Series A Bonds. Prospective purchasers of the Series A Bonds, particularly those who may be subject to special rules, are advised to consult their own tax advisors regarding the Federal tax consequences of ownership and disposition of the Series A Bonds.

Original Issue Discount and Premium

The following is a general discussion of Original Issue Discount and Premium and not an opinion of Bond Counsel. Prospective Investors are advised to consult their own tax advisors regarding original issue discount and original issue premium in connection with their ownership and disposition of the Bonds.

The initial public offering prices of certain maturities of the Series A Bonds (the "OID Bonds") may be less than their stated principal amounts. Under existing law, the difference between the stated principal amount and the initial offering price of each maturity of the OID Bonds to the public (excluding bond houses and brokers) at which a substantial amount of such maturity of the OID Bonds is sold will constitute original issue discount ("OID"). Based solely on information provided by the Underwriters, the offering prices relating to the yields set forth on the cover page of this Official Statement for the OID Bonds are expected to be the initial offering prices to the public at which a substantial amount of each maturity of the OID Bonds are sold. Under existing law OID on the Series A Bonds accrued and properly allocable to the owners thereof under the Code is not included in gross income for federal income tax purposes if interest on the Series A Bonds is not included in gross income for federal income tax purposes.

In general, however, under the Code, for purposes of determining an owner's adjusted basis in an OID Bond, OID treated as having accrued while the owner holds the OID Bond will be added to the owner's basis. OID will accrue on a constant-yield-to-maturity method based on regular compounding. The owner's adjusted basis will be used to determine taxable gain or loss upon the sale or other disposition (including redemption or payment at maturity) of an OID Bond. For certain corporations (as defined for federal income tax purposes) a portion of the original issue discount that accrues in each year to such an owner of an OID Bond will be included in the calculation of the corporation's federal alternative minimum tax liability. As a result, ownership of an OID Bond by such a corporation may result in an alternative minimum tax liability even though such owner has not received a corresponding cash payment.

Prospective purchasers of OID Bonds, including those not purchasing a Series A Bond at its initial public offering, should consult their own tax advisors as to the calculation of accrued OID, the accrual of OID in the cases of owners of the OID Bonds purchasing such Series A

Bonds after the initial offering and sale, and the federal, state and local tax consequences of owning or disposing of such OID Bonds.

Original Issue Premium

The initial public offering prices of certain maturities of the Series A Bonds (the "OIP Bonds") may be more than their stated principal amounts. An owner who purchases a Series A Bond at a premium to its principal amount must amortize bond premium as provided in applicable Treasury Regulations, and amortized premium reduces the owner's basis in the Series A Bond for federal income tax purposes. Prospective purchasers of OIP Bonds should consult their own tax advisors regarding the treatment of bond premium for federal, state and local income tax purposes, including special rules regarding the consequences of ownership, amortization of bond premium, basis, and gain or loss from the sale or exchange of OIP Bonds.

TAX MATTERS – Series B Taxable Bonds

In the opinion of Bond Counsel, under existing statutes, interest on the Series B Taxable Bonds is **included** in the gross income of the owners thereof for purposes of Federal income taxation pursuant to Section 103 of the Code. We express no opinion regarding other Federal income tax consequences caused by ownership or disposition of, or receipt of interest on, the Series B Taxable Bonds.

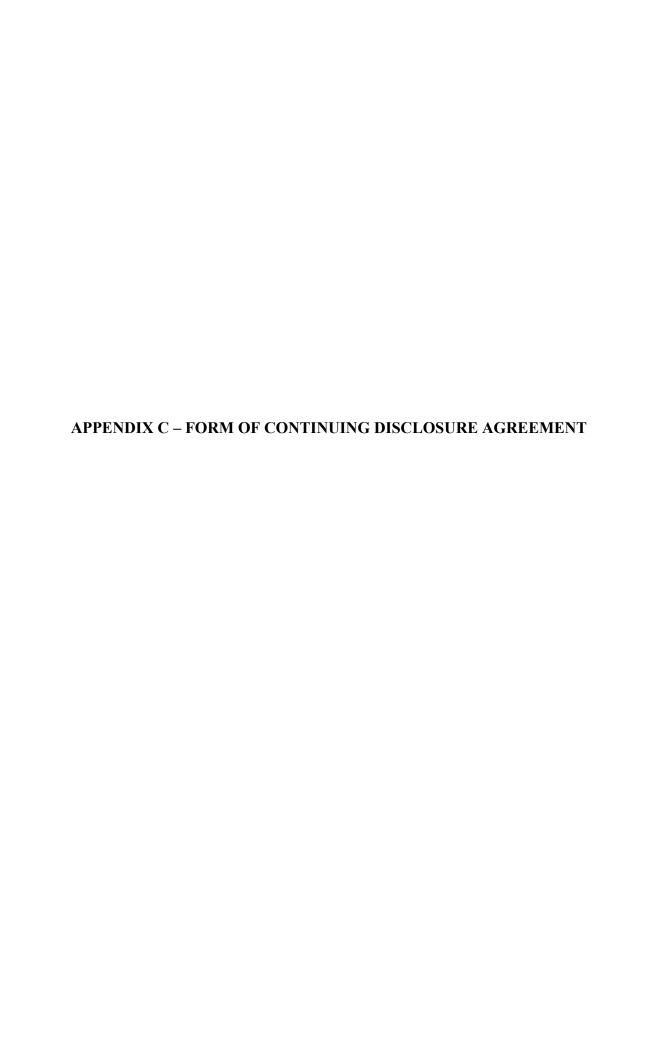
We are further of the opinion that, under existing statutes, interest on the Series B Taxable Bonds is **excluded** from Connecticut taxable income for purposes of the Connecticut income tax on individuals, trusts and estates, and is **excluded** from amounts on which the net Connecticut minimum tax is based in the case of individuals, trusts and estates required to pay the Federal alternative minimum tax. We express no opinion regarding other State income tax consequences caused by ownership or disposition of, or receipt of interest on, the Series B Taxable Bonds.

Prospective purchasers of the Series B Taxable Bonds, including those not purchasing a Series B Taxable Bonds at its initial public offering, and particularly those who may be subject to special rules, are advised to consult their own tax advisors regarding the Federal, State and local tax consequences of owning and disposing of the Series B Taxable Bonds, including purchasing bonds at an original issue discount or premium, amortization of bond premium, basis and gain or loss from the sale, exchange or other disposition of the Series B Bonds.

FUTURE EVENTS

The Federal and State tax treatment of municipal bonds is determined by Federal, state and local legislation, administrative pronouncements and court decisions. For example, recent Federal legislative proposals have been introduced into Congress which, if enacted, would eliminate or curtail the exclusion from gross income of interest paid on municipal bonds or have other collateral tax consequences that will adversely affect their tax treatment, including limiting the exclusion from gross income on tax exempt bonds for higher income taxpayers. Current ongoing Federal budget discussions include such proposals. The enactment of such proposals

may adversely affect the tax treatment of: the interest paid on the Bonds, their sale or disposition, market price, marketability, or otherwise prevent Beneficial Owners from receiving the full current tax benefit of ownership. There can be no assurance that changes of law by Federal or State governments will not occur or that they will not be made retroactive. Bond Counsel does not opine as to post issuance acts, including changes of law. Prospective purchases and Beneficial Owners should consult their own tax advisors regarding pending or proposed law changes.





CONTINUING DISCLOSURE AGREEMENT

By The

CITY OF NORWICH, CONNECTICUT

Dated As Of March 3, 2015

In Connection With The Issuance And Sale Of

City Of Norwich, Connecticut

\$5,600,000 General Obligation Bonds, Issue of 2015, Series A, Capital Project Bonds

And

\$1,140,000 General Obligation Bonds, Issue of 2015, Series B, Taxable Bonds

Dated March 3, 2015

WHEREAS, the City of Norwich, Connecticut (the "Issuer") has heretofore authorized the issuance of \$5,600,000 in aggregate principal amount of its General Obligation Bonds, Issue of 2015, Series A and \$1,140,000 in aggregate principal amount of its **Taxable** General Obligation Bonds, Issue of 2015, Series B (collectively, the "Bonds") to be dated March 3, 2015 and to mature in the principal amounts and on the dates set forth in the Issuer's Official Statement describing the Bonds (the "Official Statement"); and

WHEREAS, the Issuer acknowledges that an underwriter may not purchase or sell the Bonds unless it has reasonably determined that the Issuer has undertaken in a written agreement for the benefit of the beneficial owners of the Bonds to provide certain continuing disclosure information as required by Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12(b)(5) as amended from time to time (the "Rule"), and the Issuer desires to assist the underwriter of the Bonds in complying with the Rule; and

WHEREAS, the Issuer is authorized pursuant to Public Act 95-270 enacted by the Connecticut General Assembly to make representations and agreements for the benefit of the beneficial owners of the Bonds to meet the requirements of the Rule; and

WHEREAS, in order to assist the underwriter of the Bonds in complying with the Rule, this Continuing Disclosure Agreement is to be made, executed and delivered in connection with the issuance of the Bonds, all for the benefit of the beneficial owners of the Bonds, as they may be from time to time;

NOW, THEREFORE, THE ISSUER HEREBY REPRESENTS, COVENANTS AND AGREES AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. <u>Definitions</u>. In addition to the terms defined above, the following capitalized terms shall have the meanings ascribed thereto:

"Annual Report" shall mean any Annual Report provided by the Issuer pursuant to, and as described in, Sections 2 and 3 of this Continuing Disclosure Agreement.

"Fiscal Year End" shall mean the last day of the Issuer's fiscal year, currently June 30.

"Listed Events" shall mean any of the events listed in Section 4 of this Continuing Disclosure Agreement.

"MSRB" shall mean the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board established under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or any successor thereto. For purposes of this agreement, continuing disclosure information will be filed where approved from time to time by the MSRB, and which as of the date hereof means:

http://emma.msrb.org

Section 2. <u>Annual Reports</u>.

- A. The Issuer shall provide or cause to be provided to the MSRB, the following annual financial information and operating data regarding the Issuer:
 - 1) Audited financial statements as of and for the year ending on its Fiscal Year End for the general fund, capital projects funds and special revenue funds, prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board from time to time or mandated state statutory principles as in effect from time to time; and
 - 2) Financial information and operating data as of and for the year ending on its Fiscal Year End of the following type to the extent not included in the audited financial statements described in 1) above:
 - (a) the amounts of the gross and net taxable grand list;
 - (b) a listing of the ten largest taxpayers on the grand list, together with each such taxpayer's taxable valuation thereon;
 - (c) the percentage or amount of the annual property tax levy collected and uncollected;
 - (d) a schedule of the annual debt service on outstanding long-term bonded indebtedness;

- (e) a calculation of the direct debt, net direct debt and overall net debt (reflecting overlapping and underlying debt);
 - (f) the direct debt and overall net debt of the Issuer per capita;
- (g) the ratios of direct debt and overall net debt of the Issuer to the Issuer's equalized net (taxable) grand list;
 - (h) a statement of statutory debt limitations and debt margins;
 - (i) the funding status of the Issuer's pension benefit obligation.
- B. The above-referenced information is expected to be provided by the filing of and cross reference to the Issuer's Annual Report. The information may be provided in whole or in part by cross-reference to other documents provided to the MSRB, including official statements of the Issuer which will be available from the MSRB. The information will be provided in an electronic format and accompanied by identifying information as prescribed by the MSRB
- C. Subject to the requirements of Section 8 hereof, the Issuer reserves the right to modify from time to time the specific types of information or data provided or the format of the presentation of such information or data, to the extent necessary or appropriate; provided that the Issuer agrees that any such modification will be done in a manner consistent with the Rule. The Issuer also reserves the right to modify the preparation and presentation of financial statements described herein as may be required to conform with changes in Connecticut law applicable to municipalities or any changes in generally accepted accounting principles, as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board from time to time.
- Section 3. <u>Timing</u>. The Issuer shall provide the information and data referenced in Section 2(A) not later than eight months after each Fiscal Year End subsequent to the date of issuance of the bonds, provided, however, that if such financial information and data for the Fiscal Year End preceding the date of issuance of the Bonds is not contained in the Official Statement for the Bonds or has not otherwise been previously provided, the Issuer shall provide such information and data no later than eight months after the close of such preceding Fiscal Year End. The Issuer agrees that if audited information is not available eight months after the close of any Fiscal Year End, it shall submit unaudited information by such time and will submit audited information within a reasonable time.
- Section 4. <u>Event Notices</u>. The Issuer agrees to provide or cause to be provided, in a timely manner not in excess of 10 business days after the occurrence of the event to the MSRB, notice of the occurrence of any of the following events:
 - a) principal and interest payment delinquencies;
 - b) non-payment related defaults, if material;

- c) unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties;
- d) unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties;
- e) substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform;
- f) adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the Internal Revenue Service of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB) or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax status of the security, or other material events affecting the tax status of the security;
 - g) modifications to rights of security holders, if material;
 - h) bond calls, if material, and tender offers;
 - i) defeasances;
- j) release, substitution or sale of property securing repayment of the securities, if material:
 - k) rating changes;
 - l) bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of the Issuer;
- m) the consummation of a merger, consolidation or acquisition involving the Issuer or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the Issuer, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms, if material;
- n) appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of a trustee, if material.
- Section 5. <u>Notice of Failure</u>. The Issuer agrees to provide or cause to be provided, in a timely manner, to the MSRB, notice of any failure by the Issuer to provide the annual financial information described in Section 2.A of this Continuing Disclosure Agreement.
- Section 6. <u>Termination of Reporting Obligation</u>. The Issuer's obligations under this Continuing Disclosure Agreement shall terminate upon the defeasance, prior redemption or payment in full of all of the Bonds.

Section 7. <u>Agent.</u> The Issuer may, from time to time, appoint or engage an agent to assist it in carrying out its obligations under this Continuing Disclosure Agreement, and may discharge any such agent, with or without appointing a successor agent.

Section 8. Amendment; Waiver. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Continuing Disclosure Agreement, the Issuer may amend this Continuing Disclosure Agreement, and any provision of this Continuing Disclosure Agreement may be waived, if such amendment or waiver is made in connection with a change in circumstances that arises from a change in legal requirements, a change in law, or a change in the identity, nature or status of the Issuer, and is supported by an opinion of counsel expert in federal securities laws, to the effect that (i) such amendment or waiver would not materially adversely affect the beneficial owners of the Bonds and (ii) the Agreement as so amended would have complied with the requirements of the Rule as of the date of the Agreement, taking into account any amendments or interpretations of the Rule as well as any changes in circumstances. A copy of any such amendment will be filed in a timely manner with the MSRB. The annual financial information provided on the first date following adoption of any such amendment will explain, in narrative form, the reasons for the amendment and the impact of the change in the type of operating or financial information provided.

Section 9. <u>Additional Information</u>. Nothing in this Continuing Disclosure Agreement shall be deemed to prevent the Issuer from disseminating any other information, using the means of dissemination set forth in this Continuing Disclosure Agreement or any other means of communication, or including any other information in any Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Listed Event, in addition to that which is required by this Continuing Disclosure Agreement. If the Issuer chooses to include any information in any Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Listed Event in addition to that which is specifically required by this Continuing Disclosure Agreement, the Issuer shall have no obligation under this Continuing Disclosure Agreement to update such information or include it in any future Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Listed Event.

Section 10. <u>Indemnification</u>. The Issuer agrees to indemnify and save its officers, directors, employees and agents, harmless against any loss, expense and liabilities which it may incur arising out of or in the exercise or performance of its powers and duties hereunder, including the costs and expenses (including attorneys fees) of defending against any claim of liability, but excluding liabilities due to any agent's negligence or misconduct. The obligations of the Issuer under this Section shall survive resignation or removal of any agent and payment of the Bonds.

Section 11. <u>Enforceability</u>. The Issuer agrees that its undertaking pursuant to the Rule set forth in this Continuing Disclosure Agreement is intended to be for the benefit and enforceable by the beneficial owners of the Bonds. In the event the Issuer shall fail to perform its duties hereunder, the Issuer shall have the option to cure such failure after its receipt of written notice from any beneficial owner of the Bonds of such failure. In the event the Issuer does not cure such failure, the right of any beneficial owner of the Bonds to enforce the provisions of this undertaking shall be limited to a right to obtain specific enforcement of the Issuer's obligations hereunder. No monetary damages shall arise or be payable hereunder nor

shall any failure to comply with this Agreement constitute default of the Issuer with respect to the Bonds.

[Signature Page Follows]

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE AGREEMENT

By The

CITY OF NORWICH, CONNECTICUT

Dated As Of March 3, 2015

In Connection With The Issuance And Sale Of

City Of Norwich, Connecticut

\$5,600,000 General Obligation Bonds, Issue of 2015, Series A, Capital Project Bonds

And

\$1,140,000 General Obligation Bonds, Issue of 2015, Series B, Taxable Bonds

Dated March 3, 2015

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Issuer has caused this Continuing Disclosure Agreement to be executed in its name by its undersigned officers, duly authorized, all as of the date first above written.

CITY OF NORWICH, CONNECTICUT

By	
	John Bilda
	Acting City Manager
Ву	
	Joshua A. Pothier
	Comptroller



APPENDIX D – NOTIO	CE OF SALE AND BID FORMS



NOTICE OF SALE

CITY OF NORWICH, CONNECTICUT

\$6,740,000 GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS, ISSUE OF 2015

CONSISTING OF

\$5,600,000 SERIES A, CAPITAL PROJECT BONDS

AND

\$1,140,000 SERIES B, TAXABLE BONDS

ELECTRONIC BIDS via *PARITY*® only will be received by the City of Norwich, Connecticut (the "Issuer"), at the offices of Joseph Fasi LLC, Bond Counsel, 56 Arbor Street, Suite 418, Hartford, Connecticut 06106 on Wednesday, February 18, 2015 for the purchase of:

\$5,600,000 Series A, Capital Project Bonds Bonds

(the "Series A Bonds")

BANK QUALIFIED

Bid until 11:00 A.M. (E.S.T.)

And

\$1,140,000 Series B, Taxable Bonds (the "Series B Bonds")

NOT BANK QUALIFIED

Bid until 11:30 A.M. (E.S.T.)

(collectively referred to in this Notice of Sale as the "Bonds")

Separate forms of proposal will be provided for the Bonds of each Series. Bidders may submit proposals for either Series of the Bonds, and are not required to submit proposals for both.

Unless otherwise provided provisions regarding the Bonds in this Notice of Sale apply separately to the Series A Bonds and Series B Bonds.

Tax Exempt Series A Bonds

The Series A Bonds will be dated March 3, 2015, and will mature and become payable on August 1 in each of the years and in the principal amounts as follows:

Year	Amount	Year	Amount
2015	\$250,000	2025	\$250,000
2016	\$350,000	2026	\$250,000
2017	\$350,000	2027	\$250,000
2018	\$350,000	2028	\$250,000
2019	\$350,000	2029	\$250,000
2020	\$350,000	2030	\$250,000
2021	\$275,000	2031	\$250,000
2022	\$275,000	2032	\$250,000
2023	\$275,000	2033	\$250,000
2024	\$275,000	2034	\$250,000

bearing interest payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1 in each year until maturity, commencing August 1, 2015.

Taxable Series B Bonds

The Series B Bonds will be dated March 3, 2015, and will mature and become payable on August 1 in each of the years and in the principal amounts as follows:

Year	Amount	Year	Amount
2015	\$115,000	2020	\$115,000
2016	\$115,000	2021	\$115,000
2017	\$115,000	2022	\$115,000
2018	\$115,000	2023	\$110,000
2019	\$115,000	2024	\$110,000

bearing interest payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1 in each year until maturity, commencing August 1, 2015. The Series B Bonds are not subject to redemption.

<u>Redemption</u> – Tax Exempt Series A Bonds

The Series A Bonds maturing on or before August 1, 2024 are not subject to redemption prior to maturity. The Series A Bonds maturing on August 1, 2025 and thereafter are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the election of the Issuer, on and after August 1, 2024, at any time, in whole or in part, and by lot within a maturity, in such amounts and in such order of maturity as the Issuer may determine, at the redemption price or prices (expressed as a percentage of the principal amount of the Series A Bonds to be redeemed) set forth in the following table, plus interest accrued and unpaid to the redemption date:

Redemption Price

From: August 1, 2024 and thereafter

100%

Redemption – Series B Bonds

The Series B Bonds are not subject to redemption prior to maturity.

Registration

The Bonds will be issued by means of a book-entry system with no physical distribution of bond certificates made to the public. The Bonds will be issued in registered form and one bond certificate for each maturity will be issued to The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York (DTC), registered in the name of its nominee, Cede & Co., and immobilized in their custody. The book-entry system will evidence ownership of the Bonds in principal amounts of \$5,000 or integral multiples thereof, with transfers of ownership effected on the records of DTC and its participants pursuant to rules and procedures adopted by DTC and its participants. The winning bidders, as a condition to delivery of the Bonds, will be required to deposit the bond certificates with DTC, registered in the name of Cede & Co. Principal of and interest on the Bonds will be payable by the Issuer or its agent in same-day funds to DTC or its nominee as registered owner of the Bonds. Transfer of principal and interest payments to participants of DTC will be the responsibility of DTC; transfer of principal and interest payments to beneficial owners by participants of DTC will be the responsibility of such participants and other nominees of beneficial owners. The Issuer will not be responsible or liable for payments by DTC to its participants or by DTC participants to beneficial owners or for maintaining, supervising or reviewing the records maintained by DTC, its participants or persons acting through such participants.

Submitting Proposals

A separate proposal must be submitted for the purchase of the Bonds of each Series and proposals for purchase of Bonds of each Series must be in the form of proposal attached hereto. Bidders may submit proposals for Series A, Series B, or both Series. Each bid must be for the entire \$5,600,000 of bonds of Series A or the entire \$1,140,000 of bonds of Series B, must specify the rate or rates of interest therefor in a multiple of 1/20 or 1/8 of 1% per annum, provided such bid shall not state (a) more than one interest rate for any Bonds having like maturity, or (b) any interest rate for any Bonds which exceeds the interest rate stated in the proposal for any other Bonds by more than 2%. Interest shall be computed on the basis of 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months. No bid for less than par and accrued interest will be considered.

Electronic Proposals Bidding Procedure. Electronic bids for the purchase of the Bonds must be submitted through the facilities of *PARITY*® until 11:00 A.M. (E.S.T.) for the Series A Bonds and until 11:30 A.M. (E.S.T.) for the Series B Bonds on Wednesday, February 18, 2015. Any prospective bidder must be a subscriber of i-Deal's BiDCOMP competitive bidding system. Further information about *PARITY*®, including any fee charged, may be obtained from *PARITY*®, c/o i-Deal LLC, 1359 Broadway, 2nd Floor New York, New York 10018, Attention:

Customer Support (telephone: (212) 849-5021 - email notice: parity@i-deal.com). The Issuer neither will confirm any subscription nor be responsible for any failure of a prospective bidder to subscribe.

Once an electronic bid made through the facilities of *PARITY*[®] is communicated to the Issuer, it shall constitute an irrevocable offer, in response to this Notice, and shall be binding upon the bidder as if made by the signed, sealed bid delivered to the Issuer. By submitting a bid for the Bonds via *PARITY*[®], the bidder represents and warrants to the Issuer that such bidder's bid for the purchase of the Bonds is submitted for and on behalf of such prospective bidder by an officer or agent who is duly authorized to bind the prospective bidder by an irrevocable offer and that acceptance of such bid by the Issuer will bind the bidder by a legal, valid and enforceable contract, for the purchase of the Bonds on the terms described in this Notice. The Issuer shall not be responsible for any malfunction or mistake made by, or as a result of the use of the facilities of *PARITY*[®], or the inaccuracies of any information, including bid information or worksheets supplied by *PARITY*[®], the use of *PARITY*[®] facilities being the sole risk of the prospective bidder. Each Bidder is solely responsible for knowing the terms of the sale as set forth herein.

Disclaimer. Each of **PARITY**® prospective electronic bidders shall be solely responsible to make necessary arrangements to access **PARITY**[®] for the purpose of submitting its bid in a timely manner and in compliance with the requirements of this Notice. Neither the Issuer nor **PARITY**® shall have any duty or obligation to undertake such arrangements to bid for any prospective bidder or to provide or assure such access to any prospective bidder, and neither the Issuer or **PARITY**® shall be responsible for a bidder's failure to make a bid or for the proper operation of, or have any liability for any delays or interruptions of, or any damages caused by, **PARITY**[®]. The Issuer is using **PARITY**[®] as a communication mechanism, and not as the Issuer's agent, to conduct the electronic bidding for the Bonds. The Issuer is not bound by any advice and determination of **PARITY**® to the effect that any particular bid complies with the terms of this Notice and in particular the bid requirements herein set forth. All cost and expenses incurred by prospective bidders in connection with their subscription to, arrangements with and submission of bids via *PARITY*® are the sole responsibility of the bidders; and the Issuer is not responsible directly or indirectly, for any of such costs or expenses. If the prospective bidder encounters any difficulty in arranging to bid or submitting, modifying or withdrawing a bid for the Bonds, the prospective bidder should telephone **PARITY**® at (212) 849-5021. If any provision of this Notice shall conflict with information provided by **PARITY**[®], this Notice shall control.

For the purpose of the electronic bidding process, the time maintained on *PARITY*® shall constitute the official time.

<u>Award</u>

Unless all bids for a Series are rejected the Bonds for each Series will be awarded to the bidder offering to purchase them at the lowest <u>true interest cost</u>.

For the purposes of determining the successful bidder of each Series, the true interest cost to the Issuer will be the annual interest rate, compounded semiannually, which, when used to

discount all payments of principal and interest payable on the Bonds to March 3, 2015, the date of the Bonds, results in an amount equal to the purchase price for the Bonds, not including interest accrued to March 3, 2015, the delivery date of the Bonds. It is requested that each proposal be accompanied by a statement of the percentage of true interest cost computed and rounded to four decimal places. Such statement shall not be considered as a part of the proposal. The purchase price must be paid in Federal Funds.

The Bonds will be awarded or all bids will be rejected promptly after the bid opening and not later than 4:00 P.M. (Hartford time) on February 18, 2015. The right is reserved to reject any and all proposals and to waive any irregularity or informality with respect to any proposal.

Right to Change Timing and Terms of Sale

The right to amend this Notice of Sale at any time prior to the date and time for receipt of bids by publishing the amendments on the *PARITY*® website, is reserved. The Issuer further reserves the right to postpone the sale to another time and date in its sole discretion for any reason, including internet difficulties. The Issuer will use its best efforts to notify prospective bidders in a timely manner of any need for a postponement. If the sale is postponed, an alternative bid date will be published on Bloomberg at least 48 hours prior to such alternative bid date. Upon the establishment of an alternative bid date, any bidder may submit proposals for the purchase of the Bonds in accordance with the provisions of this Notice of Sale, as it may be amended.

Legal Opinion

The opinion of Joseph Fasi LLC, Bond Counsel, will be provided without charge and will cover the following matters: (i) the Bonds will be general obligations of the Issuer payable, unless paid from other sources, from ad valorem taxes which may be levied on all taxable property subject to taxation by the Issuer without limit as to rate or amount except as to classified property such as certified forest land taxable at a limited rate and dwelling houses of qualified elderly persons of low income or of qualified disabled persons taxable at limited amounts. There was, however, no such certified forest land on the last completed grand list of the Issuer and under existing statutes the State of Connecticut is obligated to pay to the Issuer the amount of tax revenue which the Issuer would have received except for the limitation upon its power to tax such dwelling houses; (ii) under existing statutes and court decisions interest on the Series A Bonds (a) is not included in the gross income of the owners thereof for purposes of Federal income taxation pursuant to Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), and (b) is not treated as a preference item for purposes of computing the Federal alternative minimum tax; such interest is, however, includable in the adjusted current earnings of a corporation (as defined for federal income tax purposes) for purposes of computing the Federal alternative minimum tax imposed on corporations under the Code; (iii) under existing statutes, the interest on the Series A Bonds is excluded from Connecticut taxable income for purposes of the Connecticut income tax on individuals, trusts and estates, and is excluded from amounts on which the net Connecticut minimum tax is based in the case of individuals, trusts and estates required to pay Federal alternative minimum tax.

In rendering the legal opinion, Joseph Fasi LLC will rely upon and assume the material accuracy of the representations and statements of expectation contained in the Tax Regulatory Agreement entered into by the Issuer for the benefit of the owners of the Series A Bonds, and further, will assume continuing compliance by the Issuer with the covenants and procedures set forth in such Tax Regulatory Agreement. A copy of the opinion will be printed upon each of the Bonds, and a signed opinion and transcript of proceedings will be filed with U.S. Bank National Association, in Hartford, Connecticut, and will be available for examination upon request.

The legal opinion with respect to the **taxable** bonds of **Series B** will further state that, (i) under existing statutes and court decisions, interest on the taxable bonds is **included** in the gross income of the owners thereof for purposes of Federal income taxation pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, (ii) under existing statutes, interest on the taxable bonds is **excluded** from Connecticut taxable income for purposes of the Connecticut income tax on individuals, trusts, and estates, and (iii) such interest is **excluded** from amounts on which the net Connecticut minimum tax is based in the case of individuals, trusts, and estates required to pay the Federal alternative minimum tax.

Reoffering Price Certification

IT SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE WINNING BIDDER TO CERTIFY TO THE ISSUER BEFORE DELIVERY OF THE BONDS AND IN A MANNER SATISFACTORY TO BOND COUNSEL THE PRICES AT WHICH A SUBSTANTIAL AMOUNT OF THE BONDS OF EACH MATURITY WERE INITIALLY OFFERED AND SOLD TO THE PUBLIC.

Documentation to Winning Bidders

The winning bidders will also be furnished with a signature and no litigation certificate, a receipt of payment satisfactory in form to said firm, a confirmed copy of the Official Statement prepared for this sale, a certificate signed by the appropriate officials of the Issuer relating to the accuracy and completeness of information contained in the Official Statement, and an executed continuing disclosure agreement.

Certifying/Paying Agent

The Bonds will be certified by U.S. Bank National Association.

Bank Qualification

The Series A Bonds **shall** be designated by the Issuer as qualified tax exempt obligations under the provisions of Section 265(b) of the Code for purposes of the deduction by financial institutions for interest expense allocable to the Series A Bonds.

The Series B Bonds shall NOT be designated Bank Qualified.

Delivery and Payment

The Bonds will be delivered to DTC or its Agent via "Fast" on or about March 3, 2015. The deposit of the Bonds with DTC under a book-entry system requires the assignment of CUSIP numbers prior to delivery. It shall be the responsibility of the winning bidder to obtain CUSIP numbers for the Bonds prior to delivery, and the Issuer will not be responsible for any delay occasioned by the inability to deposit the Bonds with DTC due to the failure of the winning bidder to obtain such numbers and to supply them to the Issuer in a timely manner. The Issuer assumes no responsibility for any CUSIP Service Bureau charge or other charge that may be imposed for the assignment of such numbers, including its requirement for separate CUSIPS for the Series A and Series B Bonds, which charges shall be the responsibility of and shall be paid for the purchaser.

Deemed Final; Pricing Information

The Official Statement is in a form "deemed final" by the Issuer for purposes of SEC Rule 15c2-12(b)(1), but is subject to revision or amendment. The Issuer will provide to the winning bidder 15 copies of the Official Statement prepared at the Issuer's expense and delivered not later than seven business days after the bid opening. Additional copies may be obtained by the winning bidder at its own expense by arrangement with the printer. If the Issuer's financial advisor is provided with the necessary information from the winning bidder by noon of the day after the bid opening, the copies of the Official Statement will include an additional cover page and other pages, if necessary, indicating the interest rates, rating, yields or reoffering prices, the name of the managing underwriter, and the name of the insurer, if any, of the Bonds.

Continuing Disclosure

The Issuer will undertake in a Continuing Disclosure Agreement entered into in accordance with the requirements of Rule 15c2-12(b)(5), promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission, to provide (i) certain annual financial information and operating data, including audited financial statements; (ii) timely notice of the occurrence of certain material events with respect to the Bonds; and (iii) timely notice of its failure to provide such annual financial information. The winning bidder's obligation to purchase the Bonds shall be conditioned upon its receiving, at or prior to the delivery of the Bonds, an executed copy of the Continuing Disclosure Agreement for the Bonds.

More Information

For more information regarding this issue and the Issuer, reference is made to the Official Statement. Bid forms and copies of the Official Statement dated February 4, 2015, may be obtained from William Blair & Company, L.L.C., 222 West Adams Street, Chicago, Illinois 60606, (312) 364-8292.

John Bilda Acting City Manager

Joshua A. Pothier	
Comptroller	

February 4, 2015

(See attached for form of Proposal for Bonds)

PROPOSAL FOR BONDS

\$5,600,000 **SERIES A**, CAPITAL PROJECT BONDS

February 18, 2015

John Bilda, Acting City Manager Joshua A. Pothier, Comptroller City of Norwich c/o offices of Joseph Fasi LLC, Bond Counsel 56 Arbor Street, Suite 418 Hartford, Connecticut 06106

Gentlemen:

Subject to the provisions of the Notice of Sale dated February 4, 2015, which Notice is made a part of this proposal, we offer to purchase all \$5,600,000 bonds of the City of Norwich, Connecticut comprising the issue described in said notice and to pay therefor par and accrued interest to date of delivery, plus a premium of \$_______, provided that the bonds maturing in the several years set forth below shall bear interest from their date until maturity at the respective rates per annum stated in the following table:

Year of Maturity	Principal Amount	Interest Rate	Year of Maturity	Principal Amount	Interest Rate
2015	\$250,000	%	2025	\$250,000	%
2016	\$350,000		2026	\$250,000	
2017	\$350,000		2027	\$250,000	
2018	\$350,000		2028	\$250,000	
2019	\$350,000		2029	\$250,000	
2020	\$350,000		2030	\$250,000	
2021	\$275,000		2031	\$250,000	
2022	\$275,000		2032	\$250,000	
2023	\$275,000		2033	\$250,000	
2024	\$275,000	%	2034	\$250,000	%
(Name of Bi	idder)		(Mailing Addre	ss)	
			(Telephone Nur	mber)	
(Authorized	Signature)		(Facsimile Num	nber)	

The following is our computation of the interest cost, made as provided in the abovementioned Notice of Sale, but not constituting any part of the foregoing proposal, for the purchase of \$5,600,000 bonds under the foregoing proposal:

Gross Interest	\$
Less Premium Bid Over Par	\$
Net Interest Cost	\$
Percent True Interest Cost	
	(Four Decimals)

PROPOSAL FOR BONDS

\$1,140,000 **SERIES B**, TAXABLE BONDS

February 18, 2015

John Bilda, Acting City Manager Joshua A. Pothier, Comptroller City of Norwich c/o offices of Joseph Fasi LLC, Bond Counsel 56 Arbor Street, Suite 418 Hartford, Connecticut 06106

Gentlemen:

Subject to the provisions of the Notice of Sale dated February 4, 2015, which Notice is made a part of this proposal, we offer to purchase all \$1,140,000 bonds of the City of Norwich, Connecticut comprising the issue described in said notice and to pay therefor par and accrued interest to date of delivery, plus a premium of \$______, provided that the bonds maturing in the several years set forth below shall bear interest from their date until maturity at the respective rates per annum stated in the following table:

Year of Maturity	Principal Amount	Interest Rate	Year of Maturity	Principal Amount	Interest Rate
2015	\$115,000	%	2020	\$115,000	%
2016	\$115,000		2021	\$115,000	
2017	\$115,000		2022	\$115,000	
2018	\$115,000		2023	\$110,000	_{0/0}
2019	\$115,000		2024	\$110,000	
(Name of Bi	idder)		(Mailing Addre	ss)	
			(Telephone Nur	mber)	
(Authorized	Signature)		(Facsimile Num	nber)	

The following is our computation of the interest cost, made as provided in the above-mentioned Notice of Sale, but not constituting any part of the foregoing proposal, for the purchase of \$1,140,000 bonds under the foregoing proposal:

Gross Interest	\$
Less Premium Bid Over Par	\$
Net Interest Cost	\$
Percent True Interest Cost	9/0
	(Four Decimals)